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#### **Contact information:**

#### Headquarters:

ams AG

Tobelbaderstrasse 30

8141 Unterpremstaetten, Austria

Tel: +43 (0) 3136 500 0

e-Mail: ams\_sales@ams.com

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Please visit our website at www.ams.com



## **AS3635**

### Xenon Flash Driver with 5V IGBT Control

## **General Description**

The AS3635 is a highly integrated photoflash charger with build in IGBT driver.

A build in 5V charge-pump guaranties constant IGBT drive at any battery voltage. The build in timer turns off the charge-pump 20 seconds after charging.

In circuit fuse trimming allows to set the voltage on the photoflash capacitor to ±3% accuracy.

The AS3635 is available in a space-saving WL-CSP package measuring only 1.5mm x 1.5mm and operates over the -30°C to +85°C temperature range.

Warning: Lethal voltages are present on applications using AS3635! Do not operate without training to handle high voltages.

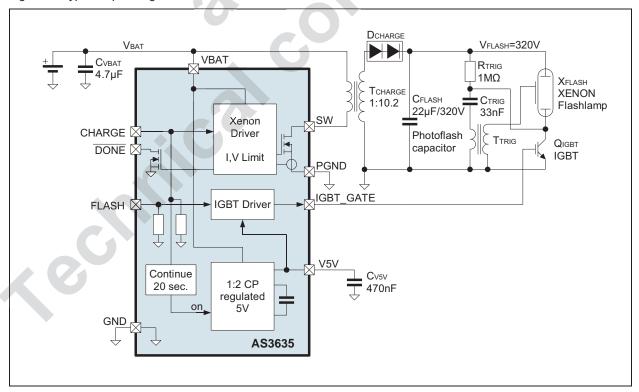
Figure 1. Typical Operating Circuit

## 2 Key Features

- Build in 5V charge-pump for IGBT gate drive
- Photoflash voltage accuracy programmable to ±3% (in circuit One Time Programmable - OTP)
- Trip voltage accuracy ±1.5%
- Small Size 1.5mm x 1.5mm x 0.6mm
- PCB: No microvias need
- Average input current < 320mA
- Few external components
  - No Schottky-Diode needed
  - No output voltage divider needed
- Reliable Flash on/off for IGBT timing.
- Charge time < 4sec @ Vbat>2.7V, CFLASH =22µF
- Charge complete indicator
- Undervoltage lockout
- Available in a tiny WL-CSP Package 3x3 balls 0.5mm pitch, 1.5x1.5mm package size

# **Applications**

Xenon Flash driver for mobile phones, PDA and DSC

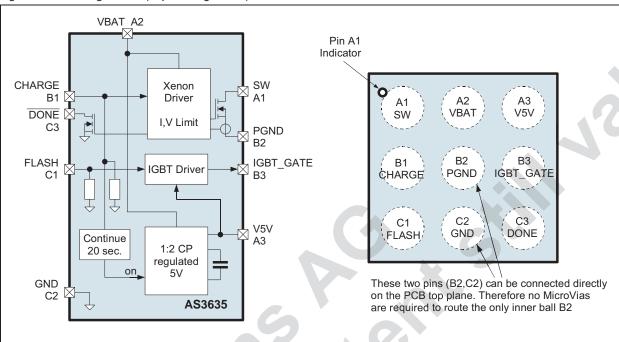




## 4 Pinout

## **Pin Assignment**

Figure 2. Pin Assignments (Top Through View)



## **Pin Description**

Table 1. Pin Description for AS3635

Pin Number	Pin Name	Description
A1	SW	Xenon DCDC converter switching node
A2	VBAT	Positive supply voltage input
A3	V5V	5V charge pump output
B1	CHARGE	Digital input pin, active high - enables charging of photoflash capacitor
B2	PGND	Power ground - connect to ground (GND)
В3	IGBT_GATE	IGBT gate control - internally level shifted to 5V (from pin V5V)
C1	FLASH	Digital input pin, active high - Enables flash (level shifted to IGBT_GATE)
C2	GND	Signal ground - connect to ground (GND)
C3	DONE	Digital open drain output, active low - indicates end of charging



# 5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses beyond those listed in Table 2 may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in Table 3, "Electrical Characteristics," on page 4 is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Min	Max	Units	Comments
VBAT, V5V to GND	-0.3	+7.0	V	
CHARGE, DONE, FLASH to GND	-0.3	VBAT + 0.3	٧	maximum 7.0V
IGBT_GATE to GND	-0.3	V5V + 0.3	V	
SW to PGND	-0.3	+55.0	V	
PGND to GND	0.0	0.0	٧	Connect PGND to GND directly below the pad (short connection recommended)
Input Pin Current without causing latchup	-100	+100 +IIN	mA	Norm: EIA/JESD78
Continuous Power Dissipation (T <sub>A</sub> = +70°C)				
Continuous power dissipation		0.76	W	PT <sup>1</sup>
Electrostatic Discharge				
FOR A VIDAT CHARGE POLICE FLACUE	(5)	±15000	V	Air Discharge to module; IEC 61000 -4 -2 test bench
ESD pins VBAT, CHARGE, DONE, FLASH <sup>2</sup>		±8000	V	Contact Test to module; IEC 61000 -4 -2 test bench
ESD HBM pins SW, IGBT_GATE, PGND, V5V		±2000	V	Norm: MIL 883 E Method 3015
ESD CDM		±500	V	Norm: JEDEC JESD 22-C101C
ESD MM		±100	V	Norm: JEDEC JESD 22-A115-A level A
Temperature Ranges and Storage Condition	s			
Storage Temperature Range	-55	+125	°C	
Humidity	5	85	%	Non condensing
Body Temperature during Soldering		+260	°C	according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL)	MSL 1			Represents a max. floor life time of unlimited

<sup>1.</sup> Depending on actual PCB layout and PCB used

<sup>2.</sup> Assembled on PCB board (requires capacitor CVBAT); special PCB layout (spark gaps) and external resistors required; system test for completed module (fully capsuled), no permanent interruption of operation



## **6 Electrical Characteristics**

VVBAT = +2.51V to +5.5V,  $TAMB = -30^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified. Typical values are at VVBAT = +3.6V,  $TAMB = +25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise specified.

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Min	Тур	Max	Unit
General Ope	erating Conditions						
VVBAT	Supply Voltage			2.51 <sup>1</sup>	3.6	5.5	V
Тамв	Operating Temperature		-30	25	85	°C	
ISHUTDOWN	Shutdown Current	CHARGE = 0, charge pump C TAMB<50°C; VVBAT<	OFF, FLASH = 0 <3.7V		0.5	1.0	μА
Vuvlo	Undervoltage Lockout	Measured on pin V	BAT .	2.3		2.5	V
VFLASH Capa	acitor Charger						
VTRIP	Comparator trip voltage	V(SW) - V(VBAT) in circuit a OTP. TAMB = 0°C to 50°C; o trimmed by austriamicro	nly if VTRIP is	31.9	32.4	32.9	V
VTRIPRANGE	Programming range of VTRIP	measured on pin Allows in-circuit trimming of the	5 bit programming 32.4V -11.2%/+10.5%; measured on pin SW Allows in-circuit trimming of the final charged voltage VFLASH on capacitor CFLASH				V
Vsw	Maximum voltage on pin SW				50	V	
Isw	Switching current limit			0.75	0.9	1.05	Α
Rsw	Switch on resistance	Internal transistor between S		0.4		Ω	
teoc_det		end of charge comparator trig Internal Circuit on p	128	138	148	ns	
Charge Pun	np Parameters						
Vv5v	5V Charge pump	5.25 > VVBAT > 2.	7V	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
VVOV	output voltage	2.7V > VVBAT > 2.5	51V	4.3		5.25	V
ICHRG_PUMP	Charge Pump Operating Current	CHARGE= 0->1->0 (20 se running <sup>2</sup> ), charge pur includes 48µA for internal biasi	mp ON		163		μA
fclk	Operating frequency	<b>Y O P</b>			2.0		MHz
IGBT Contro	ol - See IGBT Driver on	page 13					
IBGTRISE	IGBT control voltage rise time	Pin IGBT_GATE, rise/falltim	e 10% - 90%,	0.171	0.214	0.256	μs
IBGTFALL	IGBT control voltage fall time	V5V=5V, TAMB=25°C, VIN=3.7V, AS3635E, load: 6.5nF (capacitor)		0.42	0.525	0.63	μs
RIGBT_ON	IGBT switching on	TAMP = 30°C to 85°C	AS3635B	30	50	60	Ω
TAIGET_UN	resistance	TAMB=-30°C to 85°C AS3635E		5	15	20	Ω
IIGBT SINK	IGBT Sink Current	VIGBT_GATE below 2.3V; AS3635B TAMB=-30°C to 85°C AS3635E		10	15	20	mA
TODI_ONAK	13D1 Sink Guitefit			52	60	70	mA
ligbt_boost	IGBT Boost Current	VIGBT_GATE above 2.3V; TAMB	=-30°C to 85°C	40	46	53	mA
Digital Inter	face					_	



Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
VIH	High Level Input Voltage	Pins CHARGE, FLASH;	1.26			٧
VIL	Low Level Input Voltage	pin DONE in trimmode	0.0		0.54	٧
Vol	Low Level Output Voltage	Pin DONE, ILOAD=4mA			0.2	٧
ILEAK	Leakage current	Pin DONE	-1		+1	μA
Rpd	Pulldown resistance to GND <sup>3</sup>	Pins CHARGE, FLASH		52		kΩ
Recommen	ded Transformer paran	neters - see Table 4, "Recommended Transfo	rmers,	on pag	e 15	
LPRIMARY	Primary Inductance		6			μH
LLEAK	Primary Leakage Inductance				0.4	μH
N	Turns Ratio	for VFLASH=320V (final charged voltage on CFLASH)		10.2		
VISOLATION	Isolation Voltage		500			V
ISATURATION	Primary Saturation Current	<b>*</b>	0.84			А
RPRIMARY	Primary Winding Resistance				0.4	Ω
RSECUNDAR Y	Secondary Winding Resistance				60	Ω

- 1. Minimum VVBAT is set to 2.51V to allow a little margin to maximum VUVLO undervoltage lockout of 2.5V.
- 2. Setting CHARGE=1 resets the timeout timer. Additionally the timeout timer is automatically stopped at power on reset and once it has expired.
- 3. Measured with VBAT=3.7V, CHARGE or FLASH = 1.26V



# 7 Typical Operating Characteristics

VBAT = 3.6V,  $T_A$  = +25°C (unless otherwise specified). CFLASH=22 $\mu$ F, TCHARGE Transformer = TTRN-3822, QIGBT=RJP4002ANS, ISW=750mA.

Figure 3. Charging Waveform

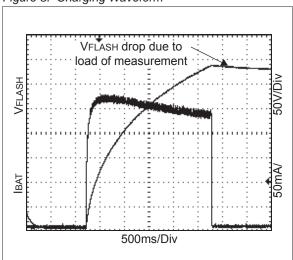


Figure 5. Charging Waveform VBAT=2.51V

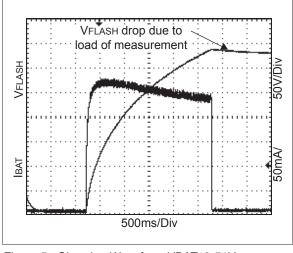


Figure 6. Charging Waveform VBAT=4.2V

2.8

Figure 4. Charging Time vs. VBAT

3.8

3.6

Charging Time 3.0 (8.2.8 (2.6)

2.4

2.2 2.0

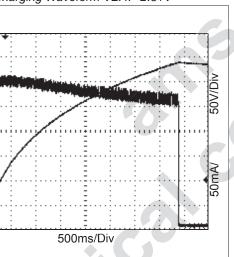
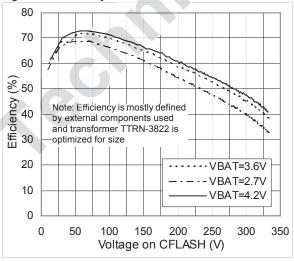


Figure 7. Efficiency vs. VFLASH

**I**BAT



IBAT 500ms/Div

3.2

VBAT (V)

3.6

4.0

Figure 8. Efficiency vs. Charging Time

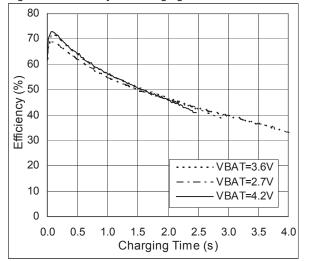




Figure 9. End of charge Voltage vs. VBAT

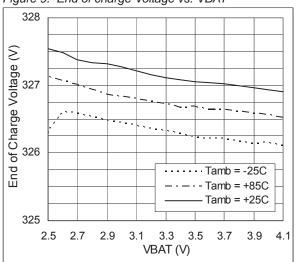


Figure 10. IGBT\_GATE driving waveform

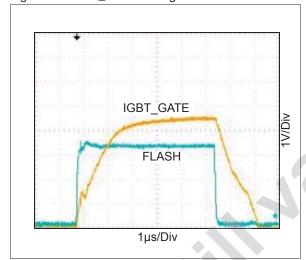


Figure 11. SW switching waveform

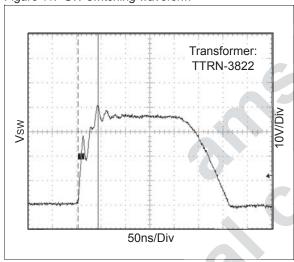


Figure 12. SW switching waveform

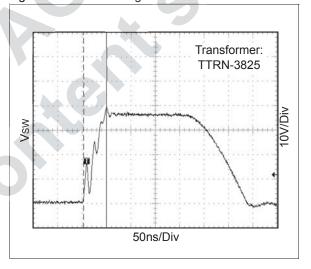


Figure 13. V5V vs. VBAT (V5V CP on)

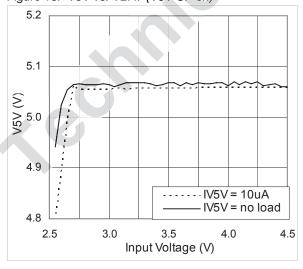
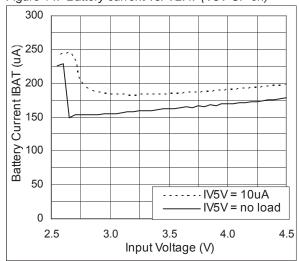


Figure 14. Battery current vs. VBAT (V5V CP on)





## 8 Detailed Description

The AS3635 is a photoflash capacitor charger and an integrated IGBT driver for a Xenon flash. The capacitor charger charges VFLASH to the final charging voltage (e.g. 320V) and the IGBT driver starts the actual Xenon flash.

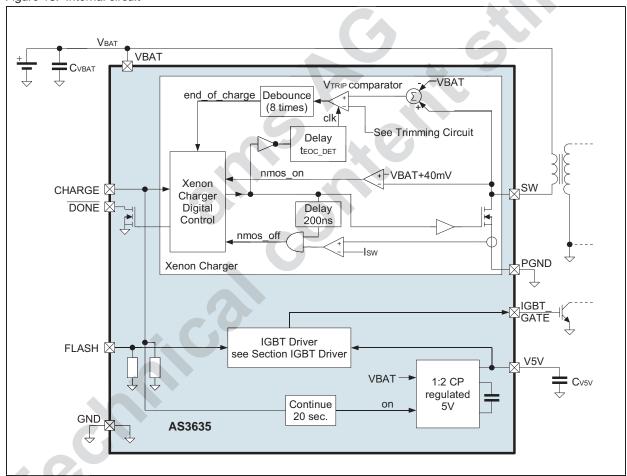
Additionally a charge pump is included to generate a stable 5V supply for accurate control of the IGBT on/off timings independent of the battery supply.

The final charged voltage (VFLASH) can be in-field trimmed to e.g. 320V with the integrated OTP (one time programmable) memory (see section Trimming Procedure on page 12). VFLASH can be exactly trimmed to the maximum allowed output voltage resulting in an improved use of the available energy in the photoflash capacitor.

**Note:** The AS3635 uses a WL-CSP (wafer level chip scale package) to optimize the PCB area required and minimize the module size. Therefore the actual DIE is visible (and it is not molded in plastic as for other packages like QFN or DFN) and the AS3635 is sensitive to external light. It has to be protected from direct light from the Xenon tube.

#### **Internal Circuit**

Figure 15. Internal circuit



#### **AS3635** Operation

The AS3635 allows charging and refresh cycles under complete software control. Two typical configurations are shown in Figure 16 and Figure 17:

Figure 16 shows a configuration without any refresh between the pre-flash and the actual flash. Typically this is used for applications where no noise at all should be generated on the battery when the camera is performing e.g. white color balancing (between pre-flash and flash cycle).



Figure 16. AS3635 Charging Cycle without recharging between Pre-Flash and Flash

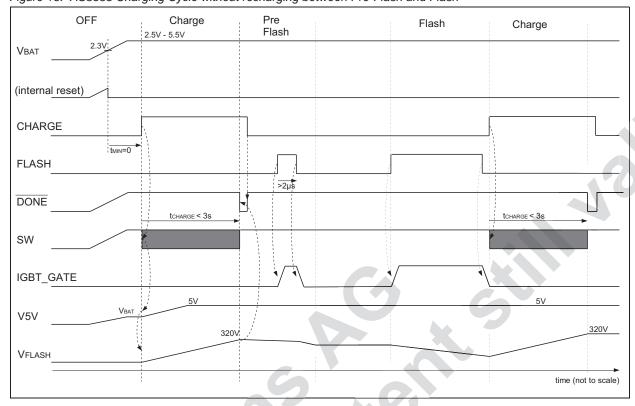
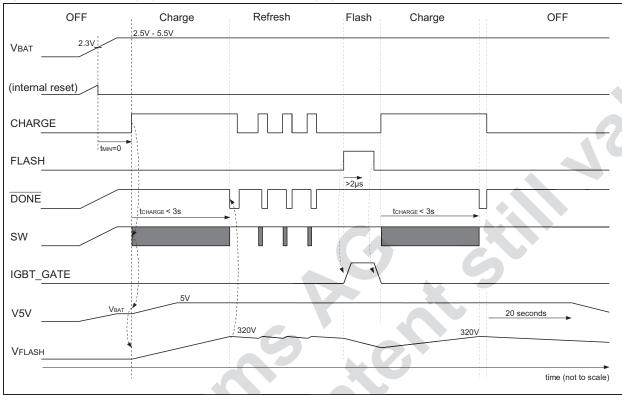




Figure 17 shows a configuration with continuous refresh of the voltage on the photoflash capacitor (VFLASH). Typically this is used in application where the maximum flash energy should be used.

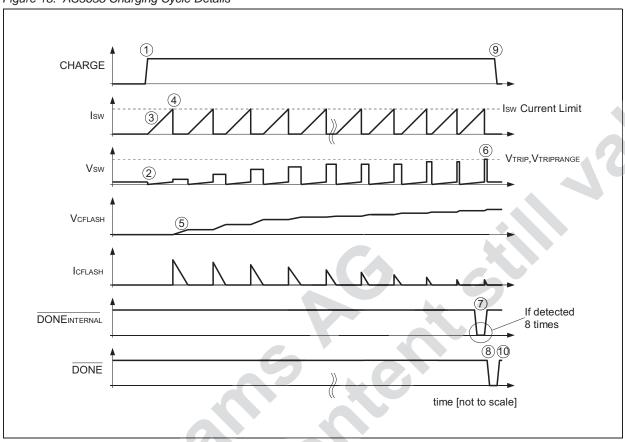
Figure 17. AS3635 Charging Cycle with continuous recharging





A typical charging cycle and its voltages and current on the different pins and signals are shown in Figure 18:

Figure 18. AS3635 Charging Cycle Details



The input CHARGE is set to high and charging begins (1).

During a single cycle, the internal NMOS transistor connects the pin SW to PGND (2). Therefore the current Isw rises (3) until it reaches Isw current limit (4). Then the energy is transferred to the secondary side of the transformer and the voltage VCFLASH on the flash capacitor CFLASH rises (5).

The output voltage VCFLASH gradually increases and once it hits the end of charge detection threshold (6) (detected on Vsw during the off time of the NMOS transistor between SW and PGND) 8 times (7)<sup>1</sup>, DONE is pulled low (8). When CHARGE is set to low afterwards (9), DONE returns to high (10) finishing a full charging cycle.

Note: For simplicity the number of actual charging cycles (NMOS SW on/off) are reduced in Figure 18.

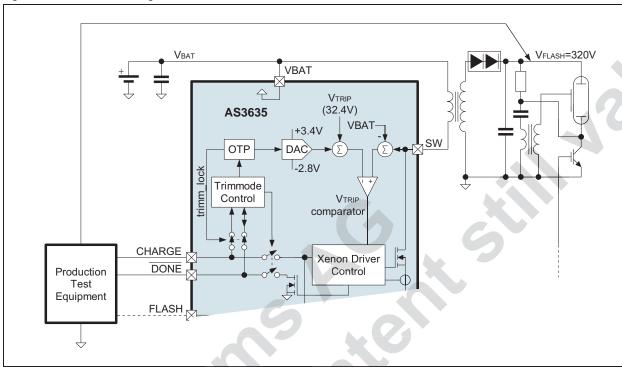
<sup>1.</sup> The 8 cycles required for actual detection of the end of charge conditions are not shown in Figure 18.



## **Trimming Procedure**

The final charging voltage on VFLASH can be trimmed in-circuit to cancel inaccuracies of VFLASH due to the transformer and diode. The trimming procedure is performed as follows:

Figure 19. AS3635 trimming circuit<sup>2</sup>



- 1. The production test equipment starts a charging cycle (CHARGE=1) and waits until DONE=0
- 2. The voltage on VFLASH is measured and a correction code is calculated
- 3. The trimmode control is unlocked using a special sequence
- 4. The one time programmable memory (OTP) is programmed with the above calculated code
- 5. The trimmode control can be disabled by fusing the OTP bit trimm lock

See austriamicrosystems application note 'AN3635\_In-Production\_Trimming' for a detailed description of the trimming setup and the trimming procedure.

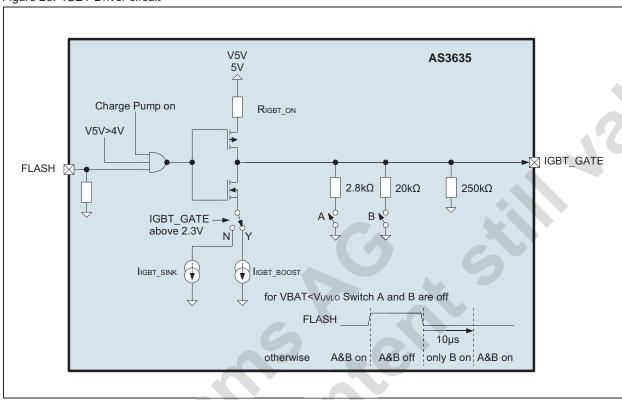
<sup>2.</sup> The internal voltages (e.g. +3.4V/-2.8V/32.4V) are internally scaled to fit in the supply voltage range



#### **IGBT** Driver

The internal circuit of the IGBT driver is shown in Figure 20:

Figure 20. IGBT Driver circuit



The IGBT driver is enable once the charge pump is switched on and the voltage on pin V5V has reached 4V (to guarantee at least 4V driving signal for the IGBT).

The IGBT driver includes all required resistors and pulldowns to operate the IGBT without any external circuitry<sup>3</sup>. Do not add any external pulldown resistor on pin IGBT\_GATE.

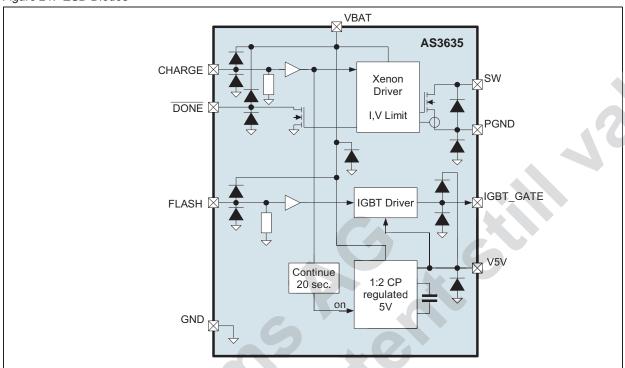
<sup>3.</sup> Exception: If the Sanyo IGBT TIG058E8 is used, add a series resistor of  $50\Omega$  for the gate drive. For Renesas RJP4006AGE add a series resistor of  $68\Omega$ .



#### **ESD Protection Diodes**

The internal ESD diodes are shown in Figure 21 - do not operate ESD diodes in forward direction 4:

Figure 21. ESD Diodes



<sup>4.</sup> Exception: The diode between SW and PGND is designed to be operated in forward direction for very short pulses during charging.



# 9 Application Information

## **External Components**

#### Transformers Tcharge and Ttrig

Following transformers are recommend for the AS3635 (due to the OTP programming features see section Trimming Procedure on page 12, the output voltage VFLASH can be programmed):

Table 4. Recommended Transformers

Component	Part Number	N L		Size (mm)	Manufacturer
	C3-T2.5R	10.2	6.7µH	3.4x3.4x2.5	Mitsumi Electric www.mitsumi.co.jp
	TTRN-3825H	10.2	7µH	3.8x3.8x2.5	
	TTRN-3822H	10.2	7µH	3.8x3.8x2.2	Tokyo Coil
<b>T</b> CHARGE	TTRN-5820H	10.2	8.87µH	5.8x5.8x2.0	www.tokyo-coil.co.jp
	TTRN-0520H	10.41	8.35µH	5.0x5.0x2.0	
	LDT4520T-01	10.2	10µH	4.7x4.5x2.0	TDK
	ATB322515	10.2 <b>7</b> μH		3.2x2.5x1.55 (H is max)	www.tdk.com
<b>T</b> TRIG	BO-02			7.3x2.5(3.5)x2.2	Tokyo Coil www.tokyo-coil.co.jp

Always check if the voltage on the pin SW does never exceed the AS3635 maximum Vsw (see Table 3 on page 4) specification during charging.

#### **IGBT**

As the AS3635 has an internal charge pump included, 2.5V, 2.7V and 4V IGBT can be used without limit on the supply VVBAT. The IGBT is used for two purposes:

- Powering of the Xenon tube and generating together with the oscillation circuit consisting of TTRIG, CTRIG, RTRIG a sufficiently high trigger pulse to ignite the Xenon tube (about 3.5kV) - this is accomplished by a fast rising edge of the gate of the IGBT
- Switching off the current through the Xenon tube at the end of the flash pulse to accurately control the light emitted by the flash. To protect the IGBT the switching off falling edge voltage should be less than 400V/µs (measured on the emitter of the IGBT)

Both requirements are achieved with the internal driving circuit of the AS3635. Internal OTP trimming allows to adopt to different trigger coils and IGBTs.

Table 5. Recommended IGBTs

Component	Part Number	min. Drive Voltage	Size	Manufacturer
	RJP4002ANS	2.5V	VSON-8	
	RJP4003ANS	4.0V	3 x 4.8mm	Renesas
QIGBT	RJP4006AGE <sup>1</sup>	2.7V	2.85x3.05x1.1 mm (H is max.)	www.renesas.com
KO	GT8G133	4.0V	TSSOP-8 3.3 x 6.4mm	Toshiba www.semicon.toshiba.co.jp
	TIG058E8 <sup>2</sup>	4.0V	ECH8 2.8 x 2.9mm	Sanyo www.sanyo.com

- 1. Add a series resistor of  $68\Omega$  in the gate drive.
- 2. Add a series resistor of  $47\Omega$  in the gate drive.



#### Photoflash Capacitor CFLASH

The photoflash capacitor stores the energy for the flash. Its capacitance define the maximum available energy. Using higher value capacitors as shown in Table 6 is possible, but will increase the charging time.

It is recommended to use low ESR capacitors to avoid loosing power during flash (it is also possible to connect two capacitors in parallel to reduce ESR):

Table 6. Recommended Photoflash Capacitors

Component	Part Number	Capacitor	Voltage rating	Size	Manufacturer
CFLASH	330FW13A6.3X20	2x13.5µF <sup>1</sup>	330V	Cylinder 2 x I=24mm, d=7mm	Rubycon www.rubycon.co.jp

Different capacitor values are possible to be used together with the AS3635. Lower capacitor value will reduce charging time, lower ESR capacitor will improve light output energy and reduce losses in the capacitor during the flash pulse.

#### Photoflash Charger rectification diode DCHARGE

The rectification diode should have very low parasitic capacitance<sup>5</sup> and has to withstand the operating current and reverse voltages.

Table 7. Recommended Rectification Diodes

Component	Part Number	Parasitic Capacitor	Voltage rating	Size	Manufacturer
	FVO2R80	5pF	800V	1.25x2.5mm	Origin www.origin.co.jp
<b>D</b> CHARGE	GSD2004S	5pF / 2	2x240V	SOT-23 2.4x3.0mm	Vishay www.vishay.com
	BAS21	5pF / 2	2x250V	SC-70 2.0x2.1mm	OnSemi www.onsemi.com

#### Supply Capacitor CVBAT and charge pump capacitor CV5V

Low ESR capacitors should be used to minimize VBAT ripple. Multi-layer ceramic capacitors are recommended since they have extremely low ESR and are available in small footprints. The capacitor should be located as close to the device as possible.

X5R dielectric material is recommended due to their ability to maintain capacitance over wide voltage and temperature range.

Table 8. Recommended CVBAT and CV5V Capacitor

Component	Part Number	С	TC Code	Rated Voltage	Size	Manufacturer
	GRM155R60J474	470nF	X5R	6.3V	0402	
C <sub>V5V</sub>	GRM155R60J105 GRM155R61A105	1µF	X5R	6.3V 10V	0402	Murata www.murata.com
CVBAT	GRM188R60J475	4.7µF	X5R	6.3V	0603	

If a different output capacitor is chosen, ensure low ESR values and voltage ratings.

<sup>5.</sup> A low parasitic capacitance improves charging efficiency.



## **PCB Layout Guideline**

Following layout recommendations apply:

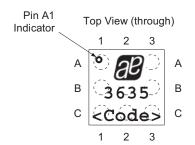
- 1. Keep the path (and area) of GND CVBAT VBAT TCHARGE(primary) SW GND as short as possible to minimize the leakage inductance of TCHARGE and ensure a proper supply connection for the AS3635
- 2. Place CVBAT as close as possible to the AS3635.
- 3. Ensure wide and short PCB paths for the path GND CFLASH XFLASH QIGBT GND to allow 150A to flow during the flash pulse. Connect this GND only at a single place to the main GND plane.
- 4. The IGBT has two ground connections: One ground for the driving input and one ground for the power path.
- 5. Ensure larger spacings for all high voltage paths; check with the PCB manufacturer to ensure proper minimum spacing for 320V paths and 4kV (Xenon tube trigger pin) paths.
- 6. Minimize the parasitic capacitance of the PCB on the anode of DCHARGE especially to GND and VFLASH
- See austriamicrosystems "WLP-CSP-Handling-Guidelines\_1V0.pdf" for proper handling, PCB layout and soldering of the WL-CSP AS3635 device.

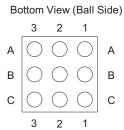
See austriamicrosystems demoboard layout (described in application note 'AN3635').



# 10 Package Drawings and Markings

Figure 22. 9 pin WL-CSP 1.5x1.5mm Marking





Note:

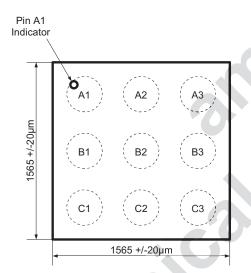
Line 1: austriamicrosystems logo

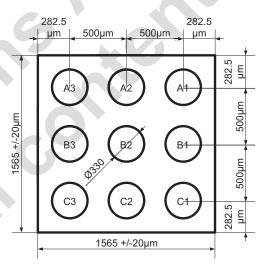
Line 2: 3635 and version code (e.g. 'A' or 'B')

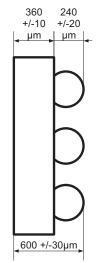
Line 3: <Code>

Encoded Datecode (4 characters)

Figure 23. 9 pin WL-CSP 1.5x1.5mm Package Dimensions













# 11 Ordering Information

The devices are available as the standard products shown in Table 9.

Table 9. Ordering Information

Order Code	Marking	Description	Delivery Form	Package
AS3635B- ZWLT	3635B	Xenon Flash Driver with 5V IGBT Control  Isw (charging current peak) = 900mA  RIGBT_ON = 50Ω  IIGBT_SINK = 15mA  IIGBT_BOOST = 46mA  VTRIP trimmed by customer	Tape & Reel	9-pin WL-CSP (1.5mm x 1.5mm) RoHS compliant / Green / Pb-Free
AS3635E- ZWLT	3635E	Xenon Flash Driver with 5V IGBT Control  Isw (charging current peak) = 900mA  RIGBT_ON = 15Ω  IIGBT_SINK = 60mA  IIGBT_BOOST = 46mA  VTRIP trimmed by customer	Tape & Reel	9-pin WL-CSP (1.5mm x 1.5mm) RoHS compliant / Green / Pb-Free

Note: All products are RoHS compliant and austriamicrosystems green.

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Note: AS3635-ZWLT

#### AS3635-

B, E Version Code - see Table 9 - 'Description'

Z Temperature Range: -30°C - 85°C

WL Package: Wafer Level Chip Scale Package (WL-CSP) 1.5x1.5mm

T Delivery Form: Tape & Reel



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## **Contact Information**

#### Headquarters

austriamicrosystems AG

Tobelbaderstrasse 30 Schloss Premstaetten A-8141 Austria

Tel: +43 (0) 3136 500 0 Fax: +43 (0) 3136 525 01

For Sales Offices, Distributors and Representatives, please visit:

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