

Features

- Octal, 16-/12-Bit Pin-Compatible DACs
 - TPC116S8: 16 Bits
 - TPC112S8: 12 Bits
- Low Power Consumption (1.6 mA typ)
- Differential Nonlinearity: ±1 LSB (Max)
- Glitch Energy: 2 nV-s
- Power-on Reset to Zero
- Supply Range: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- Buffered Rail-to-Rail Output Operation
- Safe Power-on Reset (POR) to Zero DAC Output
- Fast 30-MHz, 3-Wire SPI/QSPI/MICROWIRE-Compatible Serial Interface
- Schmitt-Trigger Inputs for Direct Optocoupler Interface
- SYNC Interrupt Facility
- Available in QFN4X4-16 and TSSOP16 Package

Applications

- Gain and Offset Adjustment
- Process Control and Servo Loops
- Programmable Voltage and Current Sources
- Programmable Attenuators
- Automatic Test Equipment

Description

The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 are pin-compatible 16-bit and 12-bit digital-to-analog converters. The series of products are eight-channel, low-power, and buffered voltage-out DACs and are guaranteed monotonic by design. The devices use a precision external reference applied through the high-resistance input for rail-to-rail operation and low system power consumption.

The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 accept a wide 2.7-V to 5.5-V supply voltage range. The parts incorporate a power-on reset circuit to ensure that the DAC output powers up to 0 V and remains there until a valid write takes place.

The on-chip precision output amplifier of the TPC116S8/ TPC112S8 allows rail-to-rail output swing to be achieved. For remote sensing applications, the inverting input of the output amplifier is available to users. The TPC116S8/ TPC112S8 use a versatile 3-wire serial interface that operates at clock rates up to 30 MHz and is compatible with standard SPI[®], QSPITM, MICROWIRETM, and DSP interface standards.

The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 are available in the small-sized TSSOP16 package. All packages are specified over the -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C extended industrial temperature range.



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Revision History

Date	Revision	Notes
2018-9-7	Rev.1.0	Initial release
2022-7-5	Rev.1.1	Correct description typo.
2023-4-21	Rev.1.2	Correct T _{CSA} parameter typo.
2024-12-26	Rev.A.1	Updated to a new datasheet format Added IO information in the Pin Configuration and Functions Added the MSL in the Order Information Updated the Package Outline Dimensions.



Pin Configuration and Functions

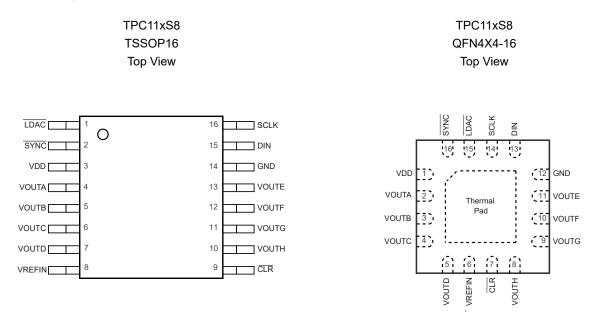


Table 1. Pin Functions

Pin	No.			
TSSOP1	TSSOP1 QFN4X4-		I/O	Description
6	16			
				Load DAC.
1	15	LDAC	I	 When the LOAD signal is high, no DAC output updates occur when the input digital data is read into the serial interface.
				The DAC outputs are only updated when the LDAC is low.
				Level-triggered control input (active LOW).
2	16	SYNC	1	This is the frame synchronization signal for the input data.
2 10		01110		• When SYNC goes LOW, it enables the input shift register and the data is transferred in on the falling edges of the following clocks.
3	1	VDD	Р	Power supply input, 2.7 V to 5.5 V.
4	2	VOUTA	0	DACA output.
5	3	VOUTB	0	DACB output.
6	4	VOUTC	0	DACC output.
7	5	VOUTD	0	DACD output.
8	6	VREFIN	I	Reference voltage input.
9	7	CLR	I	 Active Low. When it goes low, the DAC register is cleared and the DAC output is reset to zero.
10	8	VOUTH	0	DACH output.
11	9	VOUTG	0	DACG output.



Pin	No.			
TSSOP1 6	QFN4X4- 16	Name	I/O	Description
12	10	VOUTF	0	DACF output.
13	11	VOUTE	0	DACE output.
14	12	GND	GND	Ground reference point for all circuitry on the part.
15	13	DIN	I	 Serial data input. The data is clocked into the 16-/24-bit input shift register on each falling edge of the serial clock input. Schmitt-Trigger logic input.
16	14	SCLK	I	Serial clock input.The data can be transferred at rates up to 30 MHz.Schmitt-Trigger logic input.
	Thermal PAD	Thermal PAD	-	Connected to GND internally.Suggest to connect it to GND.



Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings ⁽¹⁾

	Parameter	Min	Мах	Unit
	Supply Voltage: $V^+ - V^{-(2)}$		7	V
	Input Voltage	V ⁻ – 0.3	V ⁺ + 0.3	V
	Input Current: +IN, -IN ⁽³⁾	-20	20	mA
	Output Short-Circuit Duration ⁽⁴⁾		Indefinite	
TA	Operating Temperature Range	-40	125	°C
TJ	Maximum Junction Temperature		150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65	150	°C
T∟	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)		260	°C

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

(2) The supplies must be established simultaneously, with, or before, the application of any input signals.

- (3) The inputs are protected by ESD protection diodes to each power supply. If the input extends more than 500 mV beyond the power supply, the input current should be limited to less than 10 mA.
- (4) A heat sink may be required to keep the junction temperature below the absolute maximum. This depends on the power supply voltage and how many amplifiers are shorted. Thermal resistance varies with the amount of PC board metal connected to the package. The specified values are for short traces connected to the leads.

ESD, Electrostatic Discharge Protection

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Minimum Level	Unit
НВМ	Human Body Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 (1)	8	kV
CDM	Charged Device Model ESD	ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-002 (2)	2	kV

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

Thermal Information

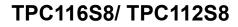
Package Type	θ _{JA}	θյς	Unit
TSSOP16	180	35	°C/W



Electrical Characteristics

All test conditions: V_{DD} = 5 V, V_{REF} = 5 V, C_L = 100 pF, R_L = 10 k Ω , T_A = -40°C to +125°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_A = +25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Static Ac	curacy ⁽¹⁾						
		TPC112S8	12			5.4	
N	Resolution	TPC116S8	16			Bits	
	NL Integral Nonlinearity	TPC112S8 (12-bit) (2)	-1	±0.25	1	LSB	
INL		TPC116S8 (16-bit) (2)	-16	±8	16		
	Differential Nonlinearity	TPC112S8 (12-bit) (2)	-1	±0.05	1	1.05	
DNL	Differential Nonlinearity	TPC116S8 (16-bit) (2)	-1	±0.5	1	LSB	
	Zero Offset Error			6.5	30	mV	
OE	Full-Scale Offset Error		-30	0	30	mV	
	Offset-Error Drift			±1		µV/°C	
GE	Gain Error		-0.3	±0.13	0.3	%FS	
	Gain Temperature Coefficient			±2		ppmFS/ °C	
Reference	e Input		I			1	
Vref	Reference-Input Voltage Range		0.5		Vdd	V	
R _{REF}	Reference-Input Impedance			333		kΩ	
DAC Out	put	1	<u>I</u>			1	
	Output Voltage Range		0		VREF	V	
	DC Output Impedance			0.1		Ω	
2		Series resistance = 0Ω			0.1	nF	
CL	Capacitive Load ⁽³⁾	Series resistance = 1 kΩ			15	μF	
RL	Resistive Load ⁽³⁾		5			kΩ	
	Short-Circuit Current	V _{DD} = 5.5 V		35		mA	
	Power-up Time	From power-down mode		25		μs	
Digital In	puts (SCLK, DIN, SYNC)						
	In section of the sector of th	$V_{DD} = 5 V$	2			V	
VIH	Input High Voltage	V _{DD} = 3.3 V	1.5			V	
\ <i>\</i>		V _{DD} = 5 V			0.6	V	
VIL	Input Low Voltage	V _{DD} = 3.3 V			0.4	V	
l _{in}	Input Leakage Current	V _{IN} = 0 V or V _{DD}		±5	±10	μA	
CIN	Input Capacitance			1		pF	
V _{HYS}	Hysteresis Voltage			0.15		V	
Dynamic	Performance ⁽³⁾						





Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
SR	Voltage-Output Slew Rate	Positive and negative		1		V/µs
BW	Voltage-Output Settling Time	1/4 scale to 3/4 scale, to \leq 0.5 LSB, 12 bits		14		μs
	Reference −3-dB Bandwidth	Hex code = 800 (TPC112S8), Hex code = 8000 (TPC116S8)		100		kHz
	Digital Feedthrough	Code = 0, all digital inputs from 0 V to V_{DD} , SCLK < 50 MHz		0.5		nV·s
	DAC Glitch Impulse	Major code transition		2		nV·s
	Output Noise	10 kHz		90		nV/√Hz
	Integrated Output Noise	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25		μV _{P-P}
Power Re	equirements					
Vdd	Supply Voltage		2.7		5.5	V
I _{DD}	Supply Current	V_{DD} = 5 V, no load; all digital inputs at 0 V or V_{DD} , supply current only; excludes reference input current, midscale		0.8	1.5	mA
I _{DD}	Supply Current	V_{DD} = 3.3 V, no load; all digital inputs at 0 V or V _{DD} , supply current only; excludes reference input current, midscale		0.5	1	mA
	Power-down Supply Current	No load, all digital inputs at 0 V or V_{DD}			500	μA

(1) Linearity is tested within 20 mV of GND and V_{DD} .

(2) Gain and offset are tested within 100 mV of GND and V_{DD} .

(3) All timing specifications are measured with $V_{IL} = V_{GND}$, $V_{IH} = V_{DD}$.

Serial Write Operation

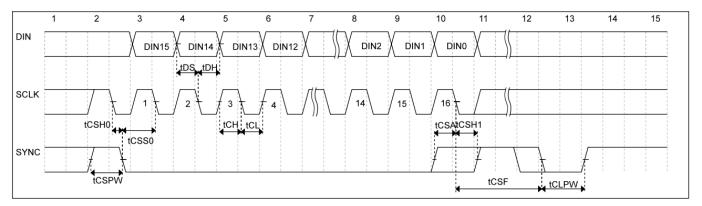


Figure 1. 16-Bit Serial-Interface Timing Diagram (TPC112S8)



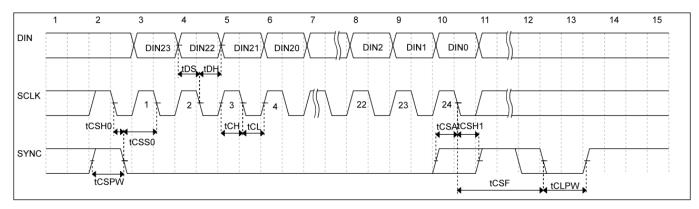


Figure 2. 24-Bit Serial-Interface Timing Diagram (TPC116S8) Table 2. Timing Characteristics (Figures 1, 2, and 3)

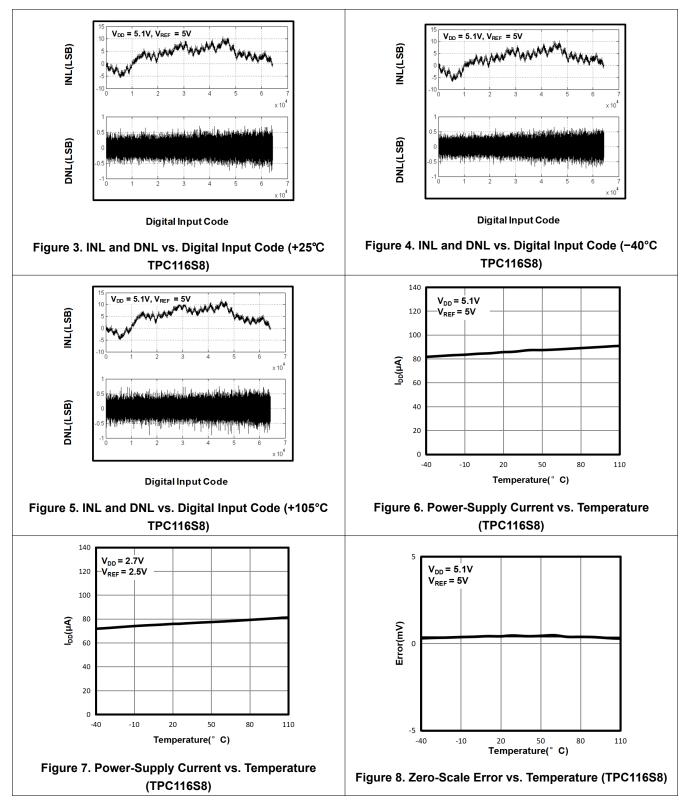
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
f _{SCLK}	Serial Clock Frequency		0		30	MHz
t _{CH}	SCLK Pulse-Width High		8			ns
t _{CL}	SCLK Pulse-Width Low		8			ns
t _{CSS0}	SYNC Fall to SCLK Fall Setup Time		8			ns
t _{CSH0}	SYNC Fall to SCLK Fall Hold Time		0			ns
t _{CSH1}	SYNC Rise to SCLK Fall Hold Time		0			ns
t _{CSA}	SYNC Rise to SCLK Fall		12			ns
t _{CSF}	SCLK Fall to SYNC Fall		100			ns
t _{DS}	DIN to SCLK Fall Setup Time		5			ns
t _{DH}	DIN to SCLK Fall Hold Time		4.5			ns
t _{CSPW}	SYNC Pulse-Width High		20			ns
t _{CLPW}	SYNC Pulse-Width Low		20			ns

(1) Parameters are provided by lab bench tests and design simulation.

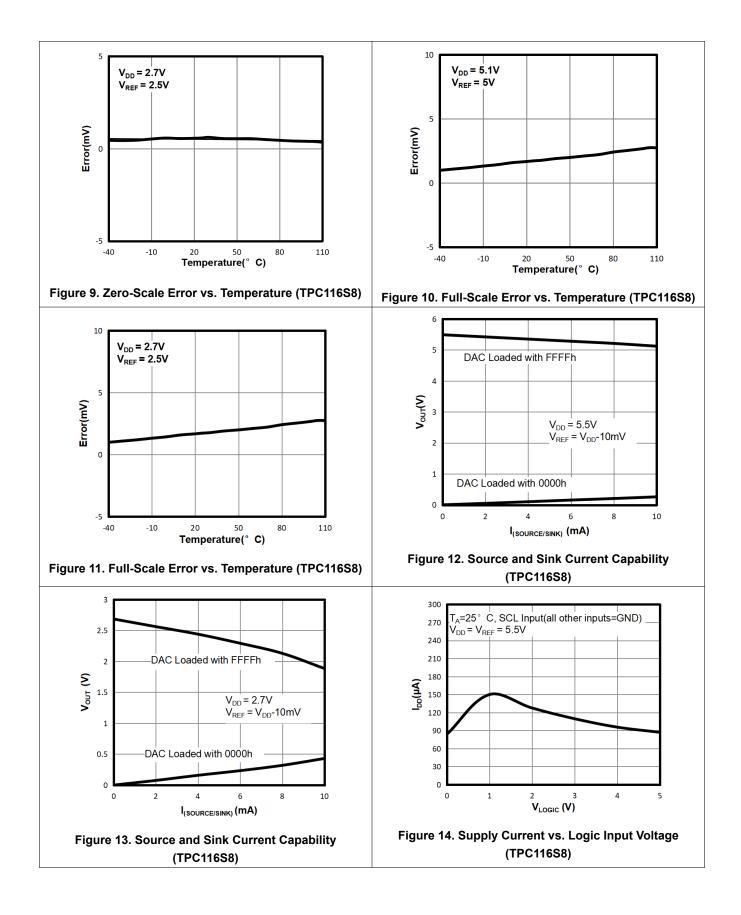


Typical Performance Characteristics

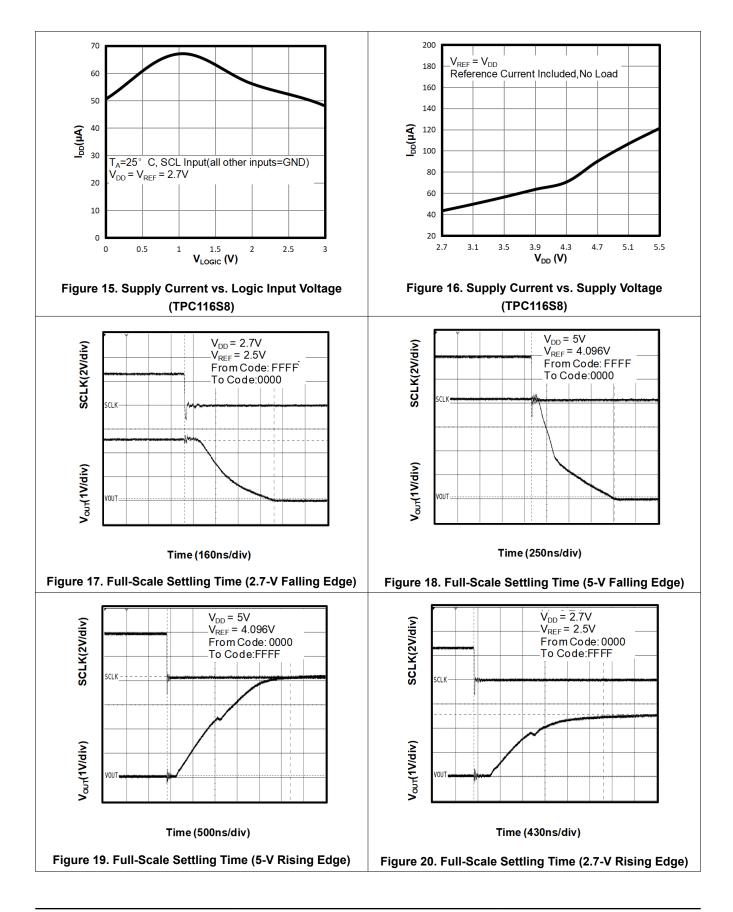
All test conditions: $V_S = 5 V$ at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted.













Detailed Description

Overview

The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 are pin-compatible and software-compatible 12-bit and 16-bit DACs. The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 are 8-channel, low-power, high-reference input resistance, and buffered voltage-output DACs. The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 minimize the digital noise feedthrough from their inputs to outputs by powering down the SCLK and DIN input buffers after the completion of each data frame. The data frames are 16 bits for the TPC112S8 and 24 bits for the TPC116S8/TPC112S8. During power up, the TPC116S8/TPC112S8 reset the DAC output to zero, providing additional safety for applications that drive valves or other transducers which need to be off during power up. The TPC116S8/TPC112S8 contain a segmented resistor string-type DAC, a serial-in/parallel-out shift register, a DAC register, a power-on-reset (POR) circuit, and control logic. On the falling edge of the clock (SCLK) pulse, the serial input (DIN) data is shifted into the device, MSB first.

Functional Block Diagram

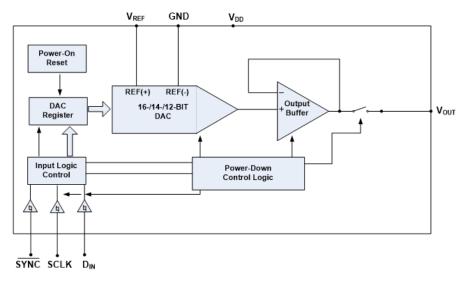


Figure 21. Block Diagram of One DAC



Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following application sections is not part of the 3PEAK's component specification and 3PEAK does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. 3PEAK's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

Application Information

DAC Reference (REF)

The external reference input features a typical input impedance of 333 k Ω and accepts an input voltage from +2 V to VDD. Connect an external voltage supply between REF and GND to apply an external reference.

Serial Interface

The 3-wire serial interface of the TPC116S8/TPC112S8 is compatible with MICROWIRE, SPI, QSPI, and DSP. The interface provides three inputs: SCLK, \overline{SYNC} , and DIN. The chip-select input (\overline{SYNC}) frames the serial data loading at DIN. Following a chip-select input high-to-low transition, the data is shifted synchronously and latched into the input register on each falling edge of the serial-clock input (SCLK). Each serial word is 16 bits for the TPC112S8 and 24 bits for the TPC116S8. The first 3 bits are the control bits followed by 1 power-down bit as well as 12 data bits (MSB first) for the TPC112S8 and 22 data bits (MSB first) for the TPC116S8 as shown in Table 3 and Table 4. The serial input register transfers its contents to the input registers after loading 16/24 bits of data and updates the DAC output immediately after the data is received on the 16-/24-bit falling edge of the clock. To initiate a new data transfer, \overline{SYNC} is driven high and kept for a minimum of 20 ns before the next write sequence. The SCLK can be either high or low between \overline{SYNC} write pulses. Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the timing diagrams for the complete 3-wire serial interface transmission. The DAC code of the TPC116S8 is unipolar binary with V_{OUT} = (code / 65,536) × V_{REF}, while that of the TPC112S8 is unipolar binary with V_{OUT} = (code / 4,096) × V_{REF}.

	16-Bit Word						
A2	A1	A0	PD	DAC Data Bit			
D15	D14	D13	D12	D11 ~ D0			
0	0	0	0	X	Update DAC A Data		
0	0	1	0	X	Update DAC B Data		
0	1	0	0	X	Update DAC C Data		
0	1	1	0	X	Update DAC D Data		
1	0	0	0	X	Update DAC E Data		
1	0	1	0	x	Update DAC F Data		
1	1	0	0	X	Update DAC G Data		
1	1	1	0	X	Update DAC H Data		
Х	X	Х	1	X	Power down (Output High Z)		

Table 3.	Operating	Mode	Truth	Table	(TPC112S8)
	operating	mouc	maun	Tubic	(11 0 11 200)



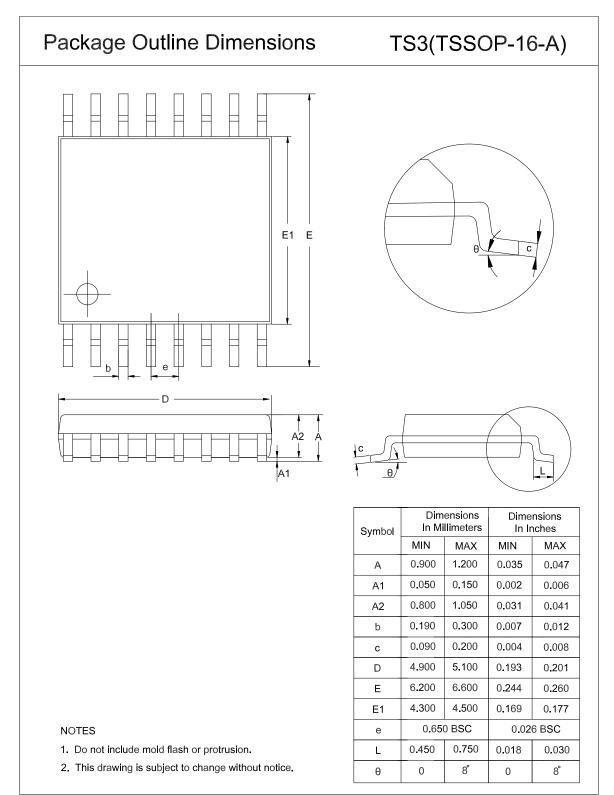
		Function							
MSB (No Content)				A2	A1	A0	PD	DAC Data Bit	
D23	D22	D21	D20	D19	D18	D17	D16	D15~ D0	
х	Х	х	х	0	0	0	0	х	Update DAC A Data
х	Х	х	х	0	0	1	0	Х	Update DAC B Data
х	Х	х	х	0	1	0	0	х	Update DAC C Data
х	Х	х	х	0	1	1	0	х	Update DAC D Data
х	Х	х	х	1	0	0	0	х	Update DAC E Data
Х	Х	х	х	1	0	1	0	Х	Update DAC F Data
Х	Х	х	х	1	1	0	0	Х	Update DAC G Data
х	Х	х	х	1	1	1	0	Х	Update DAC H Data
Х	Х	х	Х	X	Х	Х	1	х	Power down (Output High Z)

Table 4. Operating Mode Truth Table (TPC116S8)



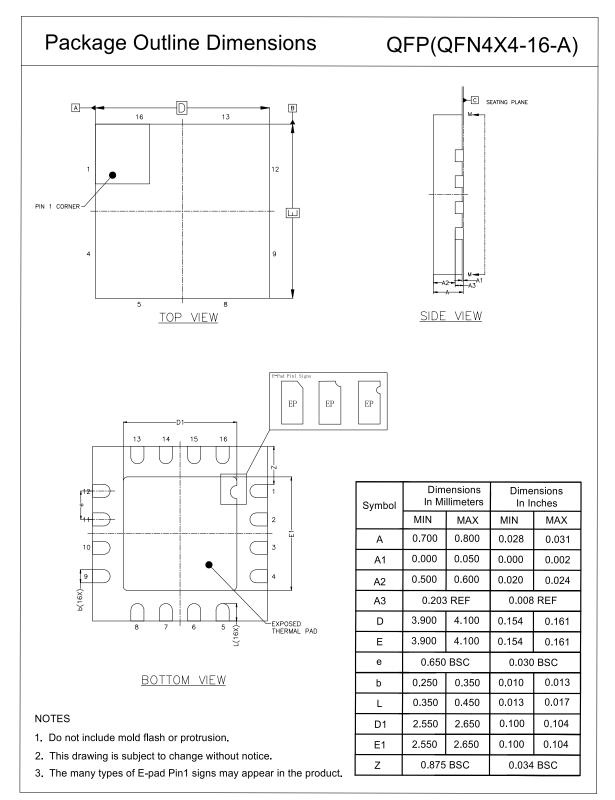
Package Outline Dimensions

TSSOP16





QFN4X4-16





Order Information

Order Number	Operating Temperature Range	Package	Marking Information	MSL	Transport Media, Quantity	Eco Plan
TPC112S8-TR	-40 to 125°C	TSSOP16	112S8	1	Tape and Reel, 3,000	Green
TPC116S8-TR	-40 to 125°C	TSSOP16	116S8	1	Tape and Reel, 3,000	Green
TPC116S8-QR	-40 to 125°C	QFN4X4-16	116S8	1	Tape and Reel, 3,000	Green

Green: 3PEAK defines "Green" to mean RoHS compatible and free of halogen substances.



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TPC116S8/ TPC112S8

Octal 16-/12-Bit, Low-Power, High-Performance DACs

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