

CR-AGDE27N

CR Cylindrical Lithium Primary Battery

Features & Benefits

- Long Life CR-AG Cylindrical Cell
- Lithium Metal Chemistry for High-Capacity
- · Spiral Design for High-Rate/Pulse Discharge
- Solder Tabs for Solid Connections
- PTC for Increased Safety



See specific dimensions attached.

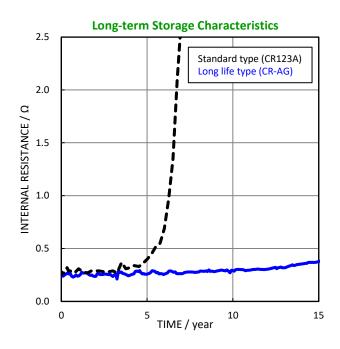
Applications

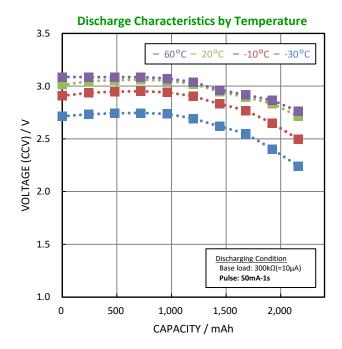
Suitable for infrastructure devices requiring reliable, long life power; Smoke and Carbon Monoxide Detectors, Gas and Water Meters, Security Devices, iBeacons, IoT/Sensing Devices, etc...

Part number	CR-AGDE27N		
Nominal Voltag	3V		
Nominal Capac	2,400mAh		
Continuous dra	2.5mA		
Dimensions*1	Diameter(Max.)	17.0mm 45.5mm	
Dimensions -	Height(Max.)		
Weight*1	Approx. 22.0g		
Operating Tem	-40°C ~ +85°C*²		

^{*1} Without tabs.

 $^{^*}$ 2 Please consult Panasonic when anticipating usage with operating temperatures exceeding 70 $^\circ$ C.





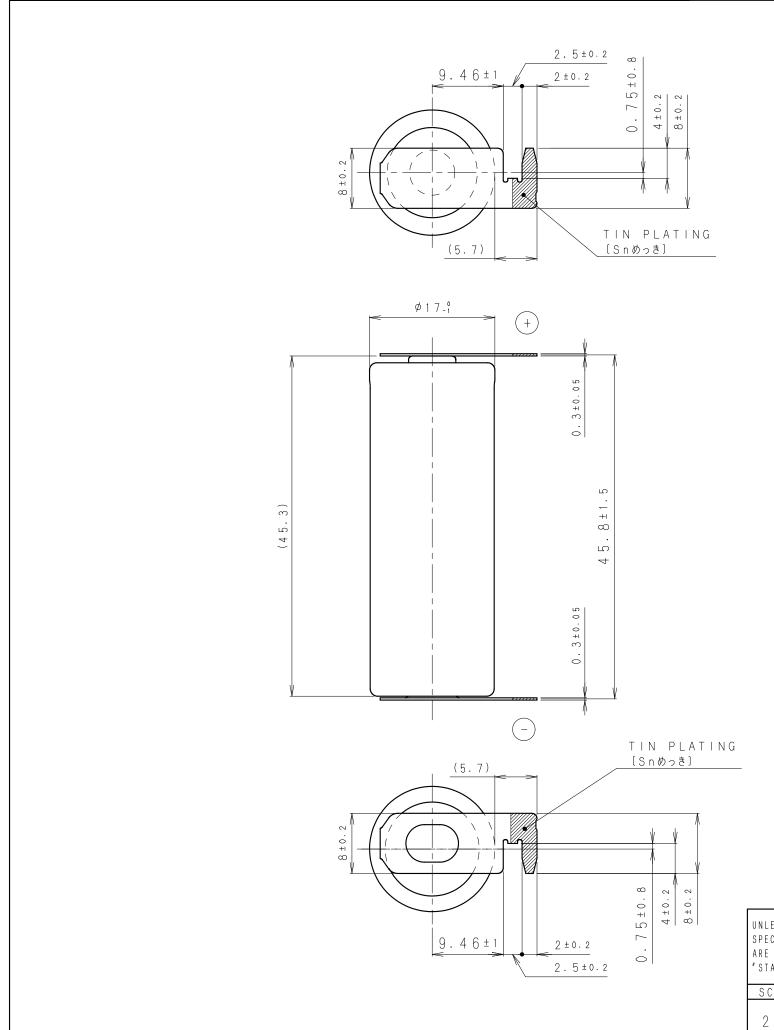
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https://industrial.panasonic.com/ww/products/batteries/primary-batteries/lithium-batteries/lineup



SYMBOL	DATE	REVISION	SIGNED	CHECKED

NOTE〔注記〕

- 1. NOMINAL VOLTAGE: 3 V
 - [公称電圧:3 V]
- 2. TAB WELDING STRENGTH OVER 30N [端子溶接強度:30N以上]

3. TAB MATERIAL: STAINLESS STEEL WITH TIN PLATING

[端子材料:基材 ステンレス/表面 部分Snめっき 💹 〕

4. (): REFERENCE DIMENSION AND ANGLE [()寸法、角度は参考値]



UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS ARE IN TOLERANCES ON "STANDARD TOLERANCE"		NOMINA	LSIZE	STANDARD	TOLERANCE	PRODUCT		
		ane ≦ 6		± 0	. 2		C R - A G D F 2 7 N	
		6 < ~ ≦ 3 0		±0.5		NO.		
		3 0 < ~ ≦ 1 2 0		± 0	±0.8			
		NOMINAL ANGLE		± 5°		NAME	IPRODUCT DRAWING	
SCALE	DESIGNED	DRAWN	CHECKED	CHECKED	APPROVED			
2:1	若林 	若林 若林 石丸 山木	1 1		DRAWING	REV.		
			石丸	山本	山下藤	NO.	PD-CR-AGDE27N 0	
	Aug. 28, 2020	Aug. 28, 2020				IN U .		



Precautions for use

- 1) The battery shall not be stored at temperatures in excess of 45°C. Storage at less than 35°C is recommended. Storage at less than -20°C can deform the plastic parts and may cause leakage. To prevent self-discharge caused by corrosion or decrease of insulation, humidity during storage shall be less than 70%RH.
 - Do not expose batteries to direct sunlight or moisture in order to prevent deterioration of performance.
- 2) The battery has an explosion resistant construction. But the following cautions should be taken, because combustible materials such as Lithium metal and organic electrolyte are contained in the battery.
 - * Do not use except in applicable model or equipment.
 - * Do not connect other cell in series.
 - * Do not mix new (fresh) and old (end of life) batteries.
 - * Do not force-discharge.
 - * Do not mix different types (chemistries) of batteries.
 - * Do not short circuit.
 - * Do not dispose in fire.
 - * Do not charge.
 - * Do not disassemble.
 - * Do not heat up more than 100°C.
 - * Do not solder directly onto batteries.
 - * Do not soak in water.
 - * Do not deform.
 - * Do not inadequately modify and remodel for installation.
 - * Insert the batteries in correct polarity position.
- 3) Keep away from heat source or flame.
- 4) Do not wash by ultrasonic wave washer.
- 5) Keep away from children and infants to prevent the possibility of swallowing by mistake.



Battery Safety Practices

Avoiding hazards in lithium battery handling



Mishandling batteries can cause battery leakage, heat generation, rupture, ignition etc., that can lead to possible fire or injury.

Both of coin type and cylinder type of lithium batteries contain flammable materials such as lithium, organic solvent and other chemical ingredients. Improper handling of lithium batteries may result in heat generation, fire or explosion, with a risk of personal injury or damage. To prevent these accidents in battery handling, be sure to observe the following precautions.

1) Do not Short circuit

Direct connection of plus (+) and minus (-) poles may result in leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire. Do not store and/or carry batteries with metallic product such as necklace.

(Referfia.1)

2) Do not stack and/or jumble batteries Stacked and/or jumbled batteries may cause short circuit and/or forced discharge by the contact of other batteries. This may result in leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire. Especially, a connection with the 006P(9V) type batteries may have a high risk of leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire.

(Refer fig.2 & 3)

3) Do not make forced discharge batteries

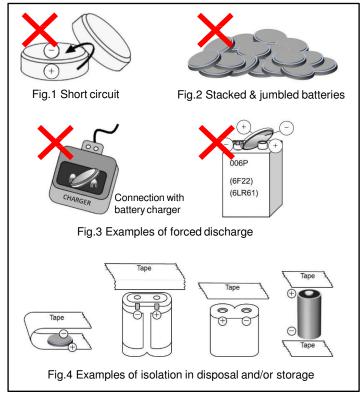
Forced discharge by external power source, the battery voltage goes to negative and this cause gas generation in inside of the battery. This may result in leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire.

(Referfig.3)

*In your disposal and/or storage of the batteries, please isolate plus and minus poles by adhesive tape. A connection with other metals and/or batteries may result in leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire.

*When using the stored battery, please remove the tape perfectly to avoid high contact resistance problem.

(Referfig.4)



4) Do not dispose of batteries in fire

Disposal of batteries in fire is extremely dangerous with a risk of explosion and violent flaring.

5) Do not heat batteries

Heating batteries above 100°C (212°F) may damage the resin in crimping, separator and other parts, causing electrolyte leak, internal short circuit, fire and explosion.

6) Do not solder directly onto batteries

Direct soldering onto batteries may damage the resin in crimping, separator and other parts, causing electrolyte leak, internal short circuit, fire and explosion.

7) Do not charge batteries

Charging of primary batteries may result internal gas generation, causing electrolyte leak, battery swelling, fire and explosion.

8) Do not disassemble batteries

Disassembly batteries may cause gas generation that may irritate your throat. Lithium may also react with moisture to generate heat and fire.

9) Do not deform batteries

Applying extreme pressure to batteries may cause deformation of the crimping and internal short circuit, causing electrolyte leak, battery swelling, fire and explosion.

10) Do not mix different type batteries

For some applications, mixing of different type batteries, or new and old batteries, can cause over discharge due to differences in voltage and discharge capacities. This may lead to the risk of swelling and/or explosion.

11) Do not insert batteries with opposite polarity

For some applications, battery insertion with opposite polarity (reverse insertion of plus and minus) may result in leakage, heat generation, explosion and/or fire.

Please ensure the above precautions are strictly observed by related divisions including production departments, sales departments and external subcontractors. For additional details and information, please contact our sales representatives.



Disclaimer

- You shall not alter, change, repair, improve or modify our battery ("Battery"). Panasonic Corporation ("Panasonic") shall not be responsible for any issues caused by modifications to the Battery taken place after that the Battery is delivered to the customer.
- 2) Panasonic shall not warrant or be responsible in any case where you fail to carry out proper handling, operating, installation, testing, service and checkout of the Battery and/or to follow the instruction, cautions, warnings, and notes provided in this data sheet.
- 3) In no event shall Panasonic be responsible for any defects of the Battery or any performance of any devices in which the Battery are incorporated.
- 4) Panasonic makes no representation or warranties, express or implied, with respect to the Battery, including, but not limited to, the implied warranties of merchantability and of fitness for a particular purpose.
- 5) Panasonic shall not take any responsibility for the use or incorporation of the Battery for or into devices for which failure or malfunction of the Battery may directly jeopardize life or cause threat of personal injury, such as for medical equipment, vehicle equipment, aircraft and aerospace equipment, aircraft electronics equipment, explosion-proof equipment or any other similar equipment.
- 6) IN NO EVENT SHALL PANASONIC, REGARDLESS OF THE LEGAL REASON, TORT OR OTHERWISE, BE LIABLE TO YOU AND/OR ANY THIRD PARTIES FOR ANY LOST PROFITS OR FOR SPECIAL, DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, ANY LOSS, DAMAGES, COSTS AND EXPENSES ARISING FROM OR IN CONNECTION WITH THE USE OF THE BATTERY AND/OR ANY LOSS OF ELECTRICAL POWER, COMMUNICATION AND DATA.
- 7) You shall, to the extent available under applicable law, defend, indemnify and hold Panasonic, its affiliates, customers, and its and their respective officers, directors, agents, servants, representatives and employees (collectively, "Panasonic Parties") harmless from and against all losses, liabilities, damages, claims, demands, actions, proceedings, lawsuits, judgments, governmental orders, recalls, proposed recalls and all costs and expenses, including but not limited to reasonable attorneys' fees and other professionals' fees and expenses incurred in the investigation or defense thereof or the enforcement of rights hereunder, in each case whether or not resulting from third party claims (collectively, "Claims"), arising out of or in connection with the Battery. For the avoidance of doubt, you shall defend, indemnify and hold the Panasonic Parties harmless from and against any and all Claims arising out of or in connection with (i) death or injury to any person, or damage to any property, resulting, directly or indirectly, from the design, manufacture, assembly, purchase, sale, use, operation or disposal of the Battery, (ii) any loss of an electrical power, communication or data due to the Battery regardless of the cause thereof, or (iii) your failure to comply with the terms and conditions set forth in this disclaimer.
- 8) This disclaimer may be subject to change without notice.