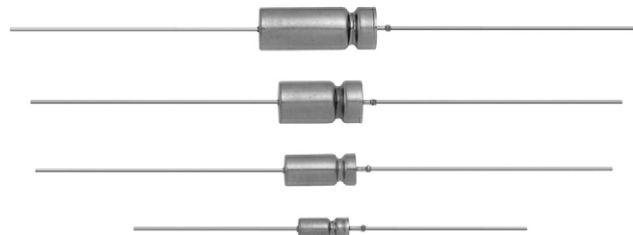


Wet Tantalum Capacitors Tantalum-Case With Glass-to-Tantalum Hermetic Seal for -55 °C to +200 °C Operation



LINKS TO ADDITIONAL RESOURCES



PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

Operating Temperature: -55 °C to +85 °C
(to +200 °C with voltage derating)

Capacitance Tolerance: at 120 Hz, +25 °C
± 20 % standard. ± 10 %, ± 5 % available as special.

DC Leakage Current (DCL Max.): at +25 °C and above:
leakage current shall not exceed the values listed in the Standard Ratings table.

Life Test: for details follow this [link](#)

FEATURES

- Models:
 - 135D - axial through-hole terminations
 - 135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations
 - 135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations
- Terminations: standard tin / lead (SnPb), 100 % tin (RoHS-compliant) available
- Standard and extended ratings
- Model 135D tantalum-case electrolytic capacitors incorporate the advantages of all the varieties of electrolytic capacitors and eliminate most of the disadvantages. These units have a 3 V reverse voltage capability at +85 °C and a higher ripple current capability than any other electrolytic type with similar combinations of capacitance and case size
- Designed for the aerospace applications, this capacitor was developed under partial sponsorship of the Marshall Space Flight Center, National Aeronautics and Space Administration. The capacitors have a high resistance to damage from shock and vibration. Extended range ratings and high temperature designs are available
- Model 135D capacitors are commercial equivalents of Tansitor style; AQ, AR, HAQ, HAR, Mallory-NACC Style; TLT, TXT, THT, THX and Military Style CLR79 and CLR81, designed to meet the performance requirements of Military Specification MIL-PRF-39006/22/25. Capacitors to meet MIL-PRF-39006/22/25 should be ordered by part numbers shown in that specification
- Material categorization: for definitions of compliance please see www.vishay.com/doc?99912

Note

* This datasheet provides information about parts that are RoHS-compliant and / or parts that are non RoHS-compliant. For example, parts with lead (Pb) terminations are not RoHS-compliant. Please see the information / tables in this datasheet for details



RoHS*
Available

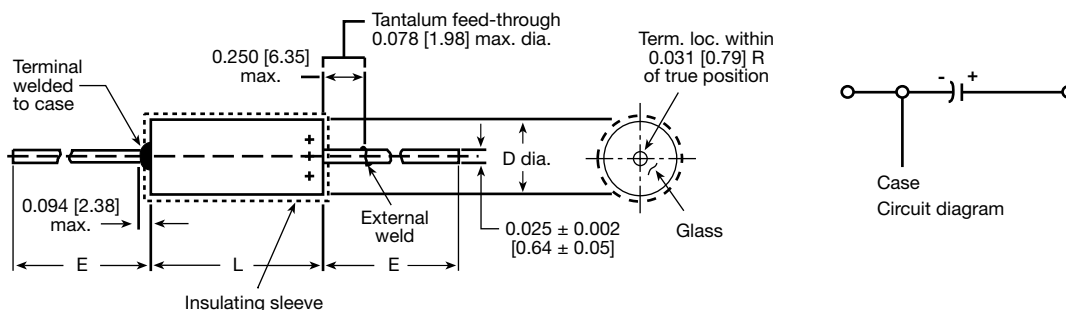
HALOGEN
FREE
GREEN
(5-2008)
Available

ORDERING INFORMATION

135D MODEL	306 CAPACITANCE	X0 CAPACITANCE TOLERANCE	006 DC VOLTAGE RATING AT +85 °C	C CASE CODE	2 STYLE NUMBER	E3 RoHS- COMPLIANT
135D = axial through-hole leaded terminations 135J = SMD, outward L-leaded terminations 135L = SMD, inward L-leaded terminations	This is expressed in picofarads. The first two digits are the significant figures. The third is the number of zeros to follow.	X0 = ± 20 % X9 = ± 10 % X5 = ± 5 %	This is expressed in volts. To complete the three-digit block, zeros precede the voltage rating.	See Ratings and Case Codes table	Standard temperature (max. +125 °C) 0 = no insulating sleeve 2 = polyester insulation sleeve 3 = high temperature film insulation High temperature (max. +200 °C) 6 = high temperature film insulation 8 = no insulating sleeve	E3 = 100 % tin termination (RoHS-compliant design) Blank = SnPb termination (standard design)

Note

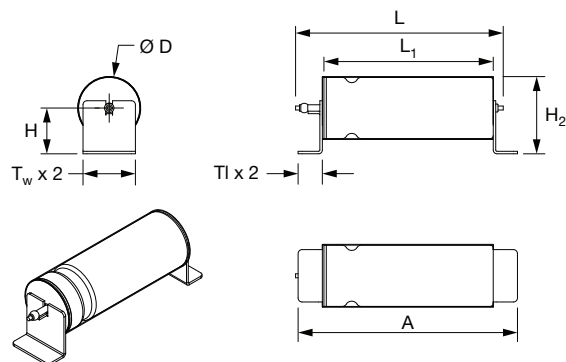
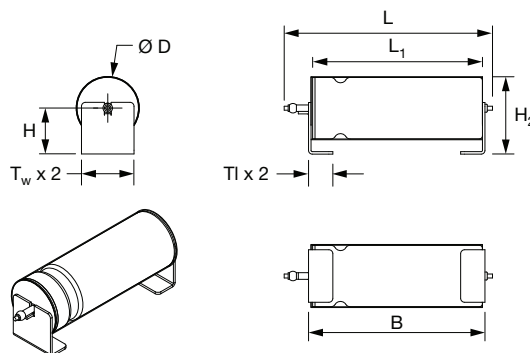
- Packaging: the use of formed plastic trays for packaging these axial lead components is standard. Tape and reel is not available due to the unit weight

DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]


TYPE 135D	BARE CASE		WITH INSULATING SLEEVE		E LEAD LENGTH	WEIGHT (oz. / g) (Max.)
CASE CODE	D	L	D (MAX.)	L ⁽¹⁾		
C	0.188 ± 0.016 [4.78 ± 0.41]	0.453 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [11.51 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.219 [5.56]	0.565 [14.35]	1.500 ± 0.250 [38.10 ± 6.35]	0.09 [2.6]
F	0.281 ± 0.016 [7.14 ± 0.41]	0.641 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [16.28 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.312 [7.92]	0.785 [19.94]	2.250 ± 0.250 [57.15 ± 6.35]	0.22 [6.2]
T	0.375 ± 0.016 [9.53 ± 0.41]	0.766 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [19.46 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.406 [10.31]	0.95 [24.13]	2.250 ± 0.250 [57.15 ± 6.35]	0.41 [11.6]
K	0.375 ± 0.016 [9.53 ± 0.41]	1.062 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [26.97 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.406 [10.31]	1.31 [33.27]	2.250 ± 0.250 [57.15 ± 6.35]	0.62 [17.7]

Note
⁽¹⁾ Typical length, for reference only

SMD PRODUCT DIMENSIONS in inches [millimeters]

135J Outward L-Leaded Terminations

135L Inward L-Leaded Terminations


TYPE 135J / 135L CASE CODE	A (max.)	B (max.)	Tl (max.)	H (max.)	Tw ± 0.008	H2 (max.)	L (max.)	L1	D (max.)
C	0.773 [19.6]	0.513 [13.0]	0.157 [4.0]	0.177 [4.5]	0.158 [4.0]	0.296 [7.5]	0.705 [17.9]	0.469 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [11.91 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.228 [5.8]
F	1.001 [25.4]	0.720 [18.3]	0.157 [4.0]	0.212 [5.4]	0.217 [5.5]	0.374 [9.5]	0.903 [22.9]	0.668 + 0.012 / - 0.12 [16.97 + 0.30 / - 0.30]	0.316 [8.0]
T	1.143 [29.0]	0.858 [21.8]	0.157 [4.0]	0.280 [7.1]	0.331 [8.4]	0.492 [12.5]	1.051 [26.7]	0.806 + 0.012 / - 0.12 [20.47 + 0.30 / - 0.30]	0.397 [10.1]
K	1.432 [36.4]	1.140 [29.0]	0.157 [4.0]	0.295 [7.5]	0.331 [8.4]	0.492 [12.5]	1.343 [34.1]	1.062 + 0.031 / - 0.016 [26.97 + 0.79 / - 0.41]	0.397 [10.1]

Note

- Use appropriate adhesive between capacitor body and the board for improved mechanical strength



RATINGS AND CASE CODES (Standard)												
μF	6 V	8 V	10 V	15 V	25 V	30 V	35 V	50 V	60 V	75 V	100 V	125 V
1.7												C
2.2											C	
2.5											C	
3.5										C		
3.6												C
3.9											C	
4.0									C			
4.7											C	
5.0								C				
6.8										C		
8.0						C						
8.2									C			
9.0												F
10					C			C				
11											F	
14												F
15				C		C	C			F		
18												T
20			C						F			
22					C	F					F	
25		C						F				T
30	C										T	
33				C						F		
39									F			
40						F				T		
43											T	
47			C					F				
50					F				T			
56		C								T		K
60								T				
68	C					F	F		T			
70				F								
82								T			K	
86											K	
100			F		F	T						
110										K		
120		F		F	T							
140	F								K			
150						T						
160								K				
170				T								
180			F		T							
220		F										
250			T									
270	F			T			K					
290		T										
300						K						
330	T											
350					K							
390			T									
430		T										
540				K								
560	T											
750			K									
850		K										
1200	K											



RATINGS AND CASE CODES (Extended)															
μF	6 V	8 V	10 V	15 V	25 V	30 V	35 V	40 V	50 V	60 V	63 V	75 V	100 V	125 V	150 V
3.9														C	
5.6												C	C		
6.8														C	
10											C		C		
12												C			
15														F	
18										C					
22															F
27										C	C			F	
33									C						
39							C	C					F		
47					C	C							T	T	
56					C	C							T	T	
68					C							F	T	K	
82				C						F		F		K	
100				C					F	F	F				
110												F			
120			C				F		F				K		
150			C			F									
180		C			F							T			
200												K			
220	C					F		K		T		K			
270				F	F				T	K					
300						T						K			
330							T		K	K					
370							K	K							
390			F	F	T	T									
470			F		T	T		K							
560	F		F		T	K									
680		F		T	K										
820	F			T	K										
1000				K											
1200	T		T												
1500	T	T	K												
1800		K													
2200	K														



STANDARD RATINGS

CAPACITANCE (μ F)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR	MAX. IMP.	MAX. DCL		MAX. CAPACITANCE			MAX.
			AT +25 °C	AT -55 °C	(A) AT		CHANGE (%) AT			RIPPLE
			120 Hz	120 Hz	+25 °C	+85 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	40 kHz
			(Ω)	(Ω)		+125 °C				I _{RMS} (mA)
6 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 4 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 3.6 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
30	C	135(1)306(2)006C(3)(4)	4.0	100	1.0	2.0	-40	+10.5	+12	820
68	C	135(1)686(2)006C(3)(4)	3.2	60	1.0	2.0	-40	+14	+16	960
140	F	135(1)147(2)006F(3)(4)	2.0	40	1.0	3.0	-40	+14	+16	1200
270	F	135(1)277(2)006F(3)(4)	2.2	25	1.0	6.5	-44	+17.5	+20	1375
330	T	135(1)337(2)006T(3)(4)	1.4	20	2.0	7.9	-44	+14	+16	1800
560	T	135(1)567(2)006T(3)(4)	1.3	25	2.0	13.0	-64	+17.5	+20	1900
1200	K	135(1)128(2)006K(3)(4)	1.0	20	3.0	14.0	-80	+25	+25	2265
8 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 5 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 4.8 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
25	C	135(1)256(2)008C(3)(4)	4.0	100	1.0	2.0	-40	+10.5	+12	820
56	C	135(1)566(2)008C(3)(4)	3.3	59	1.0	2.0	-40	+14	+16	900
120	F	135(1)127(2)008F(3)(4)	2.6	50	1.0	2.0	-44	+17.5	+20	1230
220	F	135(1)227(2)008F(3)(4)	2.4	30	1.0	7.0	-44	+17.5	+20	1370
290	T	135(1)297(2)008T(3)(4)	1.8	25	2.0	6.0	-64	+17.5	+20	1770
430	T	135(1)437(2)008T(3)(4)	1.4	25	2.0	14.0	-64	+17.5	+20	1825
850	K	135(1)857(2)008K(3)(4)	1.0	22	4.0	16.0	-80	+25	+25	2330
10 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 7 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 6 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
20	C	135(1)206(2)010C(3)(4)	4.0	120	1.0	2.0	-32	+10.5	+12	820
47	C	135(1)476(2)010C(3)(4)	3.7	90	1.0	2.0	-36	+14	+16	855
100	F	135(1)107(2)010F(3)(4)	2.4	60	1.0	4.0	-36	+14	+16	1200
180	F	135(1)187(2)010F(3)(4)	2.2	40	1.0	7.0	-36	+14	+16	1365
250	T	135(1)257(2)010T(3)(4)	1.8	30	2.0	10.0	-40	+14	+16	1720
390	T	135(1)397(2)010T(3)(4)	1.5	25	2.0	16.0	-64	+17.5	+20	1800
750	K	135(1)757(2)010K(3)(4)	1.0	23	4.0	16.0	-80	+25	+25	2360
15 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 10 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 9 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
15	C	135(1)156(2)015C(3)(4)	4.4	155	1.0	2.0	-24	+10.5	+12	780
33	C	135(1)336(2)015C(3)(4)	4.0	90	1.0	2.0	-28	+14	+16	820
70	F	135(1)706(2)015F(3)(4)	2.8	75	1.0	4.0	-28	+14	+16	1150
120	F	135(1)127(2)015F(3)(4)	2.6	50	1.0	7.0	-28	+17.5	+20	1450
170	T	135(1)177(2)015T(3)(4)	2.4	35	2.0	10.0	-32	+14	+16	1480
270	T	135(1)277(2)015T(3)(4)	2.2	30	2.0	16.0	-56	+17.5	+20	1740
540	K	135(1)547(2)015K(3)(4)	1.0	23	6.0	24.0	-80	+25	+25	2330
25 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 15 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 12 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
10	C	135(1)106(2)025C(3)(4)	5.3	220	1.0	2.0	-16	+8	+9	715
22	C	135(1)226(2)025C(3)(4)	4.2	140	1.0	2.0	-20	+10.5	+12	800
50	F	135(1)506(2)025F(3)(4)	3.0	70	1.0	2.0	-28	+13	+15	1130
100	F	135(1)107(2)025F(3)(4)	2.8	50	1.0	10.0	-28	+13	+15	1435
120	T	135(1)127(2)025T(3)(4)	2.6	38	2.0	6.0	-32	+13	+15	1450
180	T	135(1)187(2)025T(3)(4)	2.2	32	2.0	18.0	-48	+13	+15	1525
350	K	135(1)357(2)025K(3)(4)	1.3	24	7.0	28.0	-70	+25	+25	1970

Notes

- Part number definitions:

(1) Model type:

135D - axial through-hole terminations

135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations

135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations

(2) Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %

(3) Style number:

Standard temperature: 0 = no insulating sleeve, 2 = polyester insulation sleeve, 3 = high temperature film insulation;

High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve

(4) Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin



STANDARD RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μ F)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR	MAX. IMP.	MAX. DCL		MAX. CAPACITANCE			MAX.
			AT +25 °C	AT -55 °C	(A) AT		CHANGE (%) AT			RIPPLE
			120 Hz	120 Hz	+25 °C	+85 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	40 kHz
			(Ω)	(Ω)		+125 °C				I _{RMS} (mA)
30 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 20 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 18 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
8	C	135(1)805(2)030C(3)(4)	6.6	275	1.0	2.0	-16	+8	+12	640
15	C	135(1)156(2)030C(3)(4)	6.2	175	1.0	2.0	-20	+10.5	+12	780
22	F	135(1)226(2)030F(3)(4)	4.6	95	1.0	5.0	-20	+10.5	+12	1005
40	F	135(1)406(2)030F(3)(4)	4.0	65	1.0	5.0	-24	+10.5	+12	1120
68	F	135(1)686(2)030F(3)(4)	2.9	60	1.0	8.0	-24	+13	+15	1285
100	T	135(1)107(2)030T(3)(4)	2.7	40	2.0	12.0	-28	+10.5	+12	1450
150	T	135(1)157(2)030T(3)(4)	2.3	35	2.0	18.0	-48	+13	+15	1525
300	K	135(1)307(2)030K(3)(4)	1.4	25	8.0	32.0	-60	+25	+25	1950
35 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 22 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 21 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
15	C	135(1)156(2)035C(3)(4)	6.2	175	0.75	1.5	-20	+10.5	+12	660
68	F	135(1)686(2)035F(3)(4)	2.9	60	1.0	2.0	-24	+13	+15	1195
270	K	135(1)277(2)035K(3)(4)	1.4	26	3.0	12.0	-58	+25	+25	1950
50 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 30 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 30 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
5	C	135(1)505(2)050C(3)(4)	8.0	400	1.0	2.0	-16	+5	+6	580
10	C	135(1)106(2)050C(3)(4)	6.4	250	1.0	2.0	-24	+8	+9	715
25	F	135(1)256(2)050F(3)(4)	4.6	95	1.0	5.0	-20	+10.5	+12	1005
47	F	135(1)476(2)050F(3)(4)	3.7	70	1.0	9.0	-28	+13	+15	1155
60	T	135(1)606(2)050T(3)(4)	2.9	45	2.0	12.0	-16	+10.5	+12	1335
82	T	135(1)826(2)050T(3)(4)	2.5	45	2.0	16.0	-32	+13	+15	1400
160	K	135(1)167(2)050K(3)(4)	1.5	27	8.0	32.0	-50	+25	+25	1900
60 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 40 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 36 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
4	C	135(1)405(2)060C(3)(4)	9.3	550	1.0	2.0	-16	+5	+6	525
8.2	C	135(1)825(2)060C(3)(4)	6.6	275	1.0	2.0	-24	+8	+9	625
20	F	135(1)206(2)060F(3)(4)	4.7	105	1.0	5.0	-16	+8	+9	930
39	F	135(1)396(2)060F(3)(4)	3.4	90	1.0	9.0	-28	+10.5	+15	1110
50	T	135(1)506(2)060T(3)(4)	2.9	50	2.0	12.0	-16	+10.5	+12	1330
68	T	135(1)686(2)060T(3)(4)	2.5	50	2.0	16.0	-32	+10.5	+15	1365
140	K	135(1)147(2)060K(3)(4)	1.5	28	8.0	32.0	-40	+20	+20	1850
75 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 50 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 45 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
3.5	C	135(1)355(2)075C(3)(4)	9.5	650	1.0	2.0	-16	+5	+6	525
6.8	C	135(1)685(2)075C(3)(4)	6.8	300	1.0	2.0	-20	+8	+9	610
15	F	135(1)156(2)075F(3)(4)	5.3	150	1.0	5.0	-16	+8	+9	890
33	F	135(1)336(2)075F(3)(4)	4.2	90	1.0	10.0	-24	+10.5	+15	1000
40	T	135(1)406(2)075T(3)(4)	3.0	60	2.0	12.0	-16	+10.5	+12	1250
56	T	135(1)566(2)075T(3)(4)	2.6	60	2.0	17.0	-28	+10.5	+15	1335
110	K	135(1)117(2)075K(3)(4)	1.5	29	9.0	36.0	-35	+20	+20	1850

Notes

- Part number definitions:
 - (1) Model type:
 - 135D - axial through-hole terminations
 - 135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations
 - 135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations
 - (2) Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %
 - (3) Style number:
 - Standard temperature: 0 = no insulating sleeve, 2 = polyester insulation sleeve, 3 = high temperature film insulation;
 - High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve
 - (4) Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin



STANDARD RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μ F)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR	MAX. IMP.	MAX. DCL		MAX. CAPACITANCE			MAX.
			AT +25 °C	AT -55 °C	(μ A) AT		CHANGE (%) AT			RIPPLE
			120 Hz	120 Hz	+25 °C	+85 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	40 kHz
			(Ω)	(Ω)		+125 °C				I_{RMS}
										(mA)
100 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 65 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 60 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
2.2	C	135(1)225(2)100C(3)(4)	10.6	950	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	505
2.5	C	135(1)255(2)100C(3)(4)	10.6	950	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	505
3.9	C	135(1)395(2)100C(3)(4)	10.0	600	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	520
4.7	C	135(1)475(2)100C(3)(4)	8.5	500	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	565
11	F	135(1)116(2)100F(3)(4)	6.0	200	1.0	4.0	-16	+7	+8	835
22	F	135(1)226(2)100F(3)(4)	4.8	100	1.0	9.0	-16	+7	+8	965
30	T	135(1)306(2)100T(3)(4)	3.3	80	2.0	12.0	-16	+7	+8	1240
43	T	135(1)436(2)100T(3)(4)	2.6	70	2.0	17.0	-20	+7	+8	1335
82	K	135(1)826(2)100K(3)(4)	1.6	39	3.0	24	-24	+18	+18	1860
86	K	135(1)866(2)100K(3)(4)	1.6	30	9.0	36.0	-25	+15	+15	1800
125 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 85 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 75 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
1.7	C	135(1)175(2)125C(3)(4)	15.6	1250	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	415
3.6	C	135(1)365(2)125C(3)(4)	10.0	600	1.0	2.0	-16	+7	+8	520
9	F	135(1)905(2)125F(3)(4)	7.4	240	1.0	5.0	-16	+7	+8	755
14	F	135(1)146(2)125F(3)(4)	5.7	167	1.0	7.0	-16	+7	+8	860
18	T	135(1)186(2)125T(3)(4)	3.7	129	2.0	9.0	-16	+7	+8	1130
25	T	135(1)256(2)125T(3)(4)	3.2	93	2.0	13.0	-16	+7	+8	1200
56	K	135(1)566(2)125K(3)(4)	1.6	32	10.0	40.0	-25	+15	+15	1800

Notes

- Part number definitions:
 - Model type:
135D - axial through-hole terminations
135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations
135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations
 - Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %
 - Style number:
Standard temperature: 0 = no insulating sleeve, 2 = polyester insulation sleeve, 3 = high temperature film insulation;
High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve
 - Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin



EXTENDED RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μ F)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR	MAX. IMP.	MAX. DCL		MAX. CAPACITANCE			MAX.
			AT +25 °C	AT -55 °C	(μA) AT		CHANGE (%) AT			RIPPLE
			120 Hz	120 Hz	+25 °C	+85 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	40 kHz
			(Ω)	(Ω)		+125 °C				I _{RMS} (mA)
6 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 4 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 3.6 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
220	C	135(1)227(2)006C(3)(4)	3.0	36	2.0	9.0	-64	+13	+16	1000
560	F	135(1)567(2)006F(3)(4)	2.5	21	3.0	9.0	-77	+16	+20	1500
820	F	135(1)827(2)006F(3)(4)	2.5	18	3.0	14	-88	+16	+20	1500
1200	T	135(1)128(2)006T(3)(4)	1.5	18	5.0	18.0	-88	+20	+25	1900
1500	T	135(1)158(2)006T(3)(4)	1.5	18	5.0	20.0	-90	+20	+25	1900
2200	K	135(1)228(2)006K(3)(4)	1.0	13	6.0	24.0	-90	+25	+30	2300
8 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 5 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 4.8 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
180	C	135(1)187(2)008C(3)(4)	3.0	45	2.0	9.0	-60	+13	+16	1000
680	F	135(1)687(2)008F(3)(4)	2.5	22	3.0	14.0	-83	+16	+20	1500
1500	T	135(1)158(2)008T(3)(4)	1.5	18	5.0	20.0	-90	+20	+25	1900
1800	K	135(1)188(2)008K(3)(4)	1.0	14	7.0	25.0	-90	+25	+30	2300
10 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 7 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 6 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
120	C	135(1)127(2)010C(3)(4)	3.2	54	2.0	6.0	-40	+14	+16	900
150	C	135(1)157(2)010C(3)(4)	3.0	54	2.0	9.0	-55	+13	+16	900
390	F	135(1)397(2)010F(3)(4)	2.5	27	3.0	9.0	-66	+16	+20	1470
470	F	135(1)477(2)010F(3)(4)	2.5	27	3.0	16.0	-66	+16	+20	1450
560	F	135(1)567(2)010F(3)(4)	2.5	27	3.0	16.0	-77	+16	+20	1450
1200	T	135(1)128(2)010T(3)(4)	1.5	18	5.0	20.0	-88	+20	+25	1850
1500	K	135(1)158(2)010K(3)(4)	1.0	15	7.0	25.0	-88	+25	+30	2300
15 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 10 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 9 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
82	C	135(1)826(2)015C(3)(4)	3.9	72	2.0	6.0	-35	+12	+16	900
100	C	135(1)107(2)015C(3)(4)	3.9	72	2.0	9.0	-44	+13	+16	900
270	F	135(1)277(2)015F(3)(4)	2.5	31	3.0	9.0	-62	+16	+15	1450
390	F	135(1)397(2)015F(3)(4)	2.5	31	3.0	16.0	-66	+16	+20	1450
680	T	135(1)687(2)015T(3)(4)	1.8	22	6.0	18.0	-74	+20	+25	1800
820	T	135(1)827(2)015T(3)(4)	1.8	22	6.0	24.0	-77	+20	+25	1800
1000	K	135(1)108(2)015K(3)(4)	1.2	17	8.0	32.0	-77	+25	+30	2330
25 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 15 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 12 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
47	C	135(1)476(2)025C(3)(4)	5.2	100	2.0	6.0	-23	+12	+15	800
56	C	135(1)566(2)025C(3)(4)	4.3	90	2.0	6.0	-25	+12	+15	850
68	C	135(1)686(2)025C(3)(4)	4.3	90	2.0	9.0	-40	+12	+15	850
180	F	135(1)187(2)025F(3)(4)	2.7	33	3.0	9.0	-54	+13	+15	1400
270	F	135(1)277(2)025F(3)(4)	2.7	33	3.0	16.0	-62	+13	+16	1400
390	T	135(1)397(2)025T(3)(4)	1.8	25	6.0	18.0	-55	+18	+25	1500
470	T	135(1)477(2)025T(3)(4)	1.8	24	6.0	18.0	-65	+18	+25	1750
560	T	135(1)567(2)025T(3)(4)	1.8	24	7.0	28.0	-72	+20	+25	1750
680	K	135(1)687(2)025K(3)(4)	1.2	19	8.0	32.0	-72	+25	+30	2100
820	K	135(1)827(2)025K(3)(4)	1.3	26	8.0	32.0	-80	+25	+25	2100

Notes

- Part number definitions:

- (1) Model type:

135D - axial through-hole terminations

135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations

135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations

- (2) Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %

- (3) Style number:

Standard temperature: 0 = no insulating sleeve, 2 = polyester insulation sleeve, 3 = high temperature film insulation;

High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve

- (4) Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin



EXTENDED RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR AT +25 °C 120 Hz (Ω)	MAX. IMP. AT -55 °C 120 Hz (Ω)	MAX. DCL (μA) AT		MAX. CAPACITANCE CHANGE (%) AT			MAX. RIPPLE 40 kHz I _{RMS} (mA)
					+25 °C	+85 °C +125 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	
30 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 20 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 18 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
47	C	135(1)476(2)030C(3)(4)	5.2	100	2.0	6.0	-23	+12	+15	800
56	C	135(1)566(2)030C(3)(4)	5.2	100	2.0	9.0	-38	+12	+15	800
150	F	135(1)157(2)030F(3)(4)	2.5	36	3.0	9.0	-42	+13	+15	1200
220	F	135(1)227(2)030F(3)(4)	2.5	36	3.0	16.0	-60	+13	+16	1200
300	T	135(1)307(2)030T(3)(4)	2.2	44	3.0	12.0	-60	+15	+15	1559
390	T	135(1)397(2)030T(3)(4)	1.8	25	6.0	18.0	-55	+18	+25	1500
470	T	135(1)477(2)030T(3)(4)	1.8	25	8.0	32.0	-65	+20	+25	1500
560	K	135(1)567(2)030K(3)(4)	1.3	20	9.0	36.0	-65	+25	+30	2000
35 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 22 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 21 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
39	C	135(1)396(2)035C(3)(4)	4.1	61	2.0	6.0	-22	+12	+14	820
120	F	135(1)127(2)035F(3)(4)	2.5	31	3.0	10.0	-40	+13	+15	1315
330	T	135(1)337(2)035T(3)(4)	1.8	20	6.0	18.0	-50	+16	+25	1640
370	K	135(1)377(2)035K(3)(4)	1.3	15	9.0	36.0	-60	+25	+30	2040
40 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 25 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 20 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
39	C	135(1)396(2)040C(3)(4)	4.1	61	2.0	6.0	-22	+12	+14	820
220	K	135(1)227(2)040K(3)(4)	1.6	27	3.0	22.0	-58	+23	+23	1900
370	K	135(1)377(2)040K(3)(4)	1.5	30	5.0	25.0	-75	+25	+25	1900
470	K	135(1)477(2)040K(3)(4)	1.3	30	9.0	35.0	-80	+25	+25	2040
50 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 30 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 30 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
33	C	135(1)336(2)050C(3)(4)	5.0	135	2.0	9.0	-29	+10	+12	700
100	F	135(1)107(2)050F(3)(4)	2.8	49	4.0	12.0	-36	+13	+15	1200
120	F	135(1)127(2)050F(3)(4)	2.5	49	4.0	24.0	-42	+12	+15	1200
270	T	135(1)277(2)050T(3)(4)	2.0	30	8.0	32.0	-46	+20	+25	1450
330	K	135(1)337(2)050K(3)(4)	1.5	30	9.0	36.0	-46	+25	+30	1900
60 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 40 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 36 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
18	C	135(1)186(2)060C(3)(4)	7.0	160	2.0	12.0	-20	+7	+8	700
27	C	135(1)276(2)060C(3)(4)	5.0	144	3.0	12.0	-24	+10	+12	700
82	F	135(1)826(2)060F(3)(4)	2.9	54	4.0	16.0	-30	+15	+15	1100
100	F	135(1)107(2)060F(3)(4)	2.5	54	4.0	20.0	-36	+12	+15	1100
220	T	135(1)227(2)060T(3)(4)	1.8	29	8.0	32.0	-40	+16	+20	1400
270	K	135(1)277(2)060K(3)(4)	1.4	23	9.0	36.0	-45	+20	+25	1850
330	K	135(1)337(2)060K(3)(4)	1.3	31	10.0	40.0	-72	+25	+25	1850
63 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 40 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 31 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
10	C	135(1)106(2)063C(3)(4)	5.3	250	1.0	2.0	-20	+8	+9	715
27	C	135(1)276(2)063C(3)(4)	5.0	144	3.0	12.0	-24	+10	+12	700
100	F	135(1)107(2)063F(3)(4)	2.5	54	2.0	12.0	-36	+12	+15	1100

Notes

- Part number definitions:
 - Model type:
135D - axial through-hole terminations
135J - SMD, outward L-leaded terminations
135L - SMD, inward L-leaded terminations
 - Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %
 - Style number:
Standard temperature: 0 = no insulating sleeve, 2 = polyester insulation sleeve, 3 = high temperature film insulation;
High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve
 - Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin

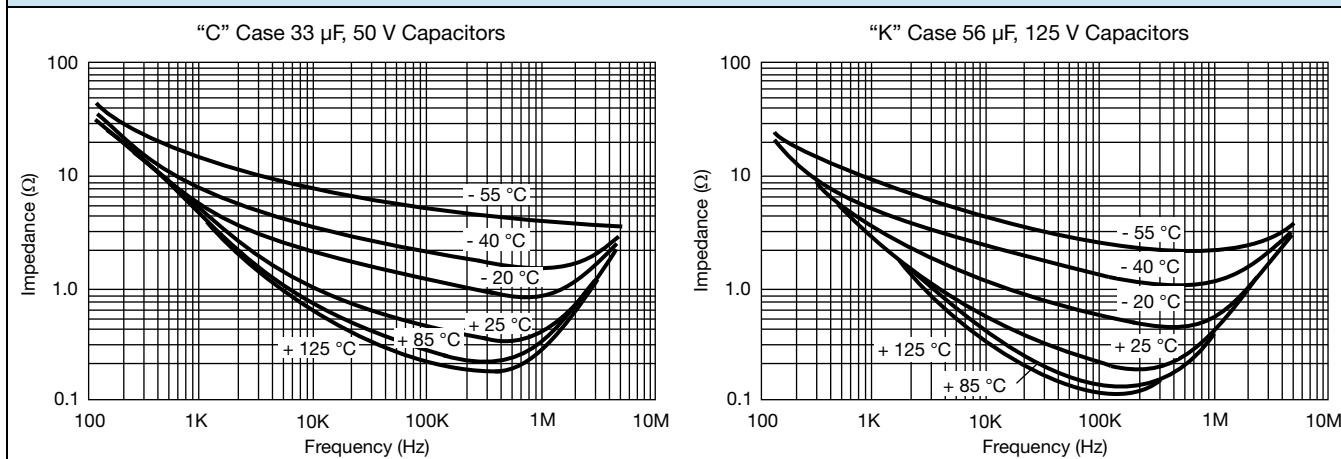


EXTENDED RATINGS										
CAPACITANCE (μF)	CASE CODE	PART NUMBER	MAX. ESR	MAX. IMP.	MAX. DCL		MAX. CAPACITANCE			MAX.
			AT +25 °C	AT -55 °C	(μA) AT	CHANGE (%) AT			RIPPLE	
			120 Hz	120 Hz	+25 °C	+85 °C	-55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	40 kHz
			(Ω)	(Ω)		+125 °C				I _{RMS} (mA)
75 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 50 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 45 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
5.6	C	135(1)565(2)075C(3)(4)	14.2	475	2.0	5.0	-17	+8	+8	600
12	C	135(1)126(2)075C(3)(4)	5.1	157	3.0	12.0	-19	+10	+12	600
22	C	135(1)226(2)075C(3)(4)	5.1	157	3.0	12.0	-19	+10	+12	600
68	F	135(1)686(2)075F(3)(4)	3.0	63	4.0	16.0	-25	+12	+15	1000
82	F	135(1)826(2)075F(3)(4)	2.5	63	4.0	24.0	-30	+12	+15	1000
110	F	135(1)117(2)075F(3)(4)	2.5	54	4.0	20.0	-36	+12	+15	1100
180	T	135(1)187(2)075T(3)(4)	2.2	30	9.0	36.0	-35	+16	+20	1300
200	K	135(1)207(2)075K(3)(4)	1.8	24	10.0	40.0	-40	+20	+25	1800
220	K	135(1)227(2)075K(3)(4)	1.8	24	10.0	40.0	-40	+20	+25	1800
300	K	135(1)307(2)075K(3)(4)	1.8	32	12.0	48.0	-60	+22	+22	2000
100 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 65 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 60 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
5.6	C	135(1)565(2)100C(3)(4)	14	475	2.0	5.0	-17	+8	+8	565
10	C	135(1)106(2)100C(3)(4)	5.9	200	3.0	12.0	-17	+10	+12	800
39	F	135(1)396(2)100F(3)(4)	3.5	80	5.0	24.0	-20	+12	+15	1300
47	T	135(1)476(2)100T(3)(4)	2.5	70	2.0	10.0	-23	+10	+10	1390
56	T	135(1)566(2)100T(3)(4)	2.4	50	5.0	20.0	-25	+12	+12	1400
68	T	135(1)686(2)100T(3)(4)	2.2	40	10.0	40.0	-30	+14	+16	1600
120	K	135(1)127(2)100K(3)(4)	2.7	30	12.0	48.0	-35	+15	+17	2000
125 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 85 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 75 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
3.9	C	135(1)395(2)125C(3)(4)	20.4	557	2.0	5.0	-16	+7	+8	495
6.8	C	135(1)685(2)125C(3)(4)	11.7	300	3.0	12.0	-14	+10	+12	700
15	F	135(1)156(2)125F(3)(4)	5.3	167	1.0	7.0	-16	+7	+8	1200
27	F	135(1)276(2)125F(3)(4)	3.5	90	5.0	24.0	-18	+12	+15	1200
47	T	135(1)476(2)125T(3)(4)	2.2	50	10.0	40.0	-26	+14	+16	1500
56	T	135(1)566(2)125T(3)(4)	2.2	50	10.0	40.0	-26	+14	+16	1500
68	K	135(1)686(2)125K(3)(4)	2.2	32	11.0	44.0	-28	+15	+16	1850
82	K	135(1)826(2)125K(3)(4)	2.8	32	12.0	48.0	-30	+15	+17	1900
150 V _{DC} AT +85 °C; 100 V _{DC} AT +125 °C; 90 V _{DC} AT +200 °C										
22	F	135D226X0150F2	4.0	100	6.0	50.0	-20	+12	+15	1200

Notes

- Part number definitions:
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 - Capacitance tolerance: X0 = 20 %, X9 = 10 %, X5 = 5 %
 - Style number:
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 - High temperature: 6 = high temperature film insulation, 8 = no insulating sleeve
 - Termination: blank = standard tin / lead, E3 = RoHS-compliant 100 % tin

TYPICAL CURVES OF IMPEDANCE AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY AT VARIOUS TEMPERATURES



PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

1. **Operating Temperature:** capacitors are designed to operate over a temperature range of -55 °C to +200 °C.

UP TO +85 °C (V)	AT +125 °C (V)	AT +200 °C (V)
6	4	3.6
8	5	4.8
10	7	6
15	10	9
25	15	12
30	20	18
35	22	21
40	25	20
50	30	30
60	40	36
63	40	31
75	50	45
100	65	60
125	85	75
150	100	90

2. **DC Working Voltage:** the DC working voltage is the maximum operating voltage for continuous duty at the rated temperature.
3. **Surge Voltage:** the surge voltage rating is the maximum voltage to which the capacitors should be subjected under any conditions. This includes transients and peak ripple at the highest line voltage.
- 3.1 The surge voltage of capacitors is 115 % of rated DC working voltage except for 150 V ratings, for which the surge voltage is equal to the rated DC voltage.

- 3.2 **Surge Voltage Test:** capacitors shall withstand the surge voltage applied through a 1000 $\Omega \pm 10$ % resistor in series with the capacitor and voltage source at the rate of one-half minute on, four and one-half minutes off, for 1000 successive test cycles at +85 °C or +125 °C.

- 3.3 Following the surge voltage test, the capacitance at +25 °C shall not have changed by more than ± 10 % and the equivalent series resistance and DC leakage current will not exceed the values shown in the Standard Ratings table for each capacitor.

4. **Capacitance Tolerance:** the capacitance of all capacitors shall be within the specified tolerance limits of the nominal rating.

- 4.1 Measurements shall be made by the bridge method at or referred to a frequency of 120 Hz at a temperature of +25 °C. The maximum voltage applied to the capacitors during measurement shall be 1 V_{RMS} . Measurement accuracy of the bridge shall be within ± 2 %.

5. **Capacitance Change With Temperature:** the capacitance change with temperature shall not exceed the values given in the Standard Ratings table for each capacitor.

6. **Equivalent Series Resistance:** measurements shall be made by the bridge method at, or referred to, a frequency of 120 Hz at a temperature of +25 °C. A maximum of 1 V_{RMS} shall be applied during measurement.

- 6.1 The equivalent series resistance shall not exceed the maximum value in ohms listed in the Standard Ratings table for each capacitor.

6.2 The dissipation factor may be calculated from the equivalent series resistance and capacitance values as shown:

$$DF = \frac{2\pi fRC}{10^4}$$

where:

DF = dissipation factor in %

R = ESR in Ω

C = capacitance in μF

f = frequency in Hz

At 120 Hz, the above equation becomes:

$$DF = \frac{R \times C}{13.26}$$

For example, percent dissipation factor of a 30 μF , 6 V capacitor, which has a maximum ESR of 4.0 Ω at +25 °C and 120 Hz, would be calculated as shown:

$$DF = \frac{2\pi \times 120 \times 4 \times 30}{10^4} = \frac{4 \times 30}{13.26} = 9.05 \%$$

7. **Leakage Current:** measurements shall be made at the applicable rated working voltage at +25 °C $\pm$ 5 °C through application of a steady source of power, such as a regulated power supply. A 1000 Ω resistor to limit the charging current shall be connected in series with each capacitor under test. Rated working voltage shall be applied to capacitors for 5 minutes before making leakage current measurements.

7.1 The maximum leakage current for any capacitor shall not exceed the maximum value in microamperes listed in the Standard Ratings and Extended Ratings table for each capacitor.

Note

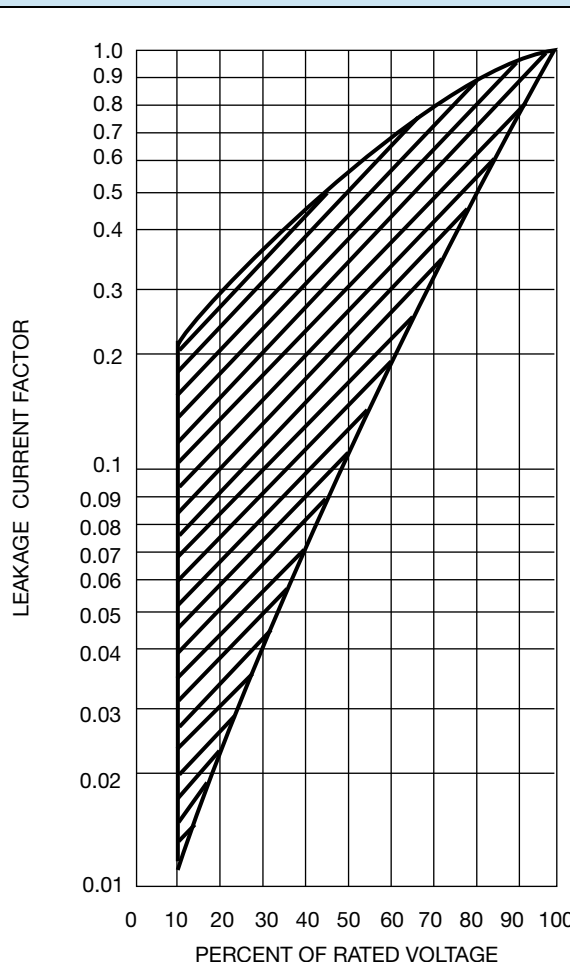
- Leakage current varies with applied voltage. See graph next column for the appropriate adjustment factor

8. **Low Temperature Impedance:** the impedance of any capacitor at -55 °C at 120 Hz, shall not exceed the values given in the Standard Ratings and Extended Ratings tables.

9. **Life Test:** capacitors are capable of withstanding a life test at a temperature of +85 °C, or +125 °C, or +175 °C, or +200 °C at the applicable DC working voltage:

TEMPERATURE	DURATION HOURS	TEST VOLTAGE (% OF RATED VOLTAGE)
+85 °C	2000	100
+125 °C	2000	67
+175 °C (style 6 or 8)	2000	50
+175 °C (style 6 or 8)	300	65
+200 °C (style 6 or 8)	300	60

**TYPICAL LEAKAGE CURRENT
FACTOR RANGE**



9.1 Following the life test, the capacitors shall be returned to 25 °C $\pm$ 5 °C.

9.2 Following life test +85 °C or +125 °C: the leakage current, measured at full rated voltage, shall not be in excess of the initial requirement, except for 150 V ratings ⁽¹⁾; the equivalent series resistance value shall not exceed 150 % of the initial requirement; the capacitance value shall not change more than 10 % from the initial measurement.

Note

- ⁽¹⁾ The leakage current after the test for 150 V ratings shall not exceed 200 % of the initial requirement

9.3 Following life test +175 °C or +200 °C: the leakage current, measured at full rated voltage shall not exceed 200 % of the initial requirement or 10 μA , whichever is greater; the equivalent series resistance shall not be greater than 200 % of the initial requirement; the capacitance value shall not change by more than +10 % / -20 % from the initial measurement.



10. **Ripple Life Test at +85 °C:** capacitors shall be tested in accordance with Military Specification MIL-PRF-39006 except that:
- Operation conditions: this test shall be run at a frequency of 40 kHz $\pm$ 2 kHz sinusoidal and at the RMS ripple current levels specified in the Standard Ratings and Extended Ratings table.
 - Applied DC voltage shall be reduced so that the peak AC voltage plus DC voltage shall not exceed the rated voltage of the capacitor in either the forward or reverse direction.
- 10.1 When tested as specified above, capacitors shall meet the following requirements:
- The DC leakage current at +25 °C and at +85 °C shall not exceed the original requirements.
 - The capacitance shall not change more than $\pm$ 15 % from the initial measured value.
 - The dissipation factor shall not exceed the original requirements.
 - Visual examination: there shall be no damage, obliteration of marking or leakage of electrolyte.
11. **Reverse Voltage Test:** capacitors shall withstand a reverse voltage of 3 V_{DC} at +85 °C or 2 V at +125 °C for 2000 h. The capacitors shall then be restabilized for 24 h at 85 °C with rated DC forward potential applied through a 1000 Ω resistor.
- 11.1 Following the reverse voltage test, the DC leakage current shall not be in excess of the original requirement; the equivalent series resistance shall not exceed 200 % of the initial requirement; the capacitance value shall not be less than 90 % of the initial measurement.
12. **Mechanical Shock Test:** capacitors shall withstand a shock of 500 g when tested in accordance with method 213 of MIL-STD-202, test condition D.
- 12.1 Following the mechanical shock test, capacitors shall be examined for evidence of mechanical damage and leakage of electrolyte. Capacitance, equivalent series resistance, and DC leakage current shall meet the initial requirements.
13. **High Frequency Vibration:** capacitors shall withstand vibration from 10 Hz to 2000 Hz at 80 g without internal damage when tested in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 204, test condition H. Electrical measurements made while under these conditions shall show no intermittent contacts, open circuits or short circuits.
- 13.1 Capacitors shall be securely fastened by means of suitable component clips or brackets.
14. **Random Vibration:** capacitors shall withstand random vibration at all levels up to 51 g RMS overall when tested in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 214, test condition II K. The test shall be conducted for 1.5 h in each of three mutually perpendicular directions.
- 14.1 Electrical measurements made during the test shall show no intermittent contacts, open circuits or short circuits.
15. **Pull Test:** leads shall withstand a tensile stress of 3 lbs. (1.4 kg) for 30 s applied axially in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 211, test condition A.
16. **Lead Bend Test:** leads shall meet the bend test specified in Military Standard MIL-STD-202, method 211 A, condition C except that the number of bends shall be 4.
17. **Moisture Resistance:** capacitors shall withstand the moisture resistance cycling test specified in Military Standard MIL-STD-202, method 106, without departure from the original limits of capacitance, equivalent series resistance and DC leakage current.
18. **Reduced Pressure:** capacitors shall be stabilized at a reduced atmospheric pressure of 0.82" [20.83 mm] of mercury for a period of 5 min. Rated DC voltage shall be applied for 1 min. Capacitors shall not flash over nor shall end seals be damaged by this nor should the capacitors be electrically effected insofar as capacitance, equivalent series resistance or leakage current is concerned.
19. **Seal Test:**
- 19.1 Capacitors shall be tested in accordance with MIL-STD-202, method 112, test condition C, procedure IIIa. Specimens shall be pressurized at 4 atmospheres (gage) for 4 h.
20. **Thermal Shock:** capacitors shall be subjected to 300 cycles of thermal shock in accordance with Military specification MIL-PRF-39006.
- 20.1 Following the thermal shock test, capacitor leakage current shall not exceed twice the initial requirement.
21. **Marking:** capacitors shall be marked with Vishay identification; capacitors type (135D); rated capacitance and tolerance (the tolerance shall be coded, using the list shown in How to Order); rated DC working voltage at +85 °C; the standard EIA date code of manufacture.
- 21.1 Polarity shall be indicated by plus signs (+) adjacent to the positive terminal.

GUIDE TO APPLICATION

- AC Ripple Current:** subjecting a capacitor to an AC voltage causes an AC current to flow through it. The amplitude of the current is dependent on the impedance of the capacitor at the frequency of the applied signal:

$$I = \frac{V}{Z}$$

where:

I = ripple current

V = applied AC voltage

Z = impedance of capacitor (frequency dependent)

This current causes heating in the capacitor because of I^2R losses (R is the equivalent series resistance at the applied frequency). This heating or power dissipation, is one of the limiting factors of the capacitor's ripple current rating.

CASE CODE	MAXIMUM PERMISSIBLE POWER DISSIPATION AT +25 °C (W) IN FREE AIR
C	1.00
F	1.55
T	1.75
K	1.95

These power dissipation ratings are based on a calculated +50 °C internal temperature rise in still air. The maximum allowable ripple currents given in the Standard and Extended Ratings tables are based on these ratings and the maximum equivalent series resistance at that frequency.

The relationship is written as follows:

$$P = I^2 R$$

where:

P = maximum power

I = maximum ripple current

R = equivalent series resistance

Therefore:

$$I = \sqrt{\frac{P}{R}}$$

where:

R is in Ω

P is in W

I is in A_{RMS}

- AC Ripple Voltage:** in operation, the peak voltage across the capacitor (DC working voltage plus peak ripple voltage) must not exceed the rated working voltage of the capacitor. The DC component of the applied voltage should be sufficiently large to prevent polarity reversal in excess of 3 V at +85 °C or 2 V at 125 °C.

There will be a point at the lower frequency and capacitance values when the peak AC voltage will be the limiting factor on the ripple current - not its heating effects.

For example:

given a 25 μF , 8 V capacitor in the "C" case code and assuming a ripple current application at a frequency of 120 Hz, the total maximum allowable peak to peak voltage at +25 °C is:

$$8 V_F + 3 V_R = 11 V_{pp}$$

In order to allow the full swing of 11 V_{pp} and not exceed rated forward or rated reverse, a DC bias of 2.5 V is assumed to be applied.

From the "Standard Ratings Table", the maximum ripple current at 40 kHz is 0.820 A. Compensating for the lower frequency from the "Ripple Current Multipliers" tables:

$$I_{RMS} (120 \text{ Hz}) = 0.820 \text{ A} \times 0.6 = 0.492 A_{RMS}$$

This current rating is calculated strictly on the basis of maximum power dissipation. Now calculate what impressed voltage this amount of current will cause across this capacitor.

Assuming a sinusoidal voltage, calculate the rated peak to peak current:

$$I_{pp} = (I_{RMS} \times 2\sqrt{2}) = 0.492 \times 2.828 = 1.39 A_{pp}$$

$$V_{pp(\text{impressed})} = (I_{pp} \times Z_C) (120 \text{ Hz})$$

where:

$$Z_{C(120\text{Hz})} = \left(\sqrt{(ESR)^2 + (X_{C(120 \text{ Hz})})^2} \right)^2$$

ESR = 4 Ω (from "Standard Ratings" table)

$$X_C = \frac{1}{2\pi f C} = \frac{1}{2(\pi)(120)(25 \times 10^{-6})} = 53.1 \Omega$$

Therefore:

$$Z_C = \sqrt{(4)^2 + (53.1)^2} = 53.3 \Omega$$

and

$$\begin{aligned} V_{pp(\text{impressed})} &= 1.39 (A_{pp} \times 53.3 \Omega) \\ &= 74.1 V_{pp} > 11 V_{pp} \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the peak voltage of the capacitor is the limiting factor for the ripple current and can be calculated as follows:

$$\text{Max. } I_{pp} = \frac{V_{Cdp(\text{allowed})}}{Z_C} = \frac{11.0 \text{ V}}{53.3 \Omega} = 0.206 A_{pp}$$

or

$$\frac{0.206}{2\sqrt{2}} = 0.073 A_{RMS} \text{ at } 120 \text{ Hz}$$

Verifying that the 40 kHz rating does not exceed the peak voltage limitations:

$$I_{\text{rated}} = 0.820 A_{\text{RMS}}$$

$$I_{\text{pp(rated)}} = 0.820 \times 2\sqrt{2} = 2.32 A_{\text{pp}}$$

$$Z_{\text{C (40 kHz)}} = \left(\sqrt{(\text{ESR}_{(40 \text{ kHz})})^2 + (X_{\text{C(40 Hz)}})^2} \right)^2$$

where:

$$\text{ESR}_{(40 \text{ kHz})} = 4 \Omega_{(120 \text{ Hz})} \times 0.34$$

(from Extended Ratings table) = 1.36 Ω

and:

$$X_{\text{C (40 kHz)}} = \frac{1}{2\pi fC}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi \times (40 \times 10^3) \times (25 \times 10^{-6})} = 0.159 \Omega$$

thus:

$$Z_{\text{C (40kHz)}} = \sqrt{(1.36)^2 + (0.159)^2} = 1.37 \Omega$$

Therefore the impressed voltage is:

$$V_{\text{Cpp}} = Z_{\text{Cpp}} I_{\text{pp}} = 1.37 \Omega \times 2.32 A_{\text{pp}} = 3.18 V_{\text{pp}}$$

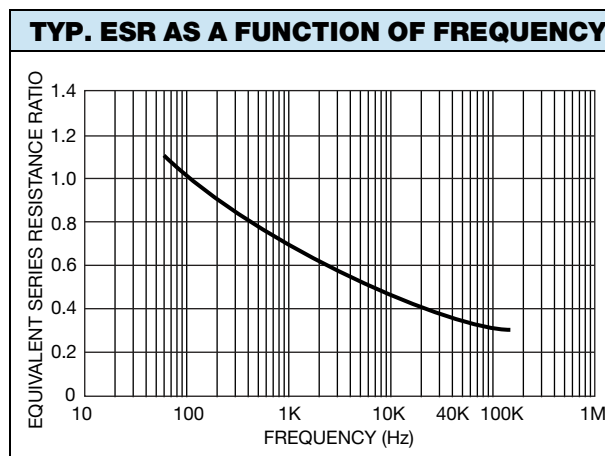
and:

$$3.18 V < 11 V$$

Therefore, if the capacitor is biased between -1.41 V_{DC} and +6.41 V_{DC} , it can withstand the rated ripple current, which is based only on the maximum allowable power dissipation.

3. **Ripple Current Multipliers:** the “Standard and Extended Ratings” tables list the maximum permissible RMS ripple current at 40 kHz for each rating (at +85°C and with maximum 67% of DC rated voltage applied). These values are based on the maximum power dissipation allowed at that frequency.

This ripple current will cause heating, which adds to the ambient temperature. With higher ambient temperatures and various levels of DC voltage derating, ripple current derating is required (see “Ripple Current Multipliers” tables). Also shown are the ripple current multipliers at various frequencies, caused by the frequency dependence of the ESR (equivalent series resistance). Below is “Typical ESR as Function of Frequency” chart.



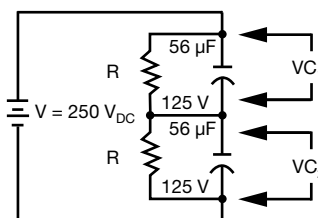
RIPPLE CURRENT MULTIPLIERS (120 Hz to 1 kHz)									
% OF +85 °C RATED PEAK VOLTAGE	RIPPLE CURRENT MULTIPLIERS								
	120 Hz			800 Hz			1 kHz		
	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C
100	0.60	0.39	-	0.71	0.43	-	0.72	0.45	-
90	0.60	0.46	-	0.71	0.55	-	0.72	0.55	-
80	0.60	0.52	-	0.71	0.62	-	0.72	0.62	-
70	0.60	0.58	-	0.71	0.69	-	0.72	0.70	-
≤ 67	0.60	0.60	0.27	0.71	0.71	0.32	0.72	0.72	0.32

RIPPLE CURRENT MULTIPLIERS (10 kHz to 100 kHz)									
% OF +85 °C RATED PEAK VOLTAGE	RIPPLE CURRENT MULTIPLIERS								
	10 kHz			40 kHz			100 kHz		
	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C	≤ +55 °C	+85 °C	+125 °C
100	0.88	0.55	-	1.0	0.63	-	1.1	0.69	-
90	0.88	0.67	-	1.0	0.77	-	1.1	0.85	-
80	0.88	0.76	-	1.0	0.87	-	1.1	0.96	-
70	0.88	0.85	-	1.0	0.97	-	1.1	1.07	-
≤ 67	0.88	0.88	0.40	1.0	1.0	0.45	1.1	1.1	0.50

4. **Storage Life:** a storage life of 10 years or more, with no voltage at room temperature, may be expected.

5. **Series Operation:** these capacitors may be used in some series applications. For such an application to achieve a high voltage rating (e.g. 28 μF , 250 V using two 56 μF , 125 V capacitors), a suitable balancing network of resistors in parallel with the capacitors is required to evenly distribute the voltage across each capacitor. The value of the appropriate resistor will be dependent on the DC leakage current of the capacitors and, as recommended value, it should be selected to allow a current equal to 10 times the DC leakage current limit (see Standard Ratings and Extended Ratings table) to flow parallel to each capacitor.

For example:



For example:

$$R = \frac{V_C}{10 I_{DCL}} = \frac{125 \text{ V}}{200 (\mu\text{A})} = 625 \text{ k}\Omega$$

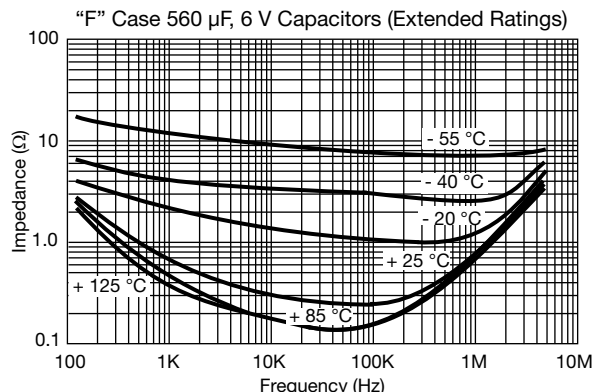
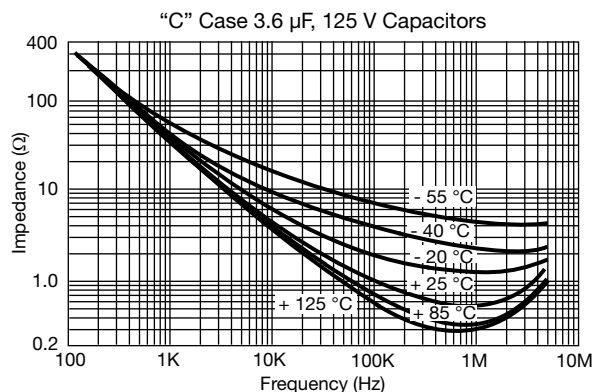
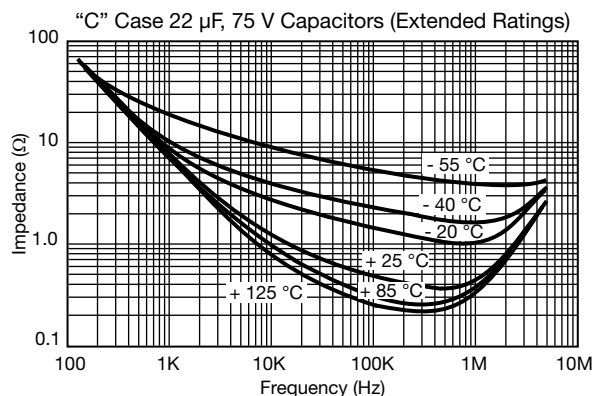
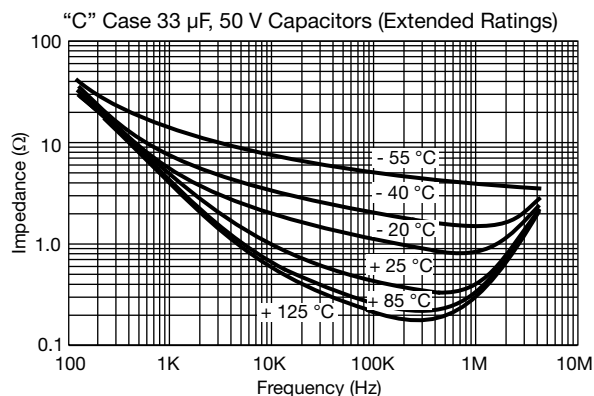
where:

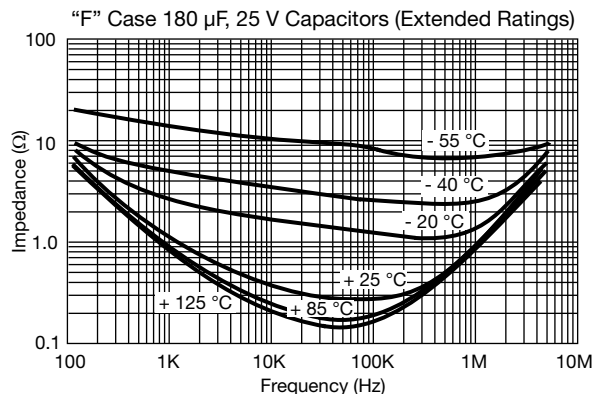
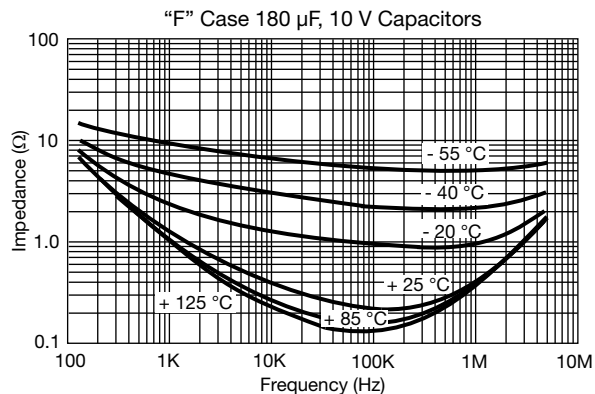
V_C = voltage across capacitor

I_{DCL} = DC leakage current at +85 °C from Standard Ratings and Extended Ratings table

6. **Special Applications:** Vishay product specialists will, on request, furnish recommendations for your particular application.

TYPICAL CURVES OF IMPEDANCE, AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY



TYPICAL CURVES OF IMPEDANCE, AS A FUNCTION OF FREQUENCY




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