

Figure 1. Physical Photo of AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP

#### FEATURES

- Low Power Consumption
- High Efficiency
- High Stability
- Output current and voltage monitors
- Small Output Ripple, Time Drift, and Temperature Drift
- Overload and Short Circuit Protection
- Continuous Linear Adjustment for Output Voltage
- Metal Enclosure for Zero EMIS
- Easy Control and Installation
- Customizable

#### APPLICATIONS

AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP is a high stability high voltage power supply, which is widely used in scientific research and other fields including:

- Ideal for photomultiplier tube
- Optical measurement
- Light control technology, detectors
- Ion beam implantation
- Capacitor charging

- Electron beam welding
- Nuclear physics
- Withstand voltage test
- Medical equipment
- Precision instruments

#### DESCRIPTION

AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP is a combination of switching step-up technology and linear regulation, which converts the low input voltage into a stable high output voltage. It comes with output short-circuit protection and a wide range of output voltage adjustments. This high voltage power supply also features ultra-small size, light weight, moisture proof, shockproof, metal enclosure, and zero EMIs.

#### SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

The internal protection circuit is provided in the high voltage power supply, but the high voltage short circuit shall be avoided.

Make sure the circuit is insulated perfectly, especially between the high voltage output and the surroundings so as to avoid electronic shock.



#### SPECIFICATIONS

Table 1. Characteristics.  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit/Note
Input Power Voltage	$V_{VPS}$		11	12	13	V
Input Power Quiescent Current	$I_{VPS\_QC}$	$I_{VOUT} = 0\text{mA}$	40	50	60	mA
Input Power Current at Full Load	$I_{VPS\_FL}$	$I_{VOUT} = 1.0\text{mA}$	200	250	300	mA
Input Power Current at Shutdown	$I_{VPS\_SHDN}$	$T_A = -10^\circ\text{C} \sim 55^\circ\text{C}$		18		mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR <sup>(1)</sup>	$V_{VPS} = 11\text{V} \sim 13\text{V}$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5\text{V}$ $V_{VOUT} = 5\text{kV}$ $I_{VOUT} = 1.0\text{mA}$		TBD		dB
Modulation Voltage Range Frequency on CTRL	$f_{CTRL}$		0		12	Hz
Shutdown Port Current	$I_{SDNL}$	$V_{SDNL} < 0.8\text{V}$	-5		-4.2	$\mu\text{A}$
	$I_{SDNH}$	$1.2\text{V} < V_{SDNL} < 5\text{V}$	0		3.8	$\mu\text{A}$
Shutdown Voltage Logic Low	$V_{SDNL}$		0		0.8	V
Shutdown Voltage Logic High	$V_{SDNH}$		1.2		5	V
Output Voltage	$V_{VOUT}$	$I_{VOUT} = 0 \sim 1.0\text{mA}$	0		2000	V
Output Current Range	$I_{VOUTMAX}$	$V_{VPS} = 11\text{V} \sim 13\text{V}$	0		1.0	mA
Reference Voltage Output Range	$V_{5VR}$	$T_A = -10^\circ\text{C} \sim 55^\circ\text{C}$ $I_{5VR} \leq 5\text{mA}$	4.95	5	5.05	V
Output Load Range			2		$\infty$	M $\Omega$
Output Voltage Ripple	$V_{VOUT\_RP}$	Bandwidth = 1MHz $R_{LOAD} = 2\text{M}\Omega$	$\leq 1$			$V_{P-P}$
Output Voltage Ripple Frequency	$f_{VOUT\_RP}$		TBD			Hz
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient	$TCV_{VOUT}^{(2)}$	$V_{VPS} = 12\text{V}$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5\text{V}$ $V_{VOUT} = 2\text{kV}$ $I_{VOUT} = 1\text{mA}$ $T_A = -10^\circ\text{C} \sim 55^\circ\text{C}$		$\leq 0.01$		$\%/^\circ\text{C}$
Output Voltage Range v.s. Temperature	$V_{VOUT}(T)$	$V_{VPS} = 12\text{V}$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5\text{V}$ $V_{VOUT} = 2\text{kV}$ $I_{VOUT} = 1\text{mA}$ $T_A = -10^\circ\text{C} \sim 55^\circ\text{C}$	$0.99V_{VOUT}$	$V_{VOUT}$	$1.01V_{VOUT}$	V



Output Voltage Drift	Short Term Drift	$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT}/V_{VOUT} }{\Delta t (h)}$	$V_{VPS} = 12V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 2kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1mA$		$\leq 0.01$		%/h
	Long Term Drift	$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT}/V_{VOUT} }{\Delta t (d)}$	$T_A = -10^{\circ}C \sim 55^{\circ}C$ After 30 min. warm-up		$\leq 0.05$		%/d
Output Voltage Rise Time		$t_r$	$V_{VOUT}(t_1) = 200V$ $V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 1800V$ No-Load		30		ms
			$V_{VOUT}(t_1) = 200V$ $V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 1800V$ $R_{Load} = 2M\Omega$		TBD		ms
Output Voltage Fall Time		$t_f$	$V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 1800V$ $V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 200V$ No-Load		100		ms
			$V_{VOUT}(t_2) = 1800V$ $V_{VOUT}(t_3) = 200V$ $R_{Load} = 2M\Omega$		TBD		ms
Monitor Voltage		$V_{MON}$	$V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 2kV$	0		2	V
Monitor Current		$I_{MON}$	$I_{OUT} = 0 \sim 1.0mA$	0		2	V
Mean Time Between Failure		MTBF			TBD		h
Instantaneous Short Circuit Current at the Output		$I_{VOUT\_SC}$			$\leq 500$		mA
Load Regulation		$\frac{ \Delta V_{VOUT}/V_{VOUT} }{\Delta I_{VOUT}}$	$V_{VOUT} = 5kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1mA$		$\leq 0.01$		%/mA
Full Load Efficiency		$\eta^{(3)}$	$V_{VPS} = 12V$ $V_{VOUT} = 5kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1mA$		$\geq 80$		%
Operating Temperature Range		$T_{opr}$		0		55	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range		$T_{stg}$		-40		85	$^{\circ}C$
Thermal resistance housing-ambient		$\theta_{HA}^{(4)}$	$V_{VPS} = 12V$ $V_{CTRL} = V_{5VR} = 5V$ $V_{VOUT} = 5kV$ $I_{VOUT} = 1mA$		7.5		$^{\circ}C/W$
External Dimensions				50x35x20			mm
				1.97x1.38x0.79			inch



Weight			30	g
			0.07	lbs
			1.06	Oz

Note 1:  $PSRR = 20 \log_{10} \frac{\Delta V_{VOUT}/V_{VOUT}}{\Delta V_{VPS}/V_{VPS}}$  (dB)

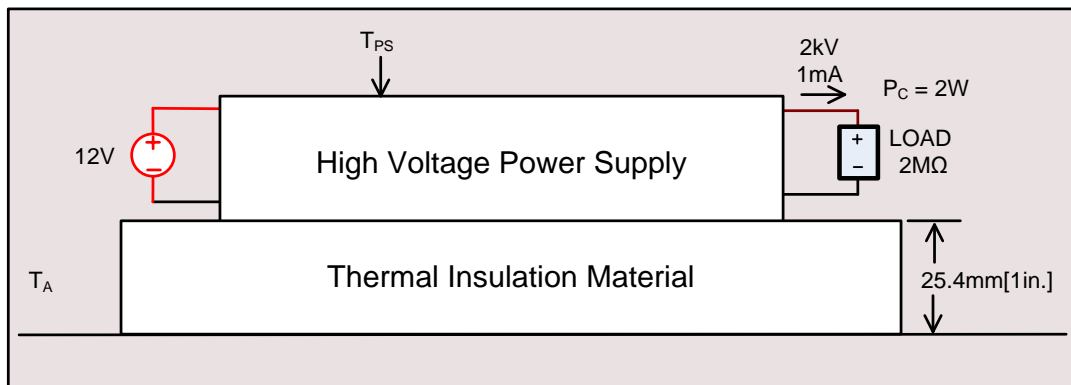
$$\Delta V_{VOUT} = V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 12.5V) - V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 11.5V), V_{VOUT} = V_{VOUT} (V_{VPS} = 12V)$$

$$\Delta V_{VPS} = 12.5V - 11.5V, V_{VPS} = 12V$$

Note 2:  $TCV_{VOUT} = \frac{|\Delta V_{VOUT}|}{V_{VOUT} \times \Delta T}$

Note 3:  $\eta = \frac{V_{VOUT} \times I_{VOUT}}{V_{VPS} \times I_{VPS}}$

Note 4:



$$T_{PS} = 29^{\circ}C, T_A = 14^{\circ}C, T_r = T_{PS} - T_A = 15^{\circ}C,$$

$$P_C = P_{VOUT} - P_{VPS} = 2W, \theta_{HA} = T_r/P_C = 15^{\circ}C/2W = 7.5^{\circ}C/W.$$



#### TESTING DATA

High voltage power supply testing data (Test condition: the load is 2 MΩ)

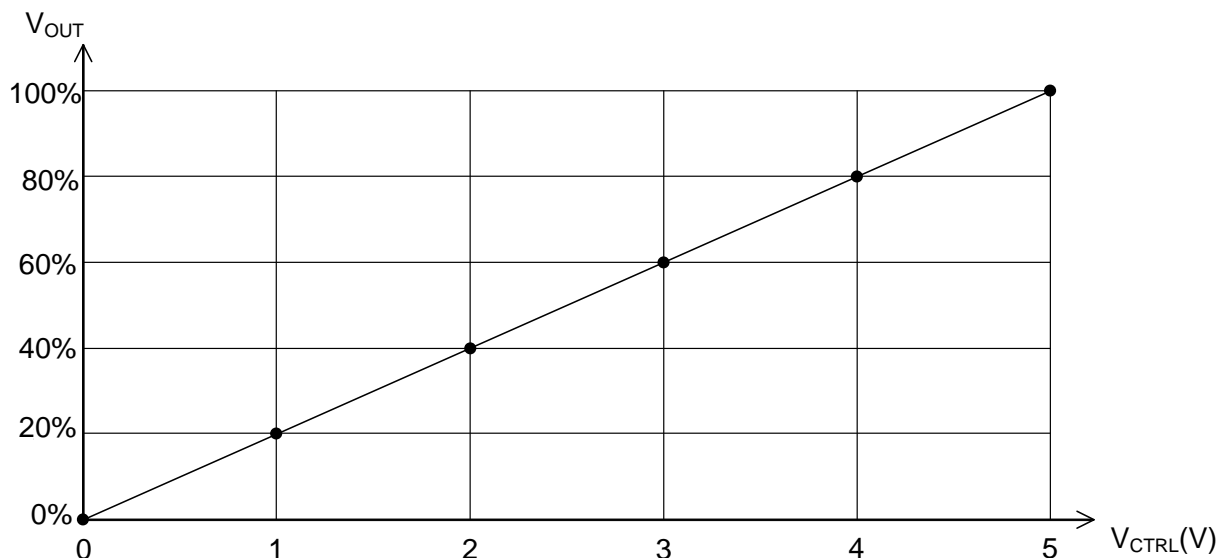
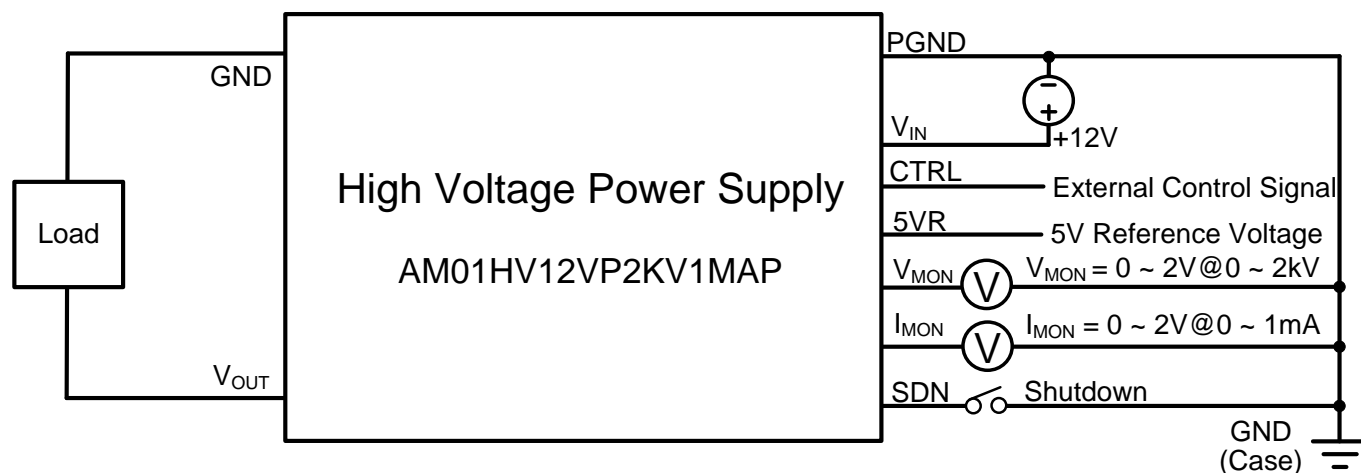


Figure 2. V<sub>CTRL</sub> VS. V<sub>OUT</sub>

#### THE CONNECTION DIAGRAM OF MODULE'S PERIPHERAL CIRCUIT



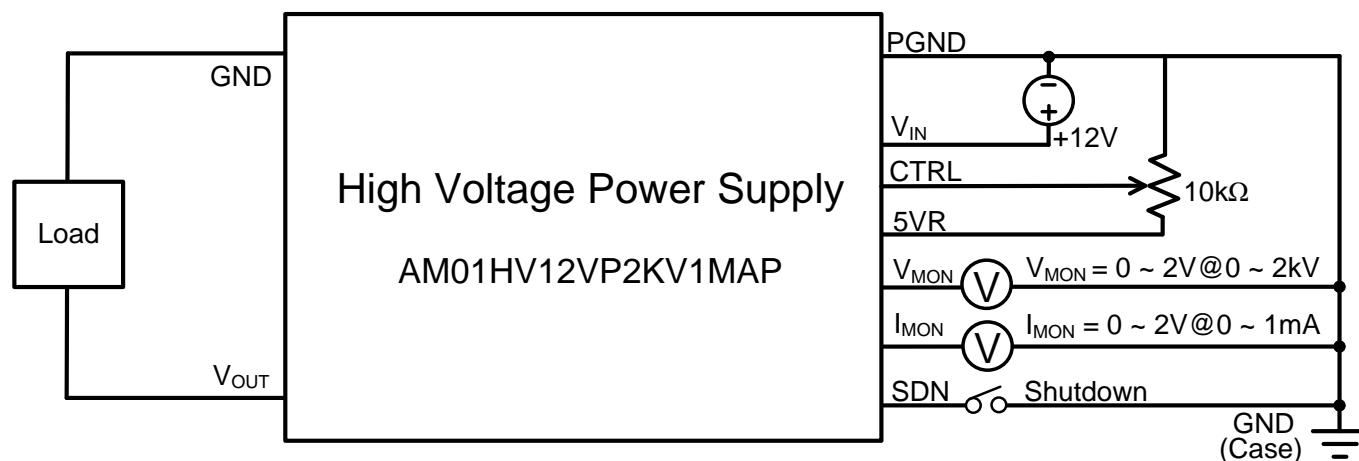
\*5VR: 5V reference voltage can only be used as the power supply for the potentiometer, not for any other parts.

\*SDN: Shutdown Logic Low SDN < 0.8V or 0V on the SDN pin will turn off the high voltage output.

Shutdown Logic High SDN > 1.2V or left unconnected will turn on the high voltage output.

\*The PGND and GND are connected inside with the case and should be well grounded.

Figure 3. Controlled by External Source



\*5VR: 5V reference voltage can only be used as the power supply for the potentiometer, not for any other parts.

\*SDN: Shutdown Logic Low  $SDN < 0.8V$  or  $0V$  on the SDN pin will turn off the high voltage output.

Shutdown Logic High  $SDN > 1.2V$  or left unconnected will turn on the high voltage output.

\*The PGND and GND are connected inside with the case and should be well grounded.

Figure 4. Controlled by Potentiometer

## NAMING INSTRUCTIONS

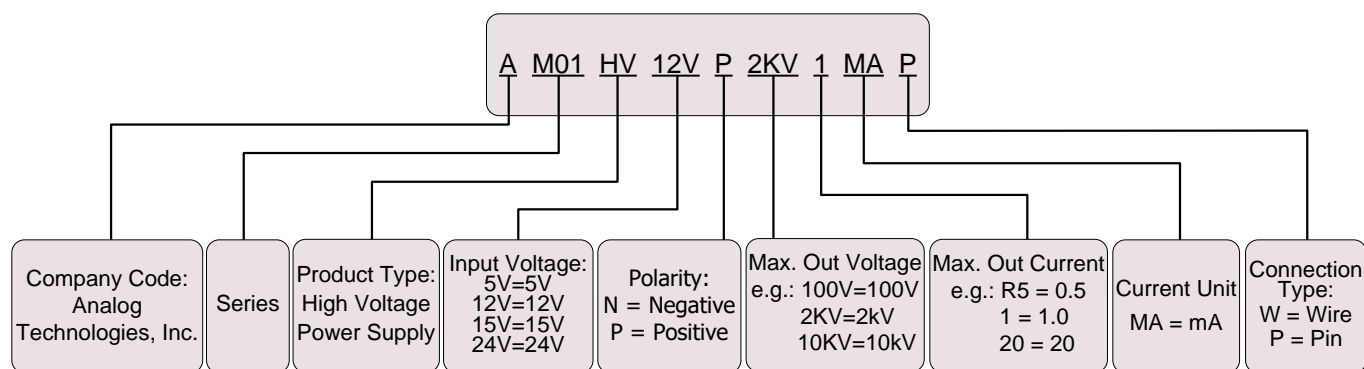


Figure 5. Naming Rules of AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP



DIMENSION

I. Pin layout

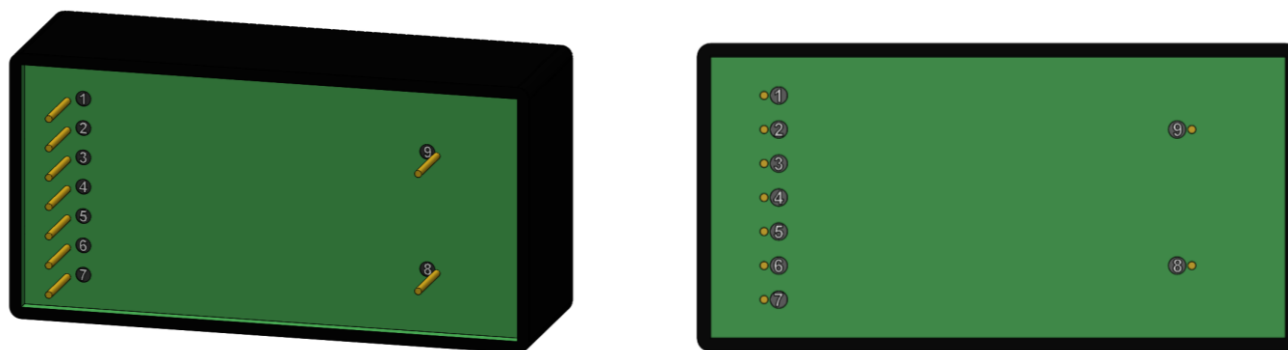


Figure 6. Pin Layout for AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP

II. Dimension of AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP.

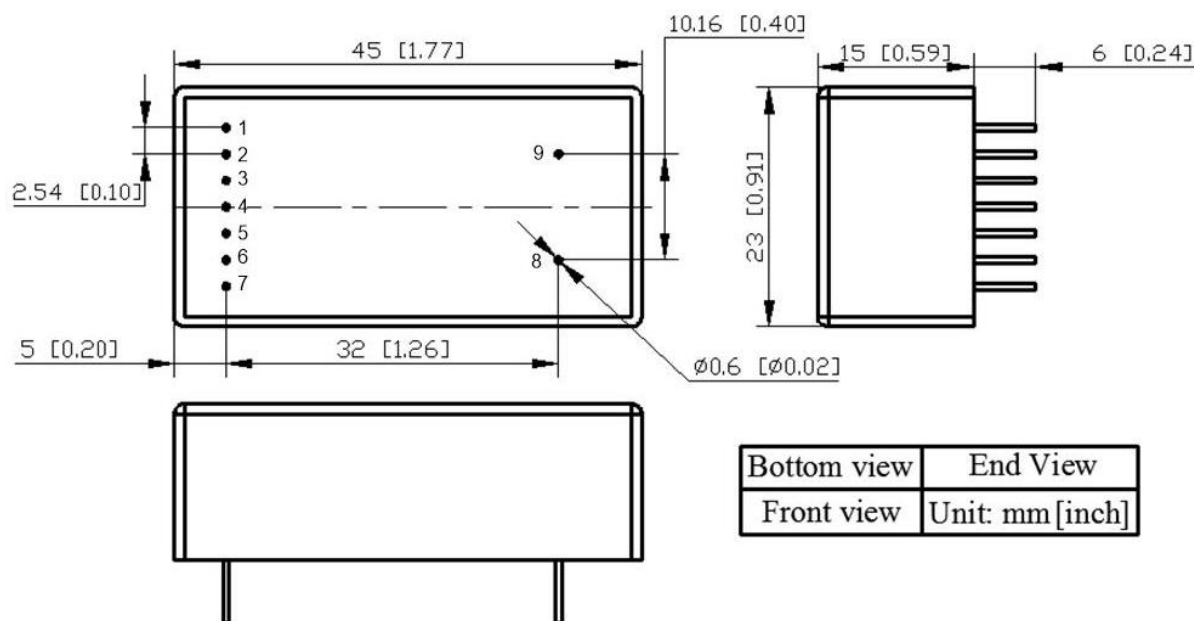


Figure 7. Dimensions for AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP



Table 2. Pin Names, Functions and Specifications.

No.	Name	Type	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.
1	PGND	power signals	Ground electrode		0V	
2	V <sub>IN</sub>	Power input	Input voltage		12V	
3	CTRL	Analog input	Regulation	0V		5V
4	5VR	Analog output	Reference voltage		5V	
5	V <sub>MON</sub>	Analog output	Monitor Voltage	0V		5V
6	I <sub>MON</sub>	Analog output	Monitor Current	0V		10mA
7	SDN	Digital input	Shutdown logic low	0V		0.8V
			Shutdown logic high	1.2V		5V
8	V <sub>OUT</sub>	Power output	Output high voltage	0V		2kV
9	GND	power signals	Ground electrode		0V	

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

Quantity	1~9pcs	10~49pcs	50~99pcs	≥100pcs
AM01HV12VP2KV1MAP	\$139	\$129	\$119	\$109

#### NOTE

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