



## **User's Guide**

# M0116LD-161LDA2



(Vacuum Fluorescent Display Module)

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## 1. INTRODUCTION

The M0116LD Vacuum Fluorescent Display module consists of a 1 row x 16 digit display with one chip controller on board.

#### 2. FEATURES

- 2.1 The MCU can control this module by four control signals, chip select (/SEL), shift clock (SCLK) and serial data (SDATA) and reset (/RST).
- 2.2 Since a DC/DC convert is used, only +12Vdc power source is required to operate the module.
- 2.3 One chip controller mounted on the module includes the character generator ROM (CG-ROM) of 96 ASCII and 152 European characters.
- 2.4 Eight brightness levels can be selected by dimming function.
- 2.5 High quality blue-green (505nm) vacuum fluorescent display provides an attractive and readable medium. Other colors can be achieved by simple wavelength filters.
- 2.6 Characters are provided with a  $5 \times 7$  dot matrix.
- 2.7 The module has up to 8 user definable characters. (CG-RAM function)

#### 3. GENERAL DESCRIPTIONS

- 3.1 This specification becomes effective after being approved by the purchaser.
- 3.2 When any conflict is found in the specification, appropriate action shall be taken upon agreement of both parties.
- 3.3 The expected necessary service parts should be arranged by the customer before the completion of production.

#### 4. PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS

## 4.1 Type

Table 1

Туре	M0116LD-161LSA2	
Digit Format	5×7 Dot Matrix with Comma	

### 4.2 Outer Dimensions, Weight (See Fig-4 on page 5/13 for details)

Table 2

Parameter		Specification	Unit
	Width	$218.0\pm1.0$	mm
Outer Dimensions	Height	$45.0 \pm 1.0$	mm
	Thickness	€26.5	mm
Weight		Typical 130	g



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## 4.3 Specification of Display Panel (See Fig-5 on Page 5/13)

Table\_3

Parameter	Symbol	Specification	Unit
Display Size(W×H)	_	$174.0 \times 16.0$	mm
Number of Digit	_	16 Digits	
Character Size(W×H)	_	7. 1×14.7	mm
Character Pitch	Cp(x)	11.0	mm
Display Color	_	Blue-Green (Peak 505nm)	

#### 4.4 Environment Conditions

Table\_4

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40	+85	$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-50	+95	°C
Humidity (Operating)	Hopr	0	85	%
Humidity (Non-Operating)	Hstg	0	90	%
Vibration (10~55Hz)	_	_	4	G
Shock	_	_	40	G

## 4.5 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Table 5

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	13.2	Vdc
Input Signal Voltage	Vis	-0.3	5.5	Vdc

## 4.6 Recommend Operating Conditions

Table\_6

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	10.8	12.0	13.2	Vdc
H-Level Input Voltage	Vih	3.5	_	5.5	Vdc
L-Level Input Voltage	Vil	_	_	0.8	Vdc

## 4.7 DC Characteristics(Ta=+25°C,Vcc=+5.0Vdc)

Table\_7

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Current ※)	Icc	_	300	400	mA
H-Level Input Current	Iih	-1.0	_	1.0	uA
L-Level Input Current	Iil	-1.0	_	1.0	uA
Luminance	L	100	200		ft- L

 $\divideontimes$  ) The surge current can be approx. 3 times the specified supply current at power on .

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## 4.8 AC Characteristics(Ta=+25°C,Vcc=+5.0Vdc)

Table 8

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Cycle time of SCLK	tcycle	1.0	_	us
Pulse width of SCLK	tcw	300	_	ns
Set-up time of SDATA	$t_{\rm DS}$	300	_	ns
Holding time of SDATA	t <sub>DH</sub>	300	_	ns
Set-up time of /SEL	tcss	300	_	ns
Holding time of /SEL	tcsh	16	_	us
Waiting time of /SEL	tcsw	300		ns
Processing time of SDATA	$t_{ m DOFF}$	8	_	us
Waiting time of SDATA	trsoff	300	_	ns
Rising time of Vcc	t <sub>PRZ</sub>	_	100	us
Off time of Vcc	tpoff	5.0	_	ms

## 4.9 Timing Diagram

## 4.9.1 Data Input Timing

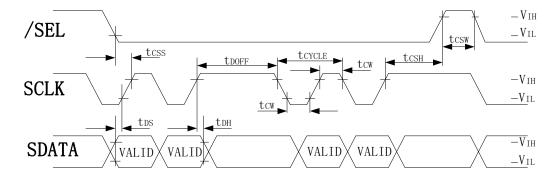


Fig-1. Data Input Timing Diagram

### 4.9.2 Power On Timing

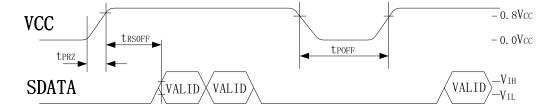


Fig-2. Power On Timing Diagram

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## 4.10 Signal Interfacing

Connector (Male):PH-2S06-FG(by Aster) or equivalent

→ Mate Socket (Female):HIF3B-12D-2.54R (HIROSE) or equivalent

Table\_9

12		11							
10		9							
8		7							
6		5							
4		3							
2		1							
Top View									

Pin No	Symbol	Descriptions
5	/SEL	Chip select Terminal with 1K Pulled-up. When the pin is High, the serial data transfer is inhibited
7,8	SCLK	Shift Clock Input Terminal with 1K Pulled-up. The serial data (pin#9) is shifted at rising edge of SCLK.
9	SDATA	Serial data Input from LSB with 1K Pulled-up.
10	/RST	Input terminal for reset of VFD Module (low Active)
1,2	VCC	Power Supply Terminal. (+12Vdc is required.)
11,12	GND	Ground Terminal. (0Vdc is required)
3	N/P	No Pin
4,6	N/C	No Connection

### 4.11 System Block Diagram

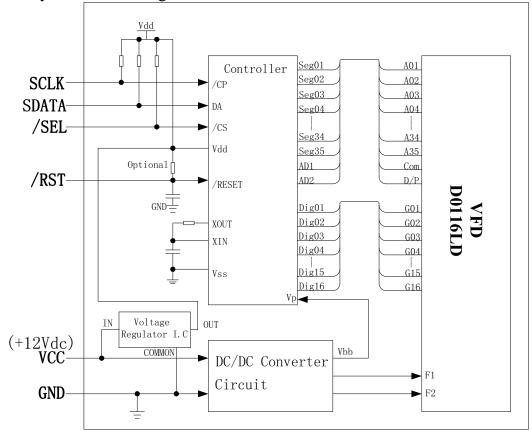


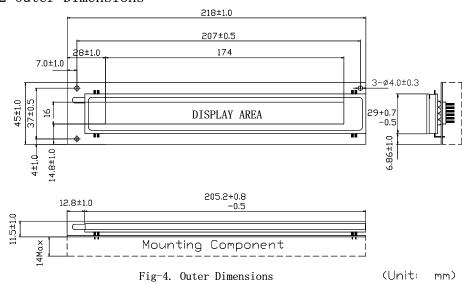
Fig-3 VFD Module System Block Diagram

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#### 4.12 Outer Dimensions



#### 4.13 Pattern Details

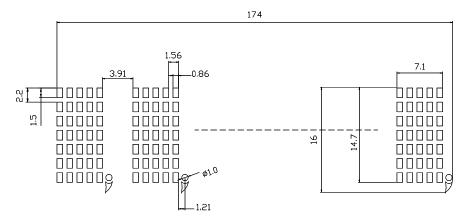


Fig-5. Pattern Details

(Unit: mm)



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#### 5. FUNCTION DESRIPTIONS

A display control command or character data is written by the 8-bit serial synchronous transfer mode. The Figure-6 shows the write timing chart.

When the /SEL pin is low (logic"0"), data can be transferred. Data with 8bits length is input into the SDATA pin sequentially from LSB. (LSB First. MSB last)

Data is shifted at the rising edge of a shift clock pulse which is input to the SCLK pin as shown in the Figure\_6. When data with 8 bits length is entered, an inner LOAD signal is automatically generated, and data is written into the register and RAM. Accordingly, there is no need to input an external LOAD signal.

If the /SEL pin is changed from LOW to HIGH, the serial transfer is inhibited, and data, which is entered after the /SEL pin is changed from HIGH to LOW, is recognized in unit of 8-bits.

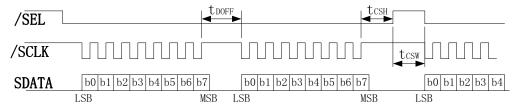
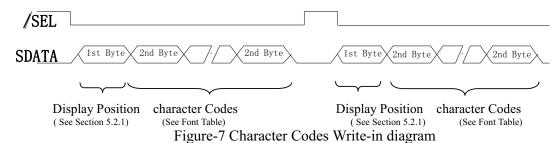


Figure-6. 3-Wired Synchronous Serial Input Timing

#### 5.1 Character Code Write-in

When the first 8-bits data is a command of "DP" (Refer to section 5.2.1) after the /SEL pin is changed from HIGH to LOW, the following codes are treated as display character data. At this time, the display address (Write-in Position) is shifted to the right one digit automatically.

If a user wanted to move the write-in position, the user should make a positive pulse on /SEL pin and re-enter a "DP" command.



#### 5.1.1 CG-RAM Character (00 Hex~ 07 Hex)

A user should define the CG-RAM font by UDF function (Refer to section 5.2.2), before entering the CG-RAM code into VFD module.

#### 5.1.2 CG-ROM Character (08 Hex~ FF Hex)

When the CG-ROM character data code is written-in the module, the corresponding character font (Refer to Table 11) is display at current address (write-in position)



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## Font Table

MSB	b7 b6	0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 1	0 1	0 1	0 1	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 1	1 1	1 1	1 1
LSB	b5 b4	0	0 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$	1 1	0	0 1	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{vmatrix}$	1 1	0	0	0	1 1	0	0	1 0	1 1
b3 b2 b1 b0		0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	Е	F
0 0 0 0	0	CG- RAMO	)				•				٠.	****	-:::		7		1
0 0 0 1	1	CG- RAM1					-===				===						
0 0 1 0	2	CG- RAM2	II	·";				<b></b> .	<u></u>		i	•	ij	×			
0 0 1 1	3	CG- RAM3					===	-==-	<u>.</u> :								4
0 1 0 0	4	CG- RAM4	-							•	•••						
0 1 0 1	5	CG- RAM5	= 							送	==						
0 1 1 0	6	CG- RAM6					=======================================	<b>.</b> .:									
0 1 1 1	7	CG- RAM7	7						<u>.</u>	!					=======================================	-:-:-	
1 0 0 0	8	i	ŧ.			×	-	<u>;</u>			÷	-7	- <del></del>	Ļ		-2-2	=
1 0 0 1	9	#	Ì			¥		÷			====	-==	į			==	
1 0 1 0	A	.:	#:	==						.=.			: <b>`</b> :		.#		
1 0 1 1	В	:	÷	==	K			:			<b>:</b>	<b>#</b>			===		
1 1 0 0	С	***	7	<.		#	i	•	===	ķ	#	<u>.</u> .:		:::: ::::	**		
1 1 0 1	D								#	-			•••		<b>*</b>		
1 1 1 0	Е					_	<b>!</b> "				===					<b>=</b>	
1 1 1 1	F	=									====	: :	l				



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#### 5.2 Control Command write-in

The control commands should be written-in first after the /SEL pin is changed from **HIGH to LOW.** The control commands are listed up Table 10 and details will be explained.

Table 10

a 1 1	5				E	Binary	Code	•		
Symbol	Description	Hex Code	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
DP	Display Position (Address Set)	10∼1F Hex	0	0	0	1	*	*	*	*
UDF	User Definable Font (Save CG-RAM Data)	20~27 Hex	0	0	1	0	X	*	*	*
CMDP	Comma and/or Decimal Point on/off	30~3F Hex	0	0	1	1	*	*	*	*
DIM	Dimming (Luminance Control)	50~57 Hex	0	1	0	1	X	*	*	*
DLNG	Digit Length Set	60~67 Hex	0	1	1	0	X	*	*	*
ALL	All Segments on/off	70~73 Hex	0	1	1	1	X	X	*	*

X: Don't Care, \*: Selection Bits, O: Low Level, 1: High Level

#### 5.2.1 DP (10 Hex~ 1F Hex) : Set Display Position (write-in Address)

This command is used to select a digit to display a character instead of writing the character from the first digit, the write-in starting position can be pointed out by using this command.

Table 11

Binary								HEX	Digit
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	HEA	Digit
0	0	0	1	0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	0 1 0 1 0 1 0	10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Left End 2nd Digit 3rd Digit 4th Digit 5th Digit 6th Digit 7th Digit

			Bin	HEX	Digit				
b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	HEA	Digit
				1	0	0	0	18	9th Digit
				1	0	0	1	19	10th Digit
				1	0	1	0	1A	11th Digit
0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1B	12th Digit
U	U	U	1	1	1	0	0	1C	13th Digit
				1	1	0	1	1D	14th Digit
				1	1	1	0	1E	15th Digit
				1	1	1	1	1F	Last Digit

#### 5.2.2 UDF (20 Hex ~ 27 Hex): User Definable Font (Save CG-RAM Font Data)

The characters can be designed by using this command. These font data are memorized in the CG-RAM of the module. Any  $5 \times 7$  dots pattern can be stored in the character code location specified by the  $b0 \sim b2$  of 1st byte.



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Table 12

										14010_12					
	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Location	Description					
						0	0	0	CG-RAM0						
						0	0	1	CG-RAM!						
						0	1	0	CG-RAM2	Specify UDF command and					
1 at byta	0	0	1	0	×	0	1	1	CG-RAM3	character code location					
1st byte	U	U	1	U	^	1	0	0	CG-RAM4	***************************************					
						1	0	1	CG-RAM5	(CG-RAM0~CG-RAM7)					
						1	1	0	CG-RAM6						
						1	1	1	CG-RAM7						
2nd byte	×	A31	A26	A21	A16	A11	A6	A1	1 2	ON or OFF of 35 dots position.					
3rd byte	X	A32	A27	A22	A17	A12	A7	A2	Table_13.1						
Judyte		noz	no.	1122	71.1	MIL	711	112	segment po	sition and data formation.					
4th byte	×	A33	A28	A23	A18	A13	A8	А3	_	13.2 shows the example of "£" font					
5th byte	×	A34	A29	A24	A19	A14	A9	A4	designing p	procedure.					
6th byte	×	A35	A30	A25	A20	A15	A10	A5							

X: Don't Care

Table 13.1

Pattern Example Coding Example

Coding Example

A1	A2	A3	A4	A5
A6	A7	A8	A9	A10
A11	A12	A13	A14	A15
A16	A17	A18	A19	A20
A21	A22	A23	A24	A25
A26	A27	A28	A29	A30
A31	A32	A33	A34	A35

Pattern Example	Coding Example									
		b 7	b 6	b 5	b 4	b 3	b 2	b 1	b 0	Hex Code
	2nd byte	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	48 Hex
	3rd byte	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	7E Hex
	4th byte	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	49 Hex
	5th byte	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	49 Hex
	6th byte	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	42 Hex
		•								

Bit Map of  $5 \times 7$  Dot Matrix

5.2.3 CMDP (30 Hex~3F Hex): Comma and /or Decimal Point On/OFF

This command is useful for comma and/or decimal point display ON/OFF. Table 14

	b 7	b 6	b 5	b 4	b 3	b 2	b 1	b 0	Digit	Description
					0	0	0	0	Left end	
					0	0	0	1	2nd Digit	
					0	0	1	0	3rd Digit	
1st byte	0	0	1	1						Specify CMDP command and display address.
				1	1	0	1	14th Digit	and the second	
					1	1	1	0	15th Digit	
					1	1	1	1	16th Digit	
							0	0	Comma Off.	Decimal Point Off(Default Vaule)
2114.	\ \ \	\ \ \	\ \ \	\ \ \	\ \ \	\ \ \	0	1	Comma Off	, Decimal Point On
∠na byte	X	×	X	× ×	X	×	1	0	Comma On,	Decimal Point Off
							1	1	Comma On,	Decimal Point On
2nd byte	×	×	×	×	1	1 1 1 1	1 1 0 0	0 1	15th Digit 16th Digit Comma Off. Comma Off Comma On,	, Decimal Point On Decimal Point Off

X: Don't Care



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This command is similar to DP function.

When a user want to display comma and/or decimal point continuously, it isn't needed to re-enter this command. i.e the write-in position is increased automatically after input of 2nd byte. Consequently, if a user doesn't want to display more comma and/or decimal point, the user should make a positive pulse of /CS and write-in DP or another command code.

#### 5.2.4 DIM (50 Hex~ 57 Hex): Dimming

Brightness can be controlled into 8 levels by using this function.

Table 15

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Dimming Level
					0	0	0	50%(8/16) Default Value
					0	0	1	56%(9/16)
					0	1	0	62%(10/16)
0	1	0	1	×	0	1	1	69%(11/16)
0	1	U	1	_ ^	1	0	0	75%(12/16)
					1	0	1	81%(13/16)
					1	1	0	87%(14/16)
					1	1	1	94%(15/16), Maximum value

#### 5.2.5 DLNG (60 Hex~ 67 Hex): Set Display Length

This command is used to defined the number of display digit.(9 to 16 Digits)

Table\_16

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Dimming Level
					0	0	0	1~16 Digit Default Value
					0	0	1	1~9 Digit
					0	1	0	1∼10 Digit
0	1	1	0	\ \	0	1	1	1~11 Digit
0	1	1	0	×	1	0	0	1~12 Digit
					1	0	1	1~13 Digit
					1	1	0	1~14 Digit
					1	1	1	1∼15 Digit

#### 5.2.6 ALL (70 Hex ~ 73 Hex) : All Segments ON/OFF

All segments can be display or non-displayed by using this command.

This command is useful for testing of VFD module, blinking of display or obviating erroneous display pattern at power on.

Table 17

b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0	Dimming Level	
0	1	1	1	×	×	0 <b>0</b> 1	0 1 0 1	Maintain current state All Segs are OFF. (Default state) All Segs are ON. All Segs are ON(All ON is higher priority.)	



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#### 5.3 Power On Reset

The reset function allows the users to re-initialize the display controller, while the power is still applied to the module, by applying a logical "0" to pin #10(/RST) of the connector,

when the controller is initialized, the display status are shown in Table\_18.

Table\_18

Content	After Power On
Display Characters	All Segments (16 digits * 35 dots) are "OFF".
Comma and Decimal Point	All commas and Decimal Points are "OFF".
Digit Length	Every Digit (1~16 digit) is usable.
Dimming Level	Set to 50%(8/16) Dimming.
Write-in Position	Write-in position is set to the first (Left End) Digit.
CG-RAM Data	Not defined.

#### **6.OPERATING RECOMMENDATIONS**

- 6.1 Avoid applying excessive shock or vibration beyond the specification for the VFD module.
- 6.2 Since VFDs are made of glass material, careful handing is required. I.e. Direct impact with hand material to the glass surface (especially exhaust tip) may crack the glass.
- 6.3 When mounting the VFD module to you system, leave a slight gap between the VFD glass and your front panel. The module should be mounted without stress to avoid flexing of the PCB.
- 6.4 Avoid plugging or unplugging the interface connection with the power on, otherwise it may cause the severe damage to input circuitry.
- 6.5 Slow starting power supply may cause non-operation because one chip micom won't be reset.
- 6.6 Exceeding any of maximum ratings may cause the permanent damage.
- 6.7 Since the VFD modules contain high voltage source, careful handling is required while power is on.
- 6.8 When the power is turned off, the capacitor does not discharge immediately. So the high voltage applied to VFD must not get in contact with ICs. In other words, short-circuit of mounted components on PCB within 30 seconds after power-off may cause damage the module.
- 6.9 The power supply must be capable of providing at least 3 times the rated current, because the surge current may be 3 times the specified current consumption when the power is turned on.
- 6.10 Avoid using the module where excessive noise interference is expected. Noise may affects the interface signal and causes improper operation. And it is important to keep the length of the interface cable less than 50cm.
- 6.11 Since all VFD modules contain C-MOS ICs, anti-static handling procedures are always required.



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Item	Condition	Criteria	Remarks
High Temp. (Storage)	Temperature:85 ±2 °C Duration :72 hrs In unlighted state		
High Temp. (Operation)	Temperature:70±2°C Duration :96 hrs In unlighted state		
Low Temp (Storage)	Temperature:-40±2°C Duration :72 hrs In unlighted state		
Low Temp (Operation)	Temperature:-20±2℃ Duration :24hrs		
Temperature Cycling	70°C 2h 2h 2h 2h   -10°C   1 cycle   Number of Repeating : 5   All Segments are lit.	Free of the Major Defects	Measurement shal be done after the specimens are kep at room temperature for ar 24 hrs.
Humidity (steady state)	Humidity:90~95% Temperature:40±2℃ Duration:96hrs		
Vibration	Frequency: 10~55Hz Displacement: 1.5mm Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z Duration: 4 hrs (2 hrs for each direction) Condition: In unlighted state		



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Item	Condition	Criteria	Remarks
Shock	G: 40G Time: 10ms Wave: Half sine wave Direction: ±X, ±Y, ±Z (3 times in each of the direction) Condition: In unlighted state		Measurement shall be done after the
Thermal Sock	1 cycle    Smin   Smin   25°C    -40°C     Number of Repeating : 5     Unlighted state.	Free of the Major Defects	specimens are kept at room temperature for an 24 hrs.

## 8. DESIGN CHANGE

8.1 NewHaven reserves the right to change the design of the VFD module without prior notice in order to improve the design and quality.