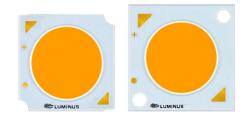


Generation 6 CXM-9

COB Arrays White LED COB



Features

- High lumen output and efficacy typical
- Over 1710 lm, 143 LPW @ 3000K, 90CRI, Tj = 85°C
- CCT range 2200k, 2400K, 2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K and 6500K
- 3 SDCM and 2 SDCM color binning standard
- Excellent optical emission uniformity and color over angle consistency
- Superior thermal conductivity for uniform heat spreading
- ENEC certification



Applications

- Spotlights/Track Lights
- Downlights
- Shop Lighting
- Hospitality Lighting

- Architectural and Specialty
- Street Lighting
- Parking Lot and Area Lighting
- Tunnel Lighting

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Ordering Part Numbers - TA60-18 V

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at 720 mA and specified at Tj = 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only.

		Luminous Flux ¹			Ordering Part Number		
Minimum- CRI ²	ССТ	Typical Flux (85°C)	Minimum Flux (85°C)	Calculated Typical Flux (25°C)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse	2-step MacAdam Ellipse	
	2700K	1855	1725	2040	CXM-9-27-80-18-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-80-18-TA60-F7-2	
	3000K	1955	1820	2150	CXM-9-30-80-18-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-80-18-TA60-F7-2	
80	3500K	1995	1855	2190	CXM-9-35-80-18-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-80-18-TA60-F7-2	
	4000K	2035	1895	2240	CXM-9-40-80-18-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-80-18-TA60-F7-2	
	5000K	2070	1925	2275	CXM-9-50-80-18-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-80-18-TA60-F7-2	

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.



Ordering Part Numbers - TA60-36 V

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at 360 mA and specified at Tj = 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only.

		Lum	ninous Flux (Im	ı)1	Ordering Part Number		
Minimum- CRI ²	ССТ	Typical Flux (85°C)	Minimum Flux (85°C)	Calculated Typical Flux (25°C)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse	2-step MacAdam Ellipse	
90	2200K	1405	1305	1545	CXM-9-22-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-22-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	2400K	1525	1420	1680	CXM-9-24-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-24-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		1855	1725	2040	CXM-9-27-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	2700K	1645	1530	1810	CXM-9-27-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
95		1380	1280	1515	CXM-9-27-95-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-95-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		1955	1820	2150	CXM-9-30-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	3000K	1710	1585	1875	CXM-9-30-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
95		1455	1350	1600	CXM-9-30-95-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-95-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		1995	1855	2190	CXM-9-35-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	3500K	1750	1625	1925	CXM-9-35-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
95		1520	1410	1670	CXM-9-35-95-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-95-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		2035	1895	2240	CXM-9-40-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	4000K	1790	1665	1970	CXM-9-40-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
95		1600	1490	1760	CXM-9-40-95-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-95-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		2070	1925	2275	CXM-9-50-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	5000K	1785	1660	1965	CXM-9-50-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-90-36-TA60-F7-2	
95		1680	1560	1845	CXM-9-50-95-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-95-36-TA60-F7-2	
80		2005	1865	2205	CXM-9-65-80-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-65-80-36-TA60-F7-2	
90	6500K	1795	1670	1975	CXM-9-65-90-36-TA60-F7-3	CXM-9-65-90-36-TA60-F7-2	

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.



Ordering Part Numbers -TC60-36 V

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at 360 mA and specified at Tj = 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only.

		Lum	ninous Flux (Im	ı)1	Ordering Part Number		
Minimum- CRI ²	ССТ	Typical Flux (85°C)	Minimum Flux (85°C)	Calculated Typical Flux (25°C)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse	2-step MacAdam Ellipse	
90	2200K	1405	1305	1545	CXM-9-22-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-22-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	2400K	1525	1420	1680	CXM-9-24-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-24-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
80		1855	1725	2040	CXM-9-27-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	2700K	1645	1530	1810	CXM-9-27-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
95		1380	1280	1515	CXM-9-27-95-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-27-95-36-TC60-F7-2	
80		1955	1820	2150	CXM-9-30-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	3000K	1710	1585	1875	CXM-9-30-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
95		1455	1350	1600	CXM-9-30-95-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-30-95-36-TC60-F7-2	
80		1995	1855	2190	CXM-9-35-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	3500K	1750	1625	1925	CXM-9-35-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
95		1520	1410	1670	CXM-9-35-95-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-35-95-36-TC60-F7-2	
80		2035	1895	2240	CXM-9-40-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	4000K	1790	1665	1970	CXM-9-40-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
95		1600	1490	1760	CXM-9-40-95-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-40-95-36-TC60-F7-2	
80		2070	1925	2275	CXM-9-50-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	5000K	1785	1660	1965	CXM-9-50-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-90-36-TC60-F7-2	
95		1680	1560	1845	CXM-9-50-95-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-50-95-36-TC60-F7-2	
80	6500K	2005	1865	2205	CXM-9-65-80-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-65-80-36-TC60-F7-2	
90	OOUUK	1795	1670	1975	CXM-9-65-90-36-TC60-F7-3	CXM-9-65-90-36-TC60-F7-2	

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.



Ordering Part Numbers -TC/TA62 Sensus -36 V

The following tables describe products with typical flux and minimum flux measured at 360 mA and specified at Tj = 85°C. The values at 25°C are calculated and shown for reference only.

Minimum- CRI ²	сст	Luminous Flux (Im) ¹			Ordering Part Number		
		Typical Flux (85°C)	Minimum Flux (85°C)	Calculated Typical Flux (25°C)	3-step MacAdam Ellipse	2-step MacAdam Ellipse	
	2700K	1565	1455	1725	CXM-9-27-90-36-TC62-F7-3	CXM-9-27-90-36-TC62-F7-2	
	2700K	1565	1455	1725	CXM-9-27-90-36-TA62-F7-3	CXM-9-27-90-36-TA62-F7-2	
90	3000K	1660	1545	1830	CXM-9-30-90-36-TC62-F7-3	CXM-9-30-90-36-TC62-F7-2	
90	3000K	1660	1545	1830	CXM-9-30-90-36-TA62-F7-3	CXM-9-30-90-36-TA62-F7-2	
	25001/	1705	1585	1875	CXM-9-35-90-36-TC62-F7-3	CXM-9-35-90-36-TC62-F7-2	
	3500K -	1705	1585	1875	CXM-9-35-90-36-TA62-F7-3	CXM-9-35-90-36-TA62-F7-2	

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 6% tolerance on flux measurements.



Part Number Nomenclature

All Luminus COB products are packaged and labeled with part numbers as outlined in the table on page 2. Luminus may include any smaller chromaticity bin that is contained in the larger bin as part of the ordered part. When shipped, each package will contain only a single flux and chromaticity bin. The part number designation is as follows:

СХМ	9	NN	XX	VV	QQPP	FG	W
Product Family	LES ¹	CCT ²	Minimum CRI ³	Typical Voltage	Package Configurator⁴	Flux Bin	Chromaticity Bin
Chip on Board, Multi-die	9 mm LES diameter	See Note 2 below	80: CRI > 80 90: CRI > 90 95: CRI > 95	Volts (V) 36 : 36V 18 : 18V	TA60 TC60	Lumens	See page 6 for bins

Note:

- 1. Light Emitting Surface (LES) Diameter.
- 2. Correlated Color Temperature (CCT), NN nomenclature corresponds to the following:

65 = 6500K

- 22 = 2200K 35 = 3500K 24 = 2400K 40 = 4000K 27 = 2700K 50 = 5000K 30 = 3000K
- 3. Minimum Color Rendering Index (CRI).
- 4. TC is a standard substrate with sulfur resistance process, TA is an alternative substrate; 6 means Gen 6 COB products, 0 means a product with chromaticity on the BBL, 2 means chromaticity below the BBL.
- 5. Luminus part numbers may be accompanied by prefixes or suffixes. The most common is the "Rev01" suffix indicating a part is fully released and carries a full warranty. These additional characters may appear on shipping labels, packing slips and invoices. In all cases the basic part number described above will always be included.

CCT, CRI and R9 Values

Correlated Color Temperatures	XX Value	CRI	R9 ¹
2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K, 6500K	80	>80	>0
2200K, 2400K, 2700K, 3000K, 3500K, 4000K, 5000K, 6500K	90	>90	>50
2700K, 3000K	05	. 05	>80
3500K, 4000K, 5000K	95	>95	>70

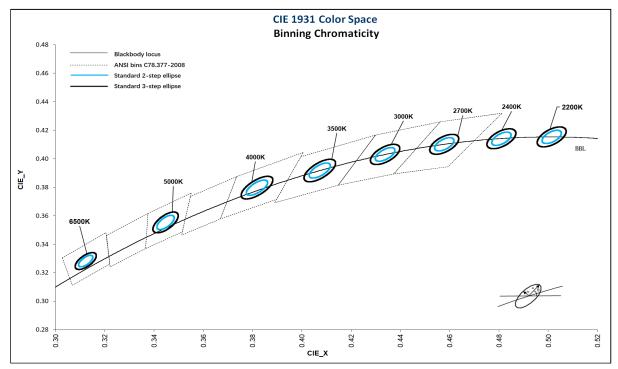
Note:

1. R9 values have a tolerance of +/- 5%



Binning Structure

Chromaticity Binning Diagram ¹ -TC/TA60



The following tables describe the chromaticity bin center points, the orientation angle for the MacAdam ellipse, and the maximum radii for the ellipses. The ANSI Bin is provided for reference.

COT	Center point		Angle(deg)	3-step Bin		2-step Bin	
ССТ	х	у	Φ	а	b	а	b
2200K	0.5014	0.4153	53 .7	0 .0081	0 .0042	0.0054	0.0028
2400K	0.4810	0.4140	53 .7	0 .0081	0 .0042	0 .0054	0.0028
2700K	0 .4578	0 .4101	53 .7	0 .0081	0 .0042	0 .0054	0.0028
3000K	0 .4338	0 .4030	53 .2	0 .0083	0 .0041	0 .0056	0.0027
3500K	0 .4073	0 .3917	54 .0	0 .0093	0 .0041	0.0062	0.0028
4000K	0 .3818	0 .3797	53 .7	0.0094	0 .0040	0 .0063	0.0027
5000K	0 .3447	0 .3553	59 .6	0 .0082	0 .0035	0 .0056	0.0024
6500K	0.3123	0 .3282	58 .6	0.0067	0 .0029	0 .0046	0.0019

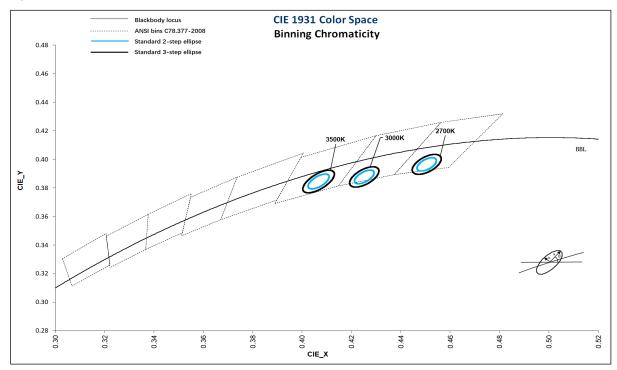
Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 0.005 tolerance on chromaticity (CIEx and CIEy) measurements.



Binning Structure

Chromaticity Binning Diagram ¹-TC/TA62



The following tables describe the chromaticity bin center points, the orientation angle for the MacAdam ellipse, and the maximum radii for the ellipses. The ANSI Bin is provided for reference.

COT	Center point		Angle(deg)	3-step Bin		2-step Bin	
CCT	Х	у	Φ	а	b	а	b
2700K	0.4505	0.3965	53 .7	0 .0081	0 .0042	0 .0054	0.0028
3000K	0 .4252	0 .3877	53 .6	0 .0083	0 .0041	0.0056	0.0027
3500K	0 .4067	0 .3845	54 .0	0 .0093	0 .0041	0 .0061	0.0028

Note:

1. Luminus maintains a +/- 0.005 tolerance on chromaticity (CIEx and CIEy) measurements.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

18 V

Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
Famula Quarant	Typical	I _{f typ}	720	
Forward Current	Maximum	I _{f max}	2000	mA
Devuer Dissignation	Typical	P _{d typ}	12	14/
Power Dissipation	Maximum	P _{d max}	37.4	W
Operating Case Temperature	Maximum	T _c	120	°C
Junction Temperature	Maximum	Tj	140	°C

36 V

Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
Forward Current	Typical	I _{f typ}	360	
	Maximum	I _{f max}	1000	mA
Devuer Dissignation	Typical	P _{d typ}	12	
Power Dissipation	Maximum	P _{d max}	37.4	W
Operating Case Temperature	Maximum	T _c	120	°C
Junction Temperature	Maximum	Tj	140	°C



Characteristics^{1,2,3} - 18V

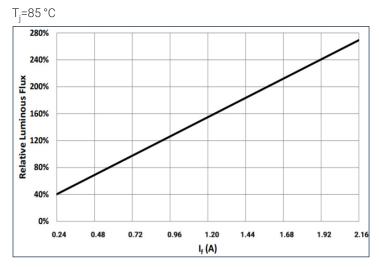
Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
Light Emitting Surface Diameter		LES	9.6	mm
	Minimum	V _{f min}	15.7	
Forward Voltage	Typical	V _{f typ}	16.6	V
	Maximum	V _{f max}	18.7	
Thermal Resistance		R _{th J-C}	0.32	°C/W
Viewing Angle		20 _{1/2}	120	o

Notes:

- 1. Device measurements are at $T_i = 85^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. To prevent damage refer to operating conditions and derating curves for appropriate maximum operating conditions
- 3. Voltage is rated at typical forward current. For voltage at higher drive current, refer to performance graphs.
- 4. Please use ray files for all optics designs.
- 5. Device operation not recommended at drive currents less than 10% of the typical value
- 6. Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.
- 7. All product operating specifications are subject to change without advance notice.

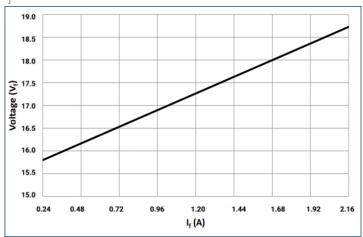


Relative Luminous Flux vs Forward Current



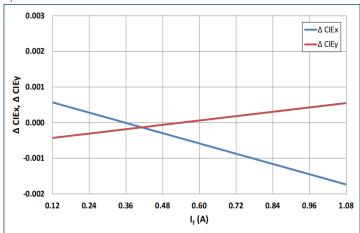
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current

T_i= 85°C



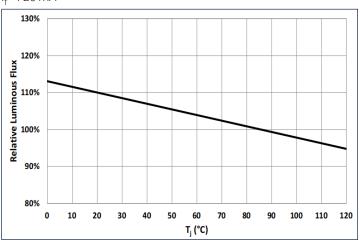


T_i=85 °C



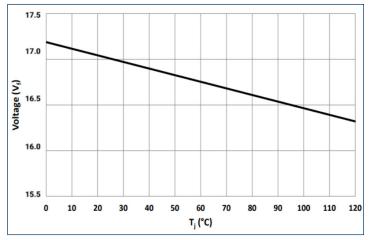
Relative Luminous Flux vs Temperature

l_f =720 mA

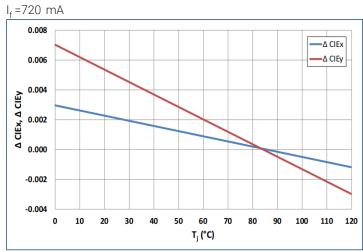


Forward Voltage vs Temperature

l_f=720 mA



Relative Chromaticity vs Temperature





Characteristics^{1,2,3} - 36V

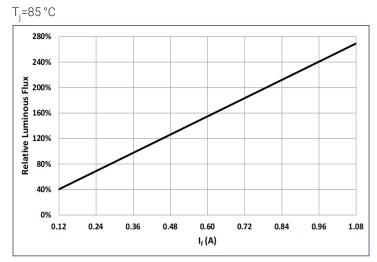
Parameter		Symbol	Value	Unit
Light Emitting Surface Diameter		LES	9.6	mm
	Minimum	V _{f min}	31.4	
Forward Voltage	Typical	V _{f typ}	33.2	V
	Maximum	V _{f max}	37.4	
Thermal Resistance		R _{th J-C}	0.32	°C/W
Viewing Angle		20 _{1/2}	120	o

Notes:

- 1. Device measurements are at $T_i = 85^{\circ}$ C.
- 2. To prevent damage refer to operating conditions and derating curves for appropriate maximum operating conditions
- 3. Voltage is rated at typical forward current. For voltage at higher drive current, refer to performance graphs.
- 4. Please use ray files for all optics designs.
- 5. Device operation not recommended at drive currents less than 10% of the typical value
- 6. Caution must be taken not to stare at the light emitted from these LEDs. Under special circumstances, the high intensity could damage the eye.
- 7. All product operating specifications are subject to change without advance notice.

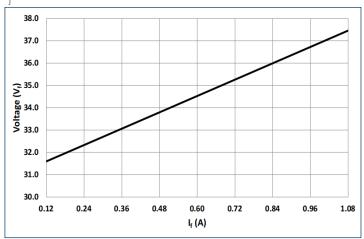


Relative Luminous Flux vs Forward Current



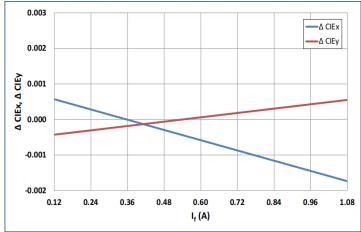
Forward Voltage vs Forward Current

T_i= 85°C



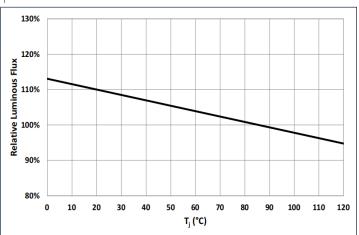






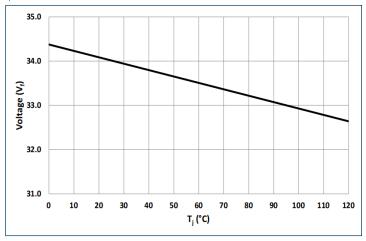
Relative Luminous Flux vs Temperature

l_f =360 mA

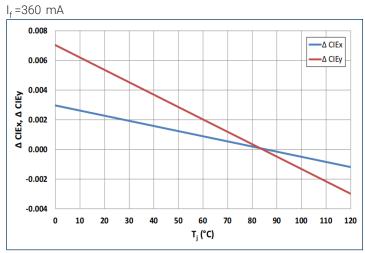


Forward Voltage vs Temperature

I_f =360 mA

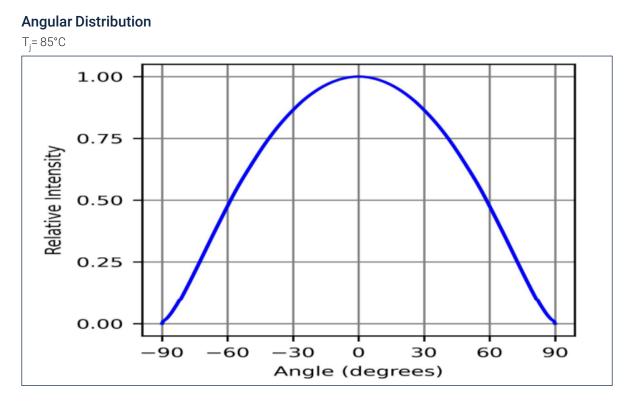


Relative Chromaticity vs Temperature

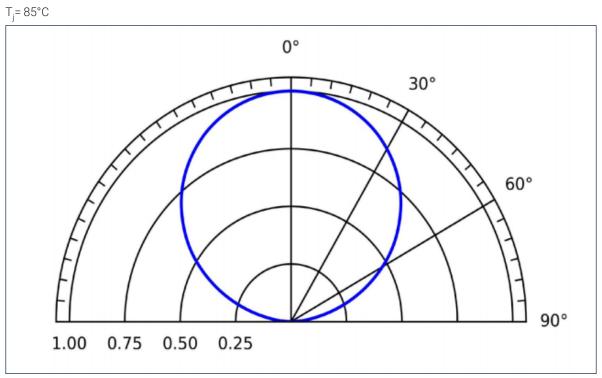




Angular Distribution and Typical Spectrum

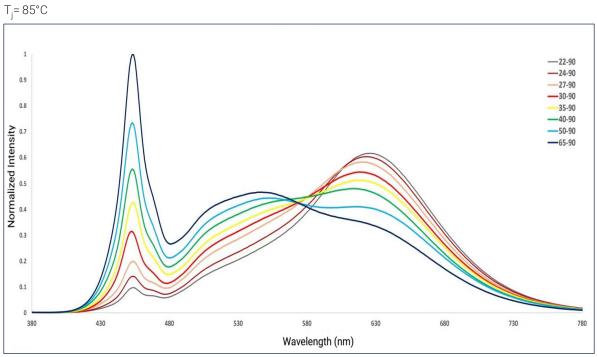


Polar Distribution



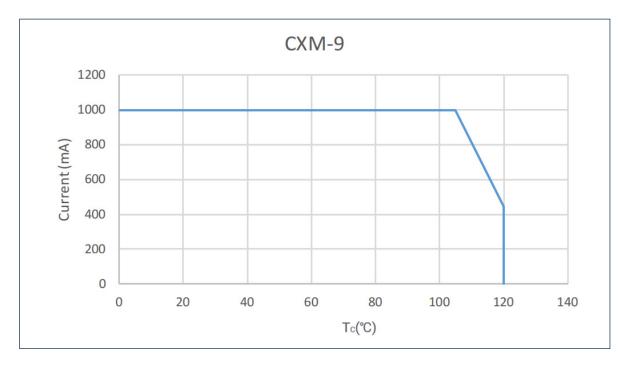


Angular Distribution and Typical Spectrum



Relative Spectral Power Distribution

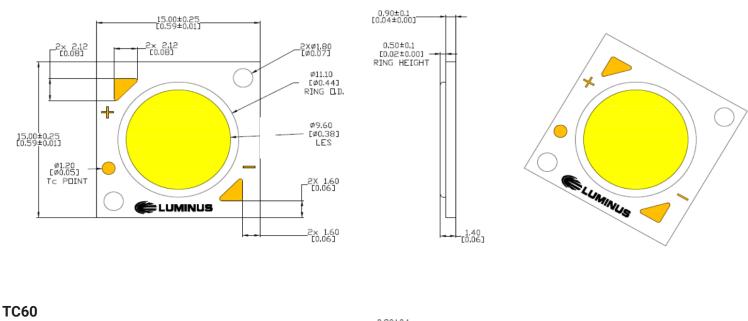
Derating Curve

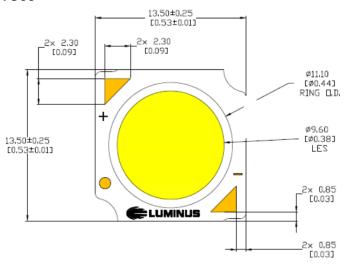


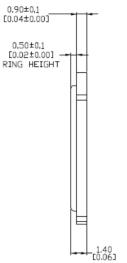
TA60

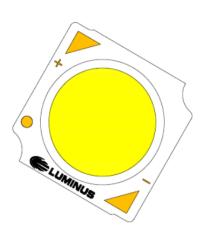


Mechanical Dimensions¹









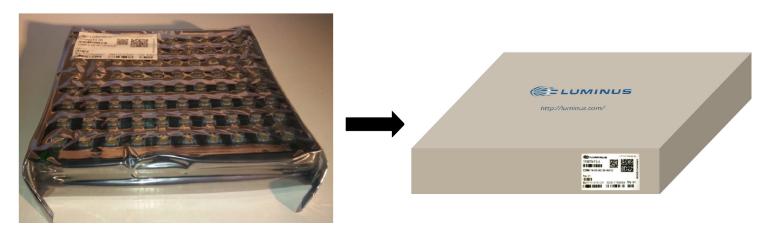
Note:

1. Unless otherwise specified, tolerance is \pm 0.3mm.



Shipping Tray Outline

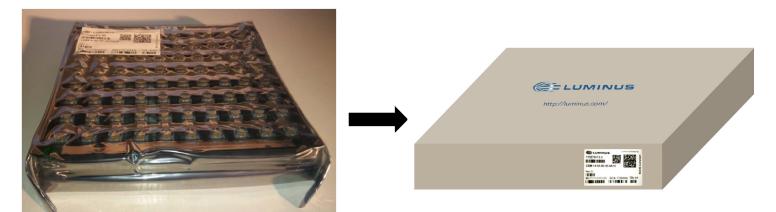
TA60



Packing Configuration:

- 60 pcs per tray and 5 trays are stacked together to be sealed in an anti-static bag.
- The anti-static bag is boxed for easier storage, 300 pcs per box.

TC60



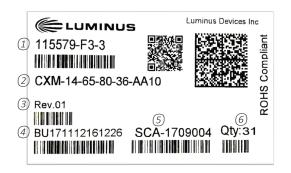
Packing Configuration:

- 80 pcs per tray and 5 trays are stacked together to be sealed in an anti-static bag.
- The anti-static bag is boxed for easier storage, 400 pcs per box.



Shipping Label

Label on Packaging Box



Label model -- for illustration only

Notes:

- (1) Manufacturer part number, flux bin and chromaticity bin
- (2) Customer part number
- (3) Rev.01 indicates a fully released product
- (4) Box ID
- (5) Production ID
- (6) Total number of units in a box



Technology Overview

Luminus Chip-on-Board (COB) LED series have consistently delivered the highest lumen performance with the best color quality of any COB supplier. Driving performance enhancements through each generations of COB products has provided Luminus a comprehensive understanding of the lighting market for directional sources positioning Luminus as the COB manufacturer of choice for the most discriminating lighting manufacturers.

Reliability

Designed from the ground up, the Luminus COB LED is one of the most reliable light sources in the world today.

UL and IEC Recognized Compliance

Luminus COB arrays are tested in accordance with ANSI/UL 8750 to ensure safe operation for their intended applications. Further, Luminus maintains IEC-62031 safety ratings on all COB products.

REACH & RoHS Compliance

All LED products manufactured by Luminus are REACH and RoHS compliant and free of hazardous materials, including lead and mercury.

Test Specifications

Every Luminus LED is fully tested to ensure it meets the high quality standards customers have come to expect from Luminus' products.

Traceability

Each Luminus COB LED is marked with a 2D bar code that contains a unique serial number. With this serial number, Luminus has the ability to provide customers with actual test data measurements for a specific LED. In addition, the 2D bar code is linked to manufacturing date codes that enables traceability of production processes and materials.

Testing Temperature

Luminus COB products are measured at temperatures typical for the LED operating in the fixture. Each device is tested at 85°C junction temperature eliminating the need to scale data sheet specifications to real world situations.

Chromaticity Bin Range

Chromaticity binning delivers color consistency for every order. Standard products are delivered with a 3-step MacAdam ellipse. This ensures color performance matching in the application. For the most demanding application, Luminus is one of only a few companies that can provide a 2 SDCM bin distribution. These tightly controlled, small distribution bins provide customers predictable, repeatable colors.



Handling Notes

Luminus products are designed for robust performance in general lighting application. However, care must be taken when handling and assembling the LEDs into their fixtures. To avoid damaging Luminus COBs please follow these guidelines.

The following is an overview of the application notes detailing some of the practices to follow when working with these devices. More detailed information is available on the Luminus web site at www.luminus.com.

General Handling

Devices are made to be lifted or carried with tweezers on two adjacent corners opposite the contact pads. At no time should the devices be handled by or should anything come in contact with the light emitting surface (LES) area. This area includes the yellow colored circular area and the ring surrounding it. There are electrical connections under the LES which if damaged will cause the device to fail. In addition, the ring frame itself should not be used for moving, lifting or carrying the device. Also do not attach any optics or mechanical holders to the ring as it is not capable of handling the mechanical stress.

Storage Condition

Please follow the conditions below.

Before opening	Temperature 5~30°C, relative humidity less than 60%.
After opening	Temperature 5~30°C, relative humidity less than 60%. After opening, LED should be kept in an aluminum moisture proof bag with a moisture absorbent material.
Avoid Corrosive gas	Avoid exposing to air with corrosive gas. If exposed, contact pad solderability may be affected. More detailed information is available on the Luminus Applications Resources web pages.

Static Electricity

Luminus COBs are electronic devices which can be damaged by electrostatic discharge (ESD). Please use appropriate measures to assure the devices do not experience ESD during their handling and or storage. ESD protection guidelines should be used at all time when working with Luminus COBs.

Storage	Luminus products are delivered in ESD shielded bags and should be stored in these bags until used.
Transporting	When transporting the devices from one assembly area to another, ESD shielded carts and carriers should be used.
Assembly	Individuals handling Luminus COBs during assembly should be trained in ESD protection practices. Assemblers should maintain constant conductive contact with a path to ground by means of a wrist strap, ankle straps, mat or other ESD protection system.



Chemical Compatibility

The resin material used to form the LES can getter hydrocarbons from the surrounding environment. As a result, certain chemical compounds (H2SO4, H2S, SO2, NH3, H3PO4, etc.) are not recommended for use with the Luminus products. Use of these compounds can cause damage to the light output of the device and may permanently damage the device. Please refer to the table below for a list of the compounds not recommended for use with the Luminus COB products.

Common Chemicals Know to Adversely Affect Luminus Devices				
Acetates	Ethers	Potassium hydroxide		
Acetic acid	Cl, F or Br containing compounds	Siloxanes		
Acrylates	Liquid hydrocarbons	Sodium Hydroxide		
Aldehydes	Hydrochloric Acid	Sulfur compounds		
Aldehydes	Ketones	Sulfuric Acid		
Amines	Nitric Acid	Toluene		
Benzene	Phosphoric acid	Xylenes		
Dienes				

Thermal Interface Material (TIM)

Proper thermal management is critical for successful operation of any LED system. Excess operating temperature can reduce the light output of the device. Excessive heating can cause permanent damage to the device. Proper TIM material is a crucial component for effective heat transfer away from the LED during normal operation. Please refer to www.luminus.com for specific recommendations for TIM solutions.

Please refer to <u>https://download.luminus.com/datasheets/Luminus_APN-002319_Rev_04.pdf</u> for more application note information.



Revision History

Rev	Date	Description of Change	
01	06/04/2023	Initial release	
02	07/11/2024	Upgrade the revisions of most gen 6 data sheet on website, add derating curves	
03	01/16/2025	Update new template, add ordering part number(18V), add 18V characteristics plot	