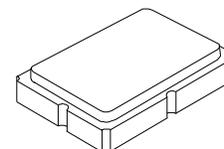


RO3103A

418.0 MHz SAW Resonator



SM5035-4

- **Ideal for 418.0 MHz Transmitters**
- **Very Low Series Resistance**
- **Quartz Stability**
- **Surface-mount Ceramic Case**
- **Complies with Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS)**
- **Tape and Reel Standard per ANSI/EIA-481**
- **Moisture Sensitivity Level: 1**
- **AEC-Q200 Qualified**

The RO3103A is a true one-port, surface-acoustic-wave (SAW) resonator in a surface-mount, ceramic case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization of fixed-frequency transmitters operating at 418 MHz.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Units
CW RF Power Dissipation	+0	dBm
DC Voltage on any Non-ground Terminal	±30	VDC
Case Temperature	-40 to +125	°C
Soldering Temperature, 10 seconds / 5 cycles maximum	260	°C

Electrical Characteristics

Characteristic		Sym	Notes	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units
Center Frequency, +25 °C	Absolute Frequency	f_C		417.925		418.075	MHz
	Tolerance from 418.00 MHz	Δf_C				±75	kHz
Insertion Loss		IL			1.5	2.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	Q_U			12100		
	50 Ω Loaded Q	Q_L			1550		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	T_O		10	25	40	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f_O			f_C		
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC			0.032		ppm/°C ²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	$ f_A $			≤ 10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance between Any Two Terminals				1.0			M Ω
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R_M			15		Ω
	Motional Inductance	L_M			67.5		μ H
	Motional Capacitance	C_M			2.3		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	C_O			2.3		pF
Test Fixture Shunt Inductance		L_{TEST}			63		nH
Lid Symbolization (YY = Year, WW = Week, S = Shift)				659, <u>YYWWS</u>			

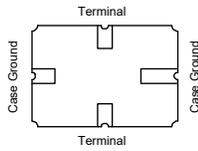
CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling.

NOTES:

1. The design, manufacturing process, and specifications of this device are subject to change.
2. US or International patents may apply.
3. RoHS compliant from the first date of manufacture.

Electrical Connections

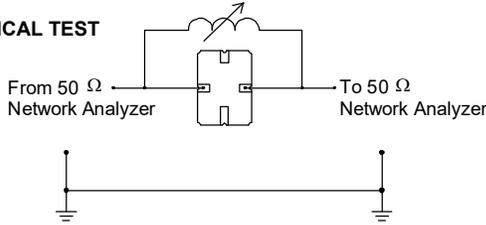
The SAW resonator is bidirectional and may be installed with either orientation. The two terminals are interchangeable and unnumbered. The callout NC indicates no internal connection. The NC pads assist with mechanical positioning and stability. External grounding of the NC pads is recommended to help reduce parasitic capacitance in the circuit.



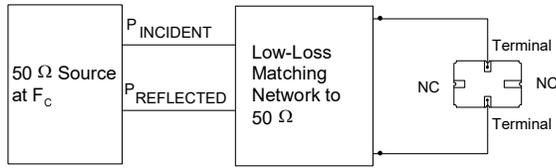
Typical Test Circuit

The test circuit inductor, L_{TEST} , is tuned to resonate with the static capacitance, C_0 , at F_C .

ELECTRICAL TEST



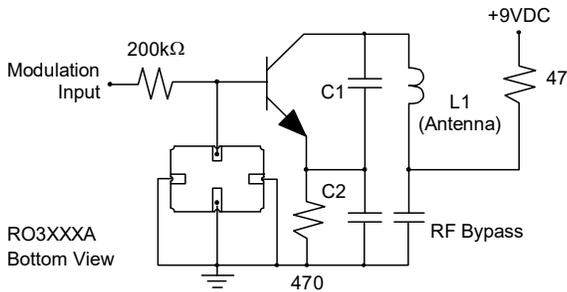
POWER TEST



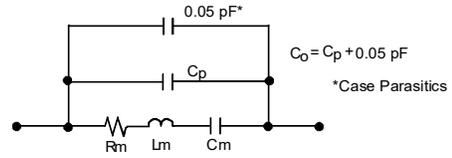
$$CW \text{ RF Power Dissipation} = P_{INCIDENT} - P_{REFLECTED}$$

Typical Application Circuits

Typical Low-Power Transmitter Application

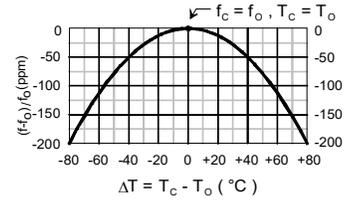


Equivalent Model

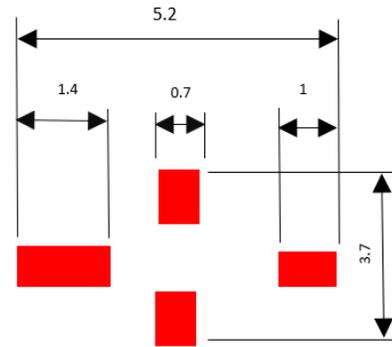
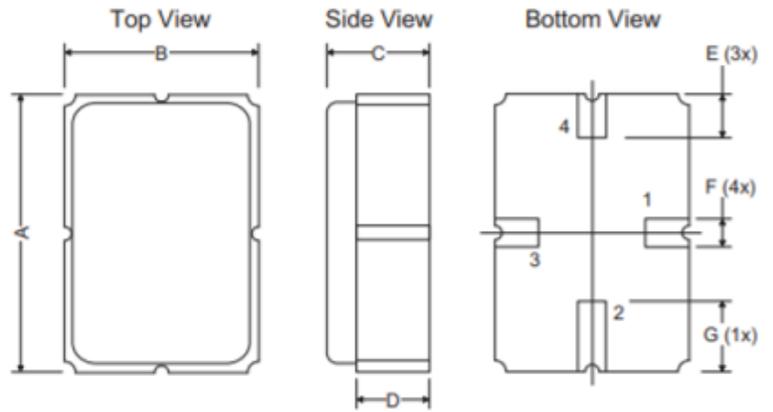


Temperature Characteristics

The curve shown on the right accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature contributions.

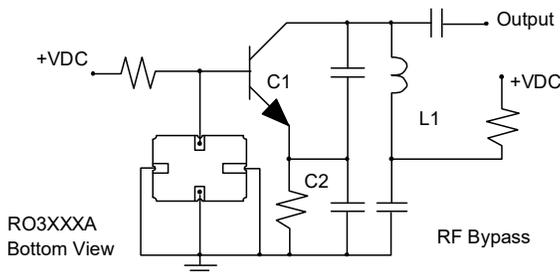


Case



PCB Footprint

Typical Local Oscillator Applications



Dimensions	Millimeters			Inches		
	Min	Nom	Max	Min	Nom	Max
A	4.87	5.00	5.13	0.191	0.196	0.201
B	3.37	3.50	3.63	0.132	0.137	0.142
C	1.45	1.53	1.60	0.057	0.060	0.062
D	1.35	1.43	1.50	0.040	0.057	0.059
E	0.67	0.80	0.93	0.026	0.031	0.036
F	0.37	0.50	0.63	0.014	0.019	0.024
G	1.07	1.20	1.33	0.042	0.047	0.052

Recommended Reflow Profile

1. Preheating shall be fixed at 150~180°C for 60~90 seconds.
2. Ascending time to preheating temperature 150°C shall be 30 seconds min.
3. Heating shall be fixed at 220°C for 50~80 seconds and at 260°C +0/-5°C peak (10 seconds).
4. Time: 5 times maximum.

