

EEPROM Serial 32-Kb I²C in a 4-ball WLCSP

CAT24C32BC4, CAT24C32BAC4

Description

The CAT24C32BC4 and CAT24C32BAC4 are EEPROM Serial 32–Kb I²C devices available in a 4–ball WLCSP package. Both devices are internally organized as 4096 words of 8 bits each.

They feature a 32-byte page write buffer and support the Standard (100 kHz), Fast (400 kHz) and Fast-Plus (1 MHz) I²C protocol.

The CAT24C32BC4 and CAT24C32BAC4 respond to a different Slave Address and are therefore suitable in applications that require two serial EEPROM devices with 4-ball WLCSP on the same I²C bus.

Features

- Supports Standard, Fast and Fast–Plus I²C Protocol
- 1.7 V to 5.5 V Supply Voltage Range
- 32-Byte Page Write Buffer
- Hardware Write Protection for Entire Memory
- Schmitt Triggers and Noise Suppression Filters on I²C Bus Inputs (SCL and SDA)
- Low Power CMOS Technology
- 1,000,000 Program/Erase Cycles
- 100 Year Data Retention
- Industrial Temperature Range
- 4-ball WLCSP Package
- This Device is Pb–Free, Halogen Free/BFR Free, and RoHS Compliant

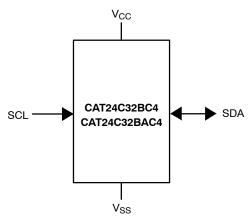


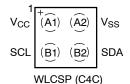
Figure 1. Functional Symbol

1



WLCSP-4 C4C SUFFIX CASE 567JY

PIN CONFIGURATION (Top View)



MARKING DIAGRAM

+ X YM

X = Specific Device Code B: CAT24C32BC4 J: CAT24C32BAC4

Y = Production Year (Last Digit)

M = Production Month (1–9, O, N, D)

For the location of Pin 1, please consult the corresponding package drawing.

PIN FUNCTION

Pin Name	Function
SDA	Serial Data
SCL	Serial Clock
V_{CC}	Power Supply
V _{SS}	Ground

ORDERING INFORMATION

See detailed ordering and shipping information on page 8 of this data sheet.

Table 1. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Parameters	Ratings	Units
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150	°C
Voltage on Any Pin with Respect to Ground (Note 1)	-0.5 to +6.5	V

Stresses exceeding those listed in the Maximum Ratings table may damage the device. If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

Table 2. RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Units
N _{END} (Note 3)	Endurance	1,000,000	Program/Erase Cycles
T _{DR}	Data Retention	100	Years

These parameters are tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter according to appropriate AEC-Q100 and JEDEC test methods.

Table 3. D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS ($V_{CC} = 1.7 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V, $T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to +85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Max	Units
I _{CCR}	Read Current	Read, f _{SCL} = 1 MHz		0.4	mA
I _{CCW}	Write Current	Write		0.6	mA
I _{SB}	Standby Current	All I/O Pins at GND or V _{CC}		1	μΑ
ΙL	I/O Pin Leakage	Pin at GND or V _{CC}		2	μΑ
V _{IL}	Input Low Voltage	V _{CC} ≥ 2.2 V	-0.5	V _{CC} x 0.3	V
		V _{CC} < 2.2 V	-0.5	V _{CC} x 0.25	V
V _{IH}	Input High Voltage	V _{CC} ≥ 2.2 V	V _{CC} x 0.7	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
		V _{CC} < 2.2 V	V _{CC} x 0.75	V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	$V_{CC} \ge 2.2 \text{ V}, I_{OL} = 3.0 \text{ mA}$		0.4	V
		V_{CC} < 2.2 V, I_{OL} = 1.0 mA		0.2	V

Table 4. PIN IMPEDANCE CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 1.7 V to 5.5 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Units
C _{IN} (Note 4)	SDA I/O Pin Capacitance	V _{IN} = 0 V	8	pF
C _{IN} (Note 4)	Input Capacitance (other pins)	V _{IN} = 0 V	6	pF

^{4.} These parameters are tested initially and after a design or process change that affects the parameter according to appropriate AEC-Q100 and JEDEC test methods.

^{1.} The DC input voltage on any pin should not be lower than -0.5 V or higher than $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V. During transitions, the voltage on any pin may undershoot to no less than -1.5 V or overshoot to no more than $V_{CC} + 1.5$ V, for periods of less than 20 ns.

^{3.} Page Mode, V_{CC} = 5 V, 25°C.

Table 5. A.C. CHARACTERISTICS (V_{CC} = 1.7 V to 5.5 V, T_A = -40°C to +85°C) (Note 5)

		Standard		F	Fast		Fast-Plus	
Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Units
F _{SCL}	Clock Frequency		100		400		1,000	kHz
t _{HD:STA}	START Condition Hold Time	4		0.6		0.25		μs
t _{LOW}	Low Period of SCL Clock	4.7		1.3		0.45		μs
t _{HIGH}	High Period of SCL Clock	4		0.6		0.35		μs
t _{SU:STA}	START Condition Setup Time	4.7		0.6		0.25		μs
t _{HD:DAT}	Data In Hold Time	0		0		0		μs
t _{SU:DAT}	Data In Setup Time	250		100		50		ns
t _R (Note 6)	SDA and SCL Rise Time		1,000		300		100	ns
t _F (Note 6)	SDA and SCL Fall Time		300		300		100	ns
tsu:sто	STOP Condition Setup Time	4		0.6		0.25		μs
t _{BUF}	Bus Free Time Between STOP and START	4.7		1.3		0.5		μs
t _{AA}	SCL Low to Data Out Valid		3.5		0.9		0.40	μs
t _{DH} (Note 6)	Data Out Hold Time	100		100		50		ns
T _i (Note 6)	Noise Pulse Filtered at SCL and SDA Inputs		50		50		50	ns
t _{WR}	Write Cycle Time		4		4		4	ms
t _{PU} (Notes 6, 7)	Power-up to Ready Mode		0.35		0.35		0.35	ms

Product parametric performance is indicated in the Electrical Characteristics for the listed test conditions, unless otherwise noted. Product performance may not be indicated by the Electrical Characteristics if operated under different conditions.

5. Test conditions according to "A.C. Test Conditions" table.

Table 6. A.C. TEST CONDITIONS

Input Levels	$V_{CC} \ge 2.2 \text{ V: } 0.2 \times V_{CC} \text{ to } 0.8 \times V_{CC}$ $V_{CC} < 2.2 \text{ V: } 0.15 \times V_{CC} \text{ to } 0.85 \times V_{CC}$
Input Rise and Fall Times	≤ 50 ns
Input Reference Levels	0.3 x V _{CC} , 0.7 x V _{CC}
Output Reference Levels	0.3 x V _{CC} , 0.7 x V _{CC}
Output Load	Current Source: I_{OL} = 3 mA (V_{CC} \geq 2.2 V); I_{OL} = 1 mA (V_{CC} < 2.2 V); C_L = 100 pF

^{6.} Tested initially and after a design or process change that affects this parameter.
7. t_{PU} is the delay between the time V_{CC} is stable and the device is ready to accept commands.

POWER-ON RESET (POR)

Each CAT24C32BC4/CAT24C32BAC4 incorporates Power-On Reset (POR) circuitry which protects the internal logic against powering up in the wrong state. The device will power up into Standby mode after V_{CC} exceeds the POR trigger level and will power down into Reset mode when V_{CC} drops below the POR trigger level. This bi-directional POR behavior protects the device against 'brown-out' failure following a temporary loss of power.

PIN DESCRIPTION

SCL: The Serial Clock input pin accepts the clock signal generated by the Master.

SDA: The Serial Data I/O pin accepts input data and delivers output data. In transmit mode, this pin is open drain. Data is acquired on the positive edge, and is delivered on the negative edge of SCL.

FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The CAT24C32BC4/CAT24C32BAC4 supports the Inter-Integrated Circuit (I²C) Bus protocol. The protocol relies on the use of a Master device, which provides the clock and directs bus traffic, and Slave devices which execute requests. The CAT24C32BC4/CAT24C32BAC4 operates as a Slave device. Both Master and Slave can transmit or receive, but only the Master can assign those roles.

I²C Bus Protocol

The 2-wire I²C bus consists of two lines, SCL and SDA, connected to the V_{CC} supply via pull-up resistors. The

Master provides the clock to the SCL line, and either the Master or the Slaves drive the SDA line. A '0' is transmitted by pulling a line LOW and a '1' by letting it stay HIGH. Data transfer may be initiated only when the bus is not busy (see A.C. Characteristics). During data transfer, SDA must remain stable while SCL is HIGH.

START/STOP Condition

An SDA transition while SCL is HIGH creates a START or STOP condition (Figure 2). The START consists of a HIGH to LOW SDA transition, while SCL is HIGH. Absent the START, a Slave will not respond to the Master. The STOP completes all commands, and consists of a LOW to HIGH SDA transition, while SCL is HIGH.

Device Addressing

The Master addresses a Slave by creating a START condition and then broadcasting an 8-bit Slave address (Figure 3). The first 4 bits of the Slave address are set to 1010. The next 3 bits are set to 0 0 0 (CAT24C32BC4) or to 1 0 0 (CAT24C32BAC4). The last bit, R/W, specifies whether a Read (1) or Write (0) operation is to be performed.

Acknowledge

During the 9th clock cycle following every byte sent to the bus, the transmitter releases the SDA line, allowing the receiver to respond. The receiver then either acknowledges (ACK) by pulling SDA LOW, or does not acknowledge (NoACK) by letting SDA stay HIGH (Figure 4). Bus timing is illustrated in Figure 5.

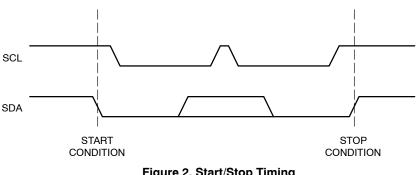


Figure 2. Start/Stop Timing

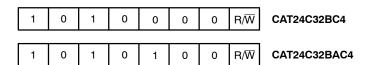


Figure 3. Slave Address Bits

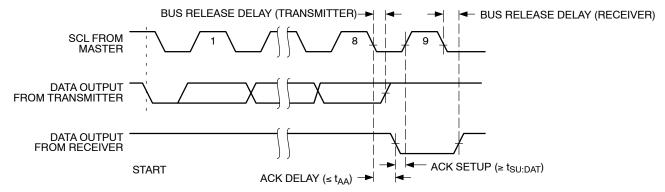


Figure 4. Acknowledge Timing

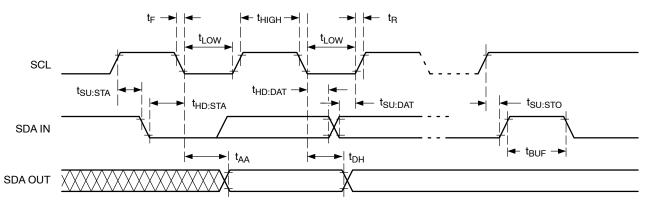


Figure 5. Bus Timing

WRITE OPERATIONS

Byte Write

To write data to memory, the Master creates a START condition on the bus and then broadcasts a Slave address with the R/\overline{W} bit set to '0'. The Master then sends two address bytes and a data byte and concludes the session by creating a STOP condition on the bus. The Slave responds with ACK after every byte sent by the Master (Figure 6). The STOP starts the internal Write cycle, and while this operation is in progress (t_{WR}), the SDA output is tri–stated and the Slave does not acknowledge the Master (Figure 7).

Page Write

The Byte Write operation can be expanded to Page Write, by sending more than one data byte to the Slave before issuing the STOP condition (Figure 8). Up to 32 distinct data bytes can be loaded into the internal Page Write Buffer starting at the address provided by the Master. The page address is latched, and as long as the Master keeps sending

data, the internal byte address is incremented up to the end of page, where it then wraps around (within the page). New data can therefore replace data loaded earlier. Following the STOP, data loaded during the Page Write session will be written to memory in a single internal Write cycle (t_{WR}).

Acknowledge Polling

As soon (and as long) as internal Write is in progress, the Slave will not acknowledge the Master. This feature enables the Master to immediately follow–up with a new Read or Write request, rather than wait for the maximum specified Write time (t_{WR}) to elapse. Upon receiving a NoACK response from the Slave, the Master simply repeats the request until the Slave responds with ACK.

Delivery State

The CAT24C32BC4/CAT24C32BAC4 is shipped erased, i.e., all bytes are FFh.

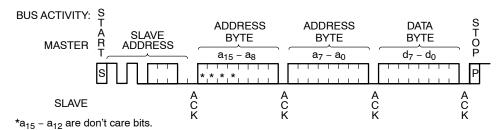


Figure 6. Byte Write Sequence

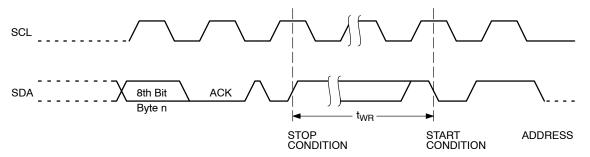


Figure 7. Write Cycle Timing

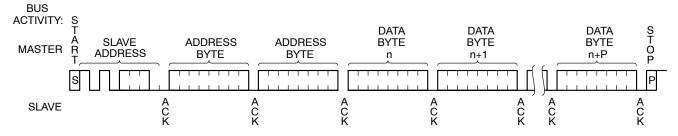


Figure 8. Page Write Sequence

READ OPERATIONS

Immediate Read

To read data from memory, the Master creates a START condition on the bus and then broadcasts a Slave address with the R/\overline{W} bit set to '1'. The Slave responds with ACK and starts shifting out data residing at the current address. After receiving the data, the Master responds with NoACK and terminates the session by creating a STOP condition on the bus (Figure 9). The Slave then returns to Standby mode.

Selective Read

To read data residing at a specific address, the selected address must first be loaded into the internal address register. This is done by starting a Byte Write sequence, whereby the Master creates a START condition, then broadcasts a Slave address with the R/\overline{W} bit set to '0' and then sends two

address bytes to the Slave. Rather than completing the Byte Write sequence by sending data, the Master then creates a START condition and broadcasts a Slave address with the R/\overline{W} bit set to '1'. The Slave responds with ACK after every byte sent by the Master and then sends out data residing at the selected address. After receiving the data, the Master responds with NoACK and then terminates the session by creating a STOP condition on the bus (Figure 10).

Sequential Read

If, after receiving data sent by the Slave, the Master responds with ACK, then the Slave will continue transmitting until the Master responds with NoACK followed by STOP (Figure 11). During Sequential Read the internal byte address is automatically incremented up to the end of memory, where it then wraps around to the beginning of memory.

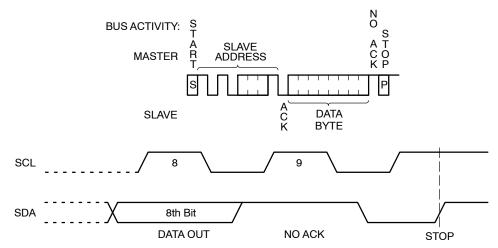


Figure 9. Immediate Read Sequence and Timing

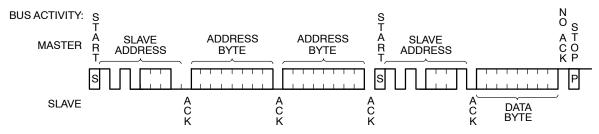


Figure 10. Selective Read Sequence

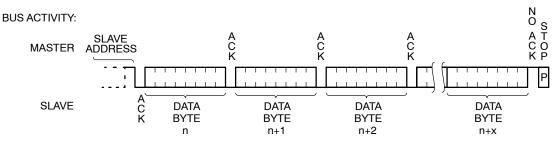


Figure 11. Sequential Read Sequence

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device Order Number	Specific Device Marking	Package Type	Temperature Range	Lead Finish	Shipping [†]
CAT24C32BC4CTR	В	WLCSP-4 with Die Coat	I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)	SnAg	Tape & Reel, 5,000 Units / Reel
CAT24C32BAC4CTR (Note 9)	J	WLCSP-4 with Die Coat	I = Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)	SnAg	Tape & Reel, 5,000 Units / Reel

[†]For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

^{8.} All packages are RoHS-compliant (Lead-free, Halogen-free).

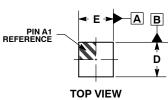
 ⁷ In paskages are not to deriphatic (2543 fiee), halogen fiee).
 This WLCSP-4 option responds to a different Slave Address compared to CAT24C32BC4CTR.
 Caution: The EEPROM devices delivered in WLCSP must never be exposed to ultra violet light. When exposed to ultra violet light the EEPROM cells lose their stored data.

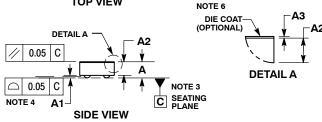


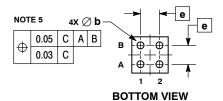
WLCSP4, 0.77x0.77 SCALE 4:1

CASE 567JY **ISSUE C**

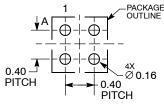
DATE 07 MAR 2017







RECOMMENDED SOLDERING FOOTPRINT*



DIMENSIONS: MILLIMETERS

NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
 DATUM C, THE SEATING PLANE, IS DEFINED BY THE SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
- COPLANARITY APPLIES TO SPHERICAL CROWNS OF THE SOLDER BALLS.
- 5. DIMENSION b IS MEASURED AT THE MAXIMUM CONTACT BALL DIAMETER PARALLEL TO DATUM C.
 6. BACKSIDE COATING IS OPTIONAL.

		MILLIMETERS				
DI	М	MIN	MAX			
Α				0.35		
A.	1	0.04	0.06	0.08		
A	2		0.23 REF			
A:	3	(0.025 REI	F		
b		0.15	0.155	0.16		
D	1	0.75	0.77	0.79		
E		0.75	0.77	0.79		
е		0.40 BSC				

GENERIC MARKING DIAGRAM*



= Specific Device Code

= Year

W = Work Week

*This information is generic. Please refer to device data sheet for actual part marking. Pb-Free indicator. "G" or microdot " ■". may or may not be present.

DOCUMENT NUMBER:	98AON85186F	Electronic versions are uncontrolled except when accessed directly from the Document Reportant Printed versions are uncontrolled except when stamped "CONTROLLED COPY" in red.		
DESCRIPTION:	WLCSP4, 0.77X0.77		PAGE 1 OF 1	

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