

SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield user guide

About this document

Scope and purpose

This user guide provides detailed information about the XENSIV[™] sensor shield, which is a hardware add-on board for baseboards compatible with Arduino. It covers the shield's features, functionality, and usage, including its Infineon XENSIV[™] sensors, supporting hardware, and other sensors, such as IMU, magnetometer, and humidity sensor. Additionally, this user guide covers the integration of Infineon's security devices, offering a comprehensive solution for secure and reliable sensing applications.

Intended audience

The expansion board is intended for technical specialists familiar with IoT and sensing technologies, and is intended to be used under laboratory conditions.



Important notice

Important notice

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Safety precautions

Safety precautions

Note: Please note the following warnings regarding the hazards associated with development systems.

Table 1Safety precautions



Caution: The evaluation or reference board contains parts and assemblies sensitive to electrostatic discharge (ESD). Electrostatic control precautions are required when installing, testing, servicing or repairing the assembly. Component damage may result if ESD control procedures are not followed. If you are not familiar with electrostatic control procedures, refer to the applicable ESD protection handbooks and quidelines.



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1 Introduction

Thank you for your interest in the XENSIV[™] sensor shield (SHIELD_XENSIV_A). This shield is designed to be a companion for adding common sensors to a baseboard based on Arduino UNO R3.

The kit package includes a XENSIV[™] sensor shield that contains a 0.96-inch thin film field-effect transistor (TFT) display, a radar sensor, a humidity and temperature sensor, a motion sensor, a magnetometer sensor, a pressure sensor, a CO2 sensor, PDM microphones, OPTIGA[™] Trust M security controller, and a QWIIC connector.

You can use ModusToolbox[™] to develop and debug your projects with the shield connected to a baseboard (such as CY8CKIT-062S2-43012). ModusToolbox[™] consists of a set of tools that enable you to integrate Infineon devices into your existing development methodology.

This kit guide provides details on the shield contents, hardware, schematics, and BOM.

1.1 Kit contents

The kit includes the following contents, as shown in Figure 1.

- XENSIV[™] sensor shield
- Quick start guide



Figure 1

SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield kit contents

Inspect the contents of the kit; if you find any part missing, contact your nearest Infineon sales office for help. For more information, see Technical Support.

1.2 Getting started

The following sections help you get acquainted with the kit:

- The Kit operation section describes the theory of operation and major features of the kit
- The Hardware section provides a detailed hardware description, kit schematics, and bill of materials (BOM)

The board is compatible with Arduino UNO-based Infineon development platforms. The SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield requires a baseboard with a microcontroller, such as the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 or CYW920829M2EVK-02. This baseboard device needs firmware, which can be created using ModusToolbox[™] (version 3.1 or later).



1.2.1 Connecting XENSIV[™] sensor shield to CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 (PSOC[™] 6 MCU)

This section provides instructions on how to get started with the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield using the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 (baseboard) development kit and create the out-of-the-box (OOB) application. The OOB application demonstrates the shield's basic functionality and capabilities.



Figure 2 SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield connected with CY8CKIT-062S2-43012

1.2.1.1 Creating an out-of-the-box (OOB) application and program using ModusToolbox[™]

The OOB application initializes several sensors on the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield and displays the sensor data on the TFT display and serial terminal. For more details on the implementation, see the README file.

- 1. Connect the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield to the baseboard kit (CY8CKIT-062S2-43012) as shown in Figure 2
- 2. To connect the baseboard to your PC, use the provided USB cable and connect it through the KitProg3 USB connector. KitProg3 operates in either CMSIS-DAP Bulk mode (default) or CMSIS-DAP HID mode. Additionally, KitProg3 supports CMSIS-DAP Bulk mode with two UARTs. Programming is faster in Bulk mode. In Bulk mode, the status LED is always ON, while in HID mode, it ramps at a 1 Hz rate. To switch between these modes, simply press and release the mode select button (SW3). If you do not see the desired LED status, see the KitProg3 user guide for details on the KitProg3 status and troubleshooting instructions

Note: By default, only Bulk mode is enabled.

- **3.** In the ModusToolbox[™] IDE, import the "XENSIV[™] Sensor Shield: OOB demo" code example (application) into a new workspace In the ModusToolbox[™] IDE, import the "XENSIV[™] Sensor Shield: OOB demo" code example (application) into a new workspace. To do this:
 - a. Click New Application from the Quick Panel



Quick Panel (X)= Variables 🙀 Expressions 🗣 Breakpoints 👘 🗖
Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™
✓ Start
New Application
Import Existing Application In-Place
^e Search Online for Code Examples
Search Online for Libraries and BSPs
& Training Material
Kefresh Quick Panel
✓ Project
S Build
Clean
★ Launches
→ BSP Configurators

Figure 3

Create a new application

b. Select the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 in the **Choose BSP Target** window and click **Next**

nter filter text	Create from MPN	Browse for BSP 🕒 🖽	CY8CKIT-06252-43012
Kit Name	MCU/SOC/SIP	С	The CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 PSoC™ 6S2 Wi-Fi Bluetooth®
 PSUC To DSFS CV8CEVAL-062S2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-CVW43022CUB CV8CEVAL-062S2-LAI-43439M2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-LAI-43439M2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-MUR-43439M2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-MUR-43439M2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-MUR-43439M2 CV8CEVAL-062S2-MUR-43439M2 CV8CKIT-062S2-MUR-43439M2 CV8CKIT-062S2-MIR-43439M2 CV8CKIT-062S2-A1 CV8CKIT-062S2-A1 CV8CKIT-062S2-A1 CV8CKIT-062S2-A1 CV8CKIT-062S2-A1 CV8CKIT-064B0S2-4343W CV8CKIT-064B0S2-4343W CV8CRIT-062-4343W CV8CRIT-062-4343W CV8CRIT-062-4343W CV8CRIT-062-4343W 	CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44 CY8C624ABZI-S2D44	 Honce Har B urborn to Contract plantom characterization of the end o	
error(s), 0 warning(s)			a Quad- SPI interface, 13 serial communication blocks, 7
mmary:			
P: CY8CKIT-062S2-43012			
ess "Next" to select application			

Figure 4

New application creation: Choose target BSP

c. Select the application in the **Select Application** window and click **Create**

SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield user guide



1 Introduction

Application(s) Root Path: C/Users/banka/mtw Browse larget IDE: Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™ ✓ Enter filter text	ettings Help					
arget IDE: Eclipse IDE for ModusToolbox™ ✓ Enter filter text	Application(s) Root Path:	C:/Users/banka/mtv	v			Browse
Enter filter text	arget IDE:	Eclipse IDE for Mod	lusToolbox™			\sim
Template Application New Application N New BSP Name > Manufacturing Sensing Peripherals > Sensing BM1160 Motion Sensor over I2C and display the sensors data on the serial terminal and 0.96-inch ST77355 TFT displa present on SHIELD_XENSIV_F CAPSENSE Buttons and Slider Fr For more details, see the README on GitHub. CAPSENSE Custom Scan CAPSENSE on CMOp For more details, see the README on GitHub. EXAMPLE Custom Scan SHT35 Humidity Sensor and Dis EXENSIV_Sensor Shield OOB demo XENSIV Sensor Shield OOB demo XENSIV_Sensor_S APP_CY8CKIT-06252-43012	inter filter text		<u>a</u>	Browse for Application 🍸 🎉	Ŧ	This code example
> Wi-Fi	Template Application Manufacturing Peripherals Sensing BMI160 Motio CAPSENSE Bui CAPSENSE Bui CAPSENSE Cui CA	in Sensor over I2C ttons and Slider ttons and Slider Fr stom Scan CMOp APSENSE FreeRTOS ication mous Presence ity Sensor and Dis r Shield OOB demo	New Application N	New BSP Name APP_CY8CKIT-062S2-43012		several onboard sensors present on SHIELD_XENSIV_A and display the sensors data on the serial terminal and 0.96-inch ST7735S TFT displa present on the shield. For more details, see the <u>README on GitHub</u> .
	BSP: CY8CKIT-062S2-430 Template Application(s): Application(s) Root Path:	12 XENSIV Sensor Shie : C:/Users/banka/mtv	ld OOB demo v			
3SP: CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 Femplate Application(s): XENSIV Sensor Shield OOB demo Application(s) Root Path: C:/Users/banka/mtw	Press "Create" to create t	he selected applicat	ion(s).			
BSP: CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 Template Application(s): XENSIV Sensor Shield OOB demo Application(s) Root Path: C:/Users/banka/mtw Press "Create" to create the selected application(s).						Create

Figure 5

New application creation

- **4.** To build and program a PSOC[™] 6 MCU application in the Project Explorer:
 - a. Select the <**App_name**> project
 - **b.** In the Quick Panel, scroll to the **Launches** section and click the **<App_Name> Program** (KitProg3_MiniProg4) configuration, as shown in Figure 6





Programming in ModusToolbox™



- **5.** Open a terminal program and select the KitProg3 COM port. Set the serial port parameters to 8N1 and 115200 baud rate
- 6. After programming, the application starts automatically in three seconds, initializing all the sensors and displays present on the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield. Confirm that the "XENSIV[™] Sensor Shield: OOB demo" is displayed on the serial terminal and observe the startup screen with the Infineon logo on the display
- 7. Wait for the instructions screen to appear on the display, then follow the instructions displayed on the screen. Press the user button (SW2) on the baseboard to switch between the sensors. The output from the currently active sensor will then be displayed on both the serial terminal and the TFT display

The order of sensor switching is as follows:

- Radar sensor
- Humidity and temperature sensor
- Motion sensor
- Magnetometer sensor
- Pressure sensor
- CO2 sensor

1.2.1.2 Code examples supported for XENSIV[™] sensor shield on CY8CKIT-062S2-43012

Table 2List of code examples supported for SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV™ sensor shield on
CY8CKIT-062S2-43012

Code example	GitHub
Out-of-the-box (OOB) example	mtb-example-ce239846-shield-xensiv-a-oob
SHT35 humidity sensor example	mtb-example-sht35-humidity-sensor-freertos
Radar autonomous presence detection	mtb-example-sensors-radar-autonomous-presence
CO2 sensor example	mtb-example-sensors-pasco2
Motion sensor example	mtb-example-psoc6-motion-sensor-freertos
Imagimob streaming protocol example	mtb-example-imagimob-streaming-protocol
Imagimob ready model deployment example	mtb-example-ml-imagimob-deploy-ready-model
OPTIGA™ MQTT client example	mtb-example-optiga-mqtt-client

1.2.1.3 Additional configurations

 To receive data from the serial terminal over UART, disable UART flow control on the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012. Connect the kit to your PC via KitProg3 USB, then open the 'fw-loader' tool (part of ModusToolbox™) and execute the following command:

fw-loader --set-kp3-flow-control 0 none

Note: Before switching to the next sensor, wait until the display shows the current sensor readings. Then, press the user button (SW2) to switch to the next sensor. If the TFT display does not switch to the next sensor upon button press, press the Reset button on the baseboard to restart the application.





Figure 7 Flow control disable using fw-loader

Note: Use the latest KitProg3 firmware to disable flow control.

- 2. When the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 is powered only through the MCU USB connector (J7), connect the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield's USB power supply (J11) using a USB Type-C cable. This provides an additional voltage source to the on-board radar sensor (1.5 V), radar shield interface (1.8 V), magnetometer sensor (1.8 V), and PDM microphones (1.8 V) through the USB Type-C connection, as the shield is not powered with 5 V Arduino-compatible power pins
- **3.** For programming and debugging details, see the CY8CKIT-062S2-43012 Kit guide

1.2.2 Connecting XENSIV[™] sensor shield to CYW920829M2EVK-02 (Bluetooth[°] LE MCU)

The section provides instructions on getting started with the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield using the CYW920829M2EVK-02 (Bluetooth[®] LE MCU) development kit and creating the out-of-box (OOB) application. The OOB application demonstrates the shield's basic functionality and the CYW20829 Bluetooth[®] LE MCU's capabilities by connecting it with Infineon's Sensor Hub Android application.





Figure 8 SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield connected with CYW920829M2EVK-02

1.2.2.1 Creating an out-of-box (OOB) application and programming using ModusToolbox[™]

The OOB application initializes several sensors on the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield and displays the sensor data in the console output. Additionally, the Sensor Hub Android application can be used for visualizing data on an Android device. For more details on implementation, see the README file. For more details on the Infineon Sensor Hub Android application, see Sensor Hub Android application.

- 1. Ensure the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield is disconnected from the CYW920829M2EVK-02 baseboard. The configuration of the CYW920829M2EVK-02 does not support programming when the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield is connected
- 2. To connect the baseboard to your PC, use the provided USB micro cable and connect it through the KitProg USB connector
- 3. Ensure that switch SW6 on the baseboard is set to SWD





Figure 9 CYW920829M2EVK-02 SW6 configuration

- **4.** In the ModusToolbox[™] IDE, import the 'XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub' code example into a new workspace. To do this:
 - a. Click New Application from the Quick Panel

Figure 10



Create a new application

b. Select the CYW920829M2EVK-02 in the **Choose BSP Target** window and click **Next**



Enter filter text		Create from MPN Bro	wse for BSP 📄 🕀	CYW920829M2EVK-02
Kit Name CVW920721M2EVK-01 CVW920721M2EVK-01 CVW920721M2EVK-01 CVW920735M2EV8-01 CVW920819EV8-02 CVW920820EV8-02 CVW920820M2EV8-01 CVW920829M2EVK-02 CVW920829M2EVK-02 CVW920829M2EV8-01 CVW920835M2EV8-01 CVW920835M2EV8-01 CVW930739M2EV8-01 CVW93973012BTEVK-01 CVW939820M2EV8-01 CVW989820M2EV8-03 CVW989820M2EV8-02 CVW98	MCU/SOC/SIP CYW20721B2KUMLG LBCA1KU1WA CYW207361XML2G CYW20819A1KFBG CYW20819A1KFBG CYW20819A1KFBG CYW20820A1KFBG CYW20820A1KFBG CYW20820A1KFBG CYW208290LKML CYW208290LKML CYW208290LKML CYW208290LKML CYW208290LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW2082980LKML CYW20828980LKMLG CYW3982808WMLG CYW8982980022 CYW43012TOEKUBGEST CYW43012TOEKUBGEST CYW43012TOEKUBGEST CW4a-IF820-INT-ANT Vela-IF820-INT-ANT	Connectivity CVW2072182 CVW2072182 CVW2073641 CVW20819A1 CVW20819A1 CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1 CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW2082980LKML CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1 CVW20820A1		The Infineon AIROC [™] CYW20829 Bluetooth [®] LE evaluation kit (CYW20829BALEVK-02) enables evaluation, prototyping, and development of a wide array of IoT applications using the AIROC [™] CYW20829, a low power and high performance Bluetooth [®] LE MCU The AIROC [™] CYW20829 Bluetooth [®] LE MCU provides reliable Bluetooth [®] connectivity, core spec compliant to 5.4. It is a highly integrated device with an Am [®] Cortex [®] M33 that is dedicated for customer applications, and an integrated power amplifier with 10 dBm of transmit output power. The AIROC [™] CYW20829 is ideal for a wide range of applications in home and industrial automation, sensors, lighting, Bluetooth [®] mesh, remote controls and any other Bluetooth [®] LE connected IoT application. The AIROC [™] CYW20829 Bluetooth [®] LE evaluation kit (CYW920829M2EVK-02) and ModusToolbox [™] software and tools form a powerful but easy to use toolset that helps developers create amazing Bluetooth [®] enabled IoT solutions. The CAGE Examples available for CYW920829M2EVK-02 EVK and CYW920829M2EVK-02 BSP is used for Module EVKs as well. Kit Features:

Figure 11 New application creation: Choose target BSP

c. Select the Bluetooth[®] LE XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub Sensing Service application in the **Select** Application window and click **Create**

pheadon(3) hoot room rear	ntw_3.2_cyw920829_staging				Brows
rget IDE: Ecli	pse IDE for ModusToolbox™				
nter filter text			Browse for Application	. R: P P	This code example demonstrates the implementation of a custom
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Bluetooth LE XEN	SIV BASCO2 Sensing Sensice SIV Sensor Hub Sensing Service	Bluetooth_LE_XENSIV_Sensor_Hub_Sensing_Servi	ce APP_CYW920829M2EVK-02		
 Peripherals CAN FD Clock Frequency M Cryptolite DC Monitoring 	leasurement			~	
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CYW920829M2EVK-02 nplate Application(s): Blueto plication(s) Root Path: Cr/mt ess "Create" to create the sel "Create" to create the sel	oth LE XENSIV Sensor Hub Sensing w_3.2_cyw920829_staging ected application(s).	Service			





- 5. To build and program the CYW20829 MCU application in the Project Explorer:
 - a. Select the XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub project
 - **b.** In the **Quick Panel**, scroll to the **Launches** section and click the **XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub Program** (KitProg3_MiniProg4) configuration



Figure 13 Programming in ModusToolbox™

- **6.** Once programmed:
 - **a.** Remove the USB cable from the PC
 - **b.** Reconnect the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield to the CYW920829M2EVK-02 baseboard
 - c. Reconnect the USB cable to the PC
- 7. Open a terminal program and select the KitProg3 COM port. Set the serial port parameters to 8N1 and a baud rate of 115200
- 8. After programming, the application starts automatically by initializing all the sensors present on the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield. Confirm that 'XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub Service' is displayed on the serial terminal, along with a prompt to enter a number between 1 and 6 to enable a specific sensor



<pre>Model Tera Term VT</pre>	
File Edit Setup Control Window Help WYNYKYY XENSIU TH Sensor Hub Service ****** Application version: 0.0.1 WYNYKY XENYKYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY	
<pre>www.xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx</pre>	
Bluetooth Stack Initialization Successful Console task created successfully Sensors task created successfully Enter number to enable sensor: : BCT660LTR11 : SH135 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH1370 : BH356 : PASC02 Johandled Bluetooth Management Event: 22 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_REQUEST_EUT This application implements a custom Bluetooth LE Service and sends sensor data from the XENSIU TM Sensor Hub over BLE Discover this device with the name:sensorhub Bluetooth Management Event: BTM_ENABLED_EVT gatt_register status: WICED_BT_GATT_SUCCESS Bluetooth Management Event: BTM_BLE_ADVERT_STATE_CHANGED_EVT Advertisement state changed to BTM_BLE_ADVERT_UNDIRECTED_HIGH Jnhandled Bluetooth Management Event: 21 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_UPDATE_EVT Jnhandled Bluetooth Management Event: 21 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_UPDATE_EVT	
Sinter number to enable sensor: : BGTGØLTR11 : BHM350 : DPN350 : PPS368 : PASC02 Inhandled Bluetooth Management Event: 22 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_REQUEST_EUT This application implements a custom Bluetooth LE iervice and sends sensor data from the XENSIU TM Sensor Hub over BLE Viscover this device with the name:sensorhub Bluetooth Management Event: BTM_ENABLED_EUT gatt_register status: WICED_BT_GATT_SUCCESS Bluetooth Management Event: BTM_BLE_ADVERT_STATE_CHANGED_EUT Indvertisement state changed to BTM_BLE_ADVERT_UNDIRECTED_HIGH Inhandled Bluetooth Management Event: 21 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_UPDATE_EVT Inhandled Bluetooth Management Event: 21 BTM_LOCAL_IDENTITY_KEYS_UPDATE_EVT	
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Figure 14 XENSIV[™] Sensor Hub Service terminal output

- **9.** Enter a number displayed in the prompt to enable the corresponding sensor. The acquired sensor data will be displayed in the terminal
- **10.** To control the CYW920829M2EVK-02 and the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield with Infineon's Sensor Hub Android mobile application, see section Sensor Hub Android application

1.2.2.2 Code examples supported for XENSIV[™] sensor shield on CYW920829M2EVK-02

Table 3List of code examples supported for SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV™ sensor shield on
CYW920829M2EVK-02

Code example	GitHub
XENSIV™ Sensor Hub	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-xensiv-sensorhub
SHT35 Temperature humidity sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-relative-humidity-sht35
BMI270 IMU sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-imu-bmi270
BMM350 Magnetometer sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-magnetometer-bmm350
XENSIV [™] BGT60LTR11AIP Radar sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-xensiv-bgt60ltr11aip-autonomous
XENSIV [™] PASCO2 Carbon dioxide sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-xensiv-pasco2v15
(table continues)	

User guide



Table 3(continued) List of code examples supported for SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV™ sensor
shield on CYW920829M2EVK-02

Code example	GitHub
XENSIV [™] DPS368 Pressure sensor	https://github.com/Infineon/mtb-example-btstack- freertos-cyw20829-xensiv-dps368

1.2.3 Sensor Hub Android application

The Sensor Hub Android application is used to connect to and acquire data from the Code examples supported for XENSIV[™] sensor shield on CYW920829M2EVK-02 with Bluetooth[®]. Note that this app is not available on the Google Play Store and is released as an .APkfile. For assistance or application-related queries, contact Infineon Support . The following services and characteristics are supported:

Table 4Bluetooth[®] services and characteristics supported

Service name	Characteristi c name	Buffer length (bytes)	Data	Visualization in app
XENSIV [™] sensor shield	SHT35	8	Relative humidity (%) and temperature (°C)	Graph plots
XENSIV [™] sensor shield	BMM350	4	X, Y, Z, and temperature (°C)	Graph plots
XENSIV™ sensor shield	BMI270	1	Board orientation	Text only
XENSIV™ sensor shield	BGT60LTR11	2	Motion, direction of motion (target approaching/ departing)	Virtual LED
XENSIV™ sensor shield	PASCO2	2	CO2 parts per million (ppm)	Graph plot
XENSIV™ sensor shield	DPS368	8	Pressure (hPa) and temperature (°C)	Graph plots
XENSIV™ sensor shield	Sensor enable	1	Sensor to enable for data acquisition	N/A



1.2.3.1 Software requirements

Android OS: Version 12 or later (API level 32), with the latest version recommended.

1.2.3.2 Hardware requirements

Android device: Equipped with Bluetooth[®] 4.0 or later.

1.2.3.3 Installation

- **1.** Download or copy the released .APK file to your Android device
- 2. Click on the .APK file to install it



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1 Introduction

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Figure 15 App installation

1.2.3.4 Application UI description

This section describes the app layout along with the various components and their functionality.

- 1. **Navigation bar**: The app uses a tab navigation layout with a navigation bar at the bottom of the screen. Below is a description of the available screens:
 - **Hub screen**: Provides options to scan, connect to, and disconnect from the CYW920829M2EVK-02
 - Sensors screen: Provides options to select a sensor and read its characteristics
 - Activity screen: Displays logs of Bluetooth[®] events and activity



12:02 &	X	71% 2
	Hub	?
I	Not connected	
Select a BLE	device	~
	Scan	
Hub	⊖ C((Sensors	Activity
111	0	<

Figure 16

Navigation tab

2. Hub screen:

- **a.** Press the **XRES** button on the EVK to start the firmware
- **b.** Press **Scan** to discover the EVK. Allow user permissions when prompted. Discovered devices will be populated in the **Select a BLE** device drop-down menu
 - *Note:* The EVK will stop its Bluetooth[®] advertisement after 360 seconds. Ensure that scanning starts as soon as the **XRES** button is pressed so the Bluetooth[®] connection can be established within that period







	10:38 💰	n 25	54% 🛓	
		Hub	?	
		Scanning		
	Select a BLE	E device	~	
	Allow Infineo r determine the	Sensor hub to find, co relative position of nea	onnect to, and arby devices?	
		Allow		
		Don't allow		
	Hub	Sensors	Activity	
gure 17	User permiss	sions		

Figure 17

- A toast notification is displayed once the EVK is discovered. The names and Bluetooth[®] IDs of the с. EVK are populated in the drop-down menu for user selection
 - Note: The app can only be connected to a single EVK at any given time. To connect with another EVK, the existing EVK must be disconnected first









Figure 18

Discovery: successful

- **1.** Select the EVK from the drop-down menu and press **Connect**
- 2. If the connection is successful, a toast notification will be displayed
 - **3.** In case of an error, repeat this step. If the connection is still not successful, reset the EVK and start the process again
 - *Note:* Once connected, the *Connect* button title will be updated to *Disconnect*. Note that if the app is closed, Bluetooth[®] connectivity is not retained. The connection process must be repeated, starting with resetting the EVK

d.





Figure 19

Connection: successful

3. Sensor screen:

- **a.** Once the EVK is connected, the **SELECT A SENSOR** drop-down menu will be populated with a list of available sensor devices
 - *Note:* In case of code examples for an individual sensor, only that specific sensor will be shown in the drop-down menu



9:05 &	اله. ا ز الم	64%
	Sensors	
SELECT A S	ENSOR	^
Temp. Humi	dity Sensor SHT3	35
Magnetomet	ter BMM350	
IMU Sensor	BMI270	
Radar BGT60	0LTR11AiP	
24 16		
8		
-	Legend:	
	Ê(((
Hub	Sensors	Activity

Figure 20

Drop down: populated

b. Select a sensor to set it in the firmware. Additionally, the visualization is initialized for data acquisition, and a toast notification is displayed if the sensor is successfully set. See Table 4 for details on data illustration



9:08	å	₩ ; 😚 ,ıll (63%
		Sensors	
1	「emp. Humi	idity Sensor SHT3	5 🗸
	Amplitude	(Y-axis) vs Sampl	les (X-axis)
100			
90			
70			
60			
50			
40			
30			
20			
10			
Ŭ	Legend: Te	mperature Relative	n here
	G Succes SHT35	set Read	y Sensor
		ĥ((=
	Hub	Sensors	Activity
		\bigcirc	<



Drop down: SHT35 sensor set

c. Press **Read** to start data acquisition. A toast notification will be displayed, and the visualizations will be continuously updated. The most recent data values are also displayed below the plot





Figure 22

Drop down: SHT35 read started

d. Press **Stop** to halt data acquisition and reset the visualization. A toast notification will also be displayed



Sensors Temp. Humidity Sensor SHT35 Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Sensors Temp. Humidity Sensor SHT35 Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 90 <	9:09 💰	M 🛒 🦋	63%
Temp. Humidity Sensor SHT35 Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 100 90 90 80 70 60 50 40	Temp. Humidity Sensor SHT35 Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 90 90 80 70 60 70 60 50 60 50 60 50 60 50 60 6		Sensors	
Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 100 90 80 70 60 50 40	Amplitude (Y-axis) vs Samples (X-axis) 90 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 Legend: Temperature Relative humidity	Temp. Humidit	ty Sensor SHT	35 🗸
30 -	0 Legend: Temperature Relative humidity	Amplitude (Y- 00 -	-axis) vs Samp	oles (X-axis)
		Value rea Success: stopped	ad will be shov Sensor data a Read	wn here cquisition
Value read will be shown here Success: Sensor data acquisition stopped	Value read will be shown here Success: Sensor data acquisition stopped	Hub	Sensors	Activity
Value read will be shown here Success: Sensor data acquisition stopped Read Hub Sensors Activity	Value read will be shown here Success: Sensor data acquisition stopped Read		Ο	<

Figure 23

Drop down: SHT35 read stopped

- e. Repeat the same steps above to see data acquisition from another sensor. In case of the:
 - XENSIV[™] BGT60LTR11AIP 60GHz Doppler Radar sensor: Motion and direction of motion are displayed, not time-domain data
 - BMI270 IMU sensor: Orientation is displayed as text









f. Once data acquisition on the Sensors screen is complete, make sure the EVK is properly disconnected by pressing **Disconnect** on the Hub screen. On successful disconnection, a toast notification is displayed, and the connection status on the Hub screen is changed to **Not connected**





Figure 25

Disconnection: successful

- 4. Activity screen: The Activity screen generates logs for each activity performed in the app, such as button presses, drop-down selections, etc., along with a timestamp indicating when each activity was performed. The logs are displayed in order from most recent to least recent. The following is the format for the logs:
 - Name of the screen
 - Success/Error message
 - Timestamp of the Activity (local region format)

All logs can be erased by pressing the Clear all button



9:20 💰	M: 🕄 III	61%
	Activity	
		Clear all
Sensors Success: Wrote to 10/29/2024, 9:11:5	Hub, Radar BGT601 58 AM	TR11AiP set
Sensors Success: Wrote to 10/29/2024, 9:10:3	Hub, IMU Sensor B 38 AM	MI270 set
Sensors Success: Wrote to 10/29/2024, 9:09:2	Hub, Magnetomete 21 AM	r BMM350 set
Sensors Success: Wrote to SHT35 set 10/29/2024, 9:07:5	Hub, Temp. Humidi 58 AM	ty Sensor
Hub Success: Connecte	ed with Hub	
Hub	Off((Sensors	Activity
	Ο	<

Figure 26

1.2.3.5 **Known limitations**

If a switch is made and another sensor is selected via the UART console during data acquisition on the Sensors screen, the user is not notified, and acquisition is paused. Acquisition can be resumed if the UART console is used to switch back to the previous sensor.

Board details 1.3

The board features the following components:



- **1.** XENSIV[™] radar sensor (BGT60LTR11AIP): A built-in motion and direction detector that allows for autonomous operation, detecting human motion and direction (approaching or departing), and equipped with two on-board LEDs to illustrate sensor output
- 2. XENSIV[™] barometric pressure sensor (DPS368): Offers high accuracy and low power consumption, measuring both pressure and temperature
- **3.** XENSIV[™] PAS CO2 sensor: Leverages photoacoustic spectroscopy for accurate carbon dioxide (CO2) detection in a compact form factor
- **4.** XENSIV[™] digital MEMS microphones (IM72D128): Provides ultra-high performance with low noise and distortion, making it ideal for applications requiring superior audio quality
- 5. OPTIGA[™] Trust M security controller: A security solution that provides robust protection for embedded systems
- 6. Digital humidity and temperature sensor (SHT35): A highly reliable sensor that uses an I²C interface to transfer data
- 7. **Motion sensor (BMI270)**: An ultra-low power inertial measurement unit (IMU) providing a 6-axis sensor that combines a 16-bit tri-axial gyroscope and a 16-bit tri-axial accelerometer
- 8. Digital geomagnetic sensor (BMM350): Capable of measuring the earth's magnetic field in three perpendicular axes
- 9. SPI-based 0.96 inch TFT LCD: Offers 80 x 160 pixel resolution
- **10.** External radar module interface: Allows connection of different sensor shields, such as XENSIV[™] BGT60TR13C, XENSIV[™] BGT60UTR11AIP and so on
- **11.** I²C connector: Enables connection of any I²C components using the QWIIC interface
- 12. I/O headers: Compatible with Arduino UNO R3

The SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] shield pinout is shown in Figure 27. For pin assignment details, see the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) section.







SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield pin assignment


1 Introduction

Arduino pin	Shield pin	PSOC [™] pin (CY8CKIT-062S2-43 012)	Shield function
A0	J2.1	P10[0]	SPI_DC_DS (TFT display command pin)
A1	J2.3	P10[1]	IRQ_RADAR (radar interrupt)
A2	J2.5	P10[2]	RADAR_RST (radar reset signal)
A3	J2.7	P10[3]	CO2_PWR_EN (CO2 5 V power enable signal)
A4	J2.9	P10[4]	PDM_CLK (PDM microphone clock signal)
A5	J2.11	P10[5]	PDM_DATA (PDM microphone data signal)
A8	J2.2	P9[0]	RADAR_ADC1 (ADC out from the radar sensors)
A9	J2.4	P9[1]	RADAR_ADC2 (ADC out from the radar sensors)
A10	J2.6	P9[2]	IMU_INT1 (interrupt signal from the IMU sensor)
A11	J2.8	P9[3]	IMU_INT2 (interrupt signal from the IMU sensor)
A12	J2.10	P9[4]	MAG_INT (interrupt signal from the magnetometer sensor)
A13	J2.12	P9[5]	RS_OD_LED (radar shield open drain LED)
D0	J4.1	P5[0]	Not connected
D1	J4.2	P5[1]	Not connected
D2	J4.3	P5[2]	MAIN_RST (main reset signal for the sensors with the buffer)
D3	J4.4	P5[3]	Not connected
D4	J4.5	P5[4]	RDR_GPIO2 (radar sensor GPIO signal)
D5	J4.6	P5[5]	RDR_GPIO1 (radar sensor GPIO signal)
D6	J4.7	P5[6]	RDR_SEL (selection signal to select the on-board BGT60LTR11AIP radar sensor or the other radar shields)
D7	J4.8	P5[7]	SEN_INT (interrupt signal ORing from various sensors)
D8	J3.1	P7[5]	Not connected
D9	J3.2	P7[6]	CS_SEL0 (selection signal to select the SPI slave select)
D10	J3.3	P12[3]	CS (SPI slave select, connected to PSOC [™] and the SPI devices in the shield)
D11	J3.4	P12[0]	MOSI (SPI MOSI signal, connected to PSOC [™] and the SPI devices in the shield)
D12	J3.5	P12[1]	MISO (SPI MISO signal, connected to PSOC [™] and the SPI devices in the shield)
D13	J3.6	P12[2]	CLK (SPI clock signal, connected to PSOC [™] and the SPI devices in the shield)
SDA	J3.9	P6[1]	I2C_SDA (connected to PSOC [™] and the I ² C devices in the shield)



1 Introduction

Arduino pin	Shield pin	PSOC [™] pin (CY8CKIT-062S2-43 012)	Shield function
SCL	J3.10	P6[0]	I2C_SCL (connected to PSOC [™] and the I ² C devices in the shield)

1.4 Additional learning resources

- For more information about ModusToolbox[™] software functionality and releases, see ModusToolbox[™] software
- For a list of trainings on ModusToolbox[™], see ModusToolbox[™] software training
- An overview of PSOC[™] devices is available on the PSOC[™] 6 webpage. This webpage includes a list of PSOC[™] device families, integrated design environments (IDEs), and associated development kits. Additionally, refer to the following documents to get started with PSOC[™] 6 devices:
 - AN228571 Getting started with PSOC[™] 6 MCU on ModusToolbox[™]
 - PSOC[™] 6 technical reference manuals
- For more information about the XENSIV[™] PAS CO2 sensor portfolio and technical documentation, see CO2 sensors
- For more information about the XENSIV[™] pressure sensor portfolio and technical documentation, see Pressure sensors
- For more information about the XENSIV[™] 60 GHz radar sensor product portfolio and technical documentation, see XENSIV[™] 60 GHz RADAR MMICs
- For more information about the XENSIV[™] MEMS microphone portfolio and technical documentation, see XENSIV[™] MEMS microphones for consumer electronics
- For more information about the OPTIGA[™] Trust portfolio and technical documentation, see OPTIGA[™] Trust

1.5 Technical support

For assistance, see Infineon support or post your questions in the Infineon developer community platform. You can also use the Self-help (Technical Documents) support resources for quick assistance.



2 Kit operation

2 Kit operation

This chapter introduces you to various features of the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield, including the theory of operation. The shield comes with firmware that interfaces the sensors present on the shield with the baseboard.

2.1 Theory of operation

The SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield is compatible with Arduino, allowing for easy interfacing of multiple sensors with the baseboard kits. This shield contains PDM microphones, a radar sensor, a barometric pressure sensor, and a CO2 sensor from Infineon's XENSIV[™] family, as well as a motion sensor, a magnetometer sensor from Bosch, a digital humidity and temperature sensor from Sensirion, and a 0.96-inch TFT display.





SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield functional block diagram

The components on the SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield are shown in Figure 29.



2 Kit operation



Figure 29

SHIELD_XENSIV_A XENSIV[™] sensor shield board details

The board has the following peripherals:

- **1.** XENSIV[™] digital barometric air pressure sensor (U2): This is an Infineon digital barometric pressure sensor with a built-in temperature sensor. This sensor uses an I²C interface to transfer the sensor data
- 2. I²C connector (J16): This connector is used to connect various sensors and other components using the QWIIC interface without the need for soldering or wires
- **3. Radar shield connectors (J5, J15)**: These are the Hirose connectors used to plug in the external radar shields
- **4.** XENSIV[™] 60 GHz radar sensor BGT60LTR11AIP (U1): This is an Infineon XENSIV[™] radar sensor that has a built-in motion and direction of motion detector
- 5. BGT60LTR11AIP radar sensor status LEDs (D1, D2): These LEDs are used to represent the status of motion and direction of motion
- 6. Motion sensor (U14): This is a 6-axis motion sensor, also known as an inertial measurement unit (IMU) that combines a 16-bit tri-axial gyroscope and a 16-bit tri-axial accelerometer. This sensor uses an I²C interface to transfer the sensor data
- 7. USB device connector (J11): The USB Type-C cable can be connected to provide an additional voltage source for the on-board radar sensor, radar shield interface, magnetometer sensor, and PDM microphones when shield is not powered with 5 V Arduino-compatible power pin
- 8. Digital humidity and temperature sensor (U17): This is a highly reliable digital humidity and temperature sensor that uses an I²C interface to transfer data
- **9. Power header compatible with Arduino UNO R3 (J1)**: This is an Arduino-compatible header designed to interface with the baseboard. It features an Arduino-compatible interface female connector, which provides power to this shield
- 10. Digital geomagnetic sensor (U13): This is a digital geomagnetic sensor capable of measuring the earth's magnetic field in three perpendicular axes. This sensor uses an I²C interface to transfer the sensor data
- 11. I/O headers compatible with Arduino UNO R3 (J2, J3, J4): These are the Arduino-compatible headers used to interface the baseboard. The baseboard features an Arduino-compatible interface female connector, providing the I/O interface between the baseboard and the shield



2 Kit operation

- 12. XENSIV[™] PAS CO2 sensor (U3): This is an Infineon XENSIV[™] disruptive CO2 sensor based on photoacoustic spectroscopy (PAS). This sensor uses an I²C interface to transfer the sensor data
- **13. 0.96-inch TFT display (DISP1):** This is a 0.96-inch, 80 x 160 TFT display, which can interface with the baseboard via the SPI interface
- **14.** XENSIV[™] digital MEMS microphones (U4, U5): These are two Infineon digital MEMS microphones used to capture sound and generate digital audio data, which is transferred through the PDM interface
- **15.** I²C and RESET multiplexing switch (SW1): This switch is used to enable or disable the I²C lines and RESET signal to sensors
- **16.** Interrupt selection switch (SW2): This switch is used to enable or disable the interrupt signals of the sensors
- **17. OPTIGA[™] Trust M controller (U6)**: OPTIGA[™] Trust M is a high-security solution from Infineon. This uses the I²C interface
- **18.** I²C selection switch (SW3): This switch is used to enable or disable the I²C lines to sensors

See Hardware functional description for details on various hardware blocks.

2.2 Using the code example

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield is supported by ModusToolbox[™] software examples with the Arduino UNO-based Infineon development platforms (referred as the "baseboard"). The Getting started section provides the list of code examples compatible with the XENSIV[™] sensor shield, along with the instructions on creating a project to run on the baseboard.



3 Hardware

3.1 Schematics

Refer to the schematic files available on the Kit webpage.

3.2 Hardware functional description

3.2.1 Power supply system

3.2.1.1 Power supply inputs

The power supply inputs to the XENSIV[™] sensor shield through the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) and on-board USB connector (J11) are:

- **3.3 V supply from the baseboard**: This supply voltage is used to power all digital supplies of 3.3 V operated devices on the sensor shield, including the OPTIGA[™] Trust M device, sensors, and other components
- **5 V supply from the baseboard**: This supply voltage is used as an input to the voltage regulator subsystem, which generates multiple supply voltages for the sensor shield
- **5 V supply from USB connector on shield**: This supply voltage is used to provide additional power requirements for the radar subsystem



Figure 30

Block diagram of the power architecture of the sensor shield



Note: The XENSIV[™] sensor shield consumes higher power when the RADAR sensor is configured in continuous wave mode and the PAS CO2 sensor is operated simultaneously. This can exceed the base board's power capabilities, leading to issues with sensor operation and system performance.

To mitigate this issue, consider using the external USB power supply option (J11) provided on the XENSIV[™] sensor shield if simultaneous operation is required.



Figure 31 Schematic of external power supply from USB connector on sensor shield

Each sensor on the XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a dedicated header with a jumper option, which allows for the current measurement of every sensor. This capability enables accurate monitoring of sensor power consumption, providing valuable insights to identify and address potential power-related issues.

3.2.1.2 Voltage regulators

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a voltage regulator subsystem that efficiently generates multiple supply voltages from the 5 V input.

- The buck voltage regulator (U48) generates a 2.5 V supply from the 5 V input, which is generated from the base board or the USB supply from the J11 connector on the shield (output of the power ORing diode circuitry). This 2.5 V supply serves as an input to the low dropout linear voltage regulators
- The 2.5 V supply powers the generation of low-noise 1.8 V and 5 V supplies. Additionally, the 5 V supply from the baseboard is used to produce a low noise 3.3 V supply using low dropout linear voltage regulators (U47, U15, and U38). These supply voltages power the radar subsystem of the XENSIV[™] sensor shield











Figure 33 Schematic for the LDO linear voltage regulators in the radar subsystem of the sensor shield



3.2.2 **RESET interface**

The default reset source for the XENSIV[™] sensor shield is the MAIN_RST signal from the host MCU on the base board through the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4). To prevent signal loading, the selected reset source is connected to a logic buffer (U59), which ensures that the reset signal can effectively drive the reset function of multiple devices without being affected by signal loading.



Figure 34 RESET signal buffer schematic

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield provides a flexible reset mechanism, allowing users to select the reset source for the devices on the shield. The reset source can be either the buffered host MCU reset signal or a MAIN_RST signal controlled by the GPIO of the host MCU connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4). A 3-pin header (J12) with a jumper option is provided to users for selecting the required reset source. Additionally, a dip switch (SW1) is used to connect and disconnect the selected reset source signal to the required devices on the XENSIV[™] sensor shield.





Figure 35RESET signal source selection and multiplexing switch schematic

3.2.3 I²C and SPI interface

The I²C and SPI interfaces from the host MCU on the base board are level-translated on the XENSIV[™] sensor shield and shared across the devices. Since all I²C interface-based sensors are configured to operate at 3.3 V, the I²C level translator (U34) translates the signals to the 3.3 V level.





Schematic of the I²C level translator



A DIP switch (SW3) is provided to connect and disconnect the I²C interface with different sensors on the shield, offering flexibility to the user. This feature enables users to selectively enable specific devices with I²C interfaces and facilitates troubleshooting.



Figure 37 Schematic of the I²C interface multiplexing switch

The SPI interface is shared across the display and radar subsystem. The SPI interface shared with the TFT display is level-translated to 3.3 V to support the TFT display's I/O level. Additionally, the radar subsystem's SPI is level-translated based on the radar selection, whether it is the onboard radar or an external radar shield.







Schematic of SPI interface multiplexing



3.2.4 Sensor subsystem

3.2.4.1 XENSIV[™] sensors

3.2.4.1.1 XENSIV[™] digital barometric pressure sensor

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features Infineon's advanced digital barometric pressure sensor (U2), DPS368XTSA1, which includes a built-in temperature sensor. This sensor communicates with the host MCU via the interintegrated circuit (I²C) protocol. Although the sensor also supports the serial peripheral interface (SPI) protocol, this shield is designed to operate exclusively with I²C.

I²C device address configuration: The serial data out (*SDO*) pin of the pressure sensor is pulled down with a 2.2K resistor (R1), which determines the 7-bit I²C device address of the sensor. The address of the sensor is dependent on the configuration of the *SDO* pin.

- Default configuration: If the pull-down resistor is loaded, the I²C device address is 0 x 76
- Alternative configuration: If the pull-down resistor is not loaded, the I²C device address is 0 x 77

Sensor interface and power supply: The DPS368XTSA1 pressure sensor uses an I²C interface to communicate with the host MCU, accompanied by an interrupt signal, PSEN_INT_LS. The sensor has a separate I/O power supply pin (*VDDIO*) and main supply pin (*VDD*), which are connected to a 3.3 V supply.



Figure 39 Schematic of XENSIV[™] digital barometric pressure sensor interface

Level translation and interface: To ensure compatible logic levels between the sensor and the host MCU, an I²C level translator (U34) and an I/O level translator (U23) for interrupt signals are used. The level-translated I²C interface and level-translated interrupt signal, routed through an OR logic gate (U20, U25, and U31), are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) for seamless interface with the base board.





Figure 40 Schematic of pressure sensor interrupt level translator interface

3.2.4.1.2 XENSIV[™] PAS CO2 sensor

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features Infineon's XENSIV[™] PAS CO2 5 V sensor, PASCO2V15 (U3). The sensor communicates with the host MCU via the I²C protocol and has an I²C device address of 0 x 28. Although the sensor also supports the UART protocol and pulse width modulation (PWM) output, this shield is designed to exclusively operate with I²C.

Sensor interface and power supply: The PASCO2V15 CO2 sensor uses an I²C interface to communicate with the host MCU. It is accompanied by an interrupt signal, INT_CO2_LS. The sensor has a separate I/O power supply pin (*VDD3.3*) connected to a 3.3 V supply and a main supply pin (*VDD5*) connected to a 5 V supply through a load switch (U9).









Figure 42 Schematic of CO2 sensor power enable interface

Note: Ensure the 5 V supply is enabled before initializing the PAS CO2 sensor in the application firmware of the host MCU.

Level translation and interface: To ensure compatible logic levels between the sensor and the host MCU, an I²C level translator (U34) and an I/O level translator (U11) for interrupt signals are used. The level-translated I²C interface and level-translated interrupt signal, routed through an OR logic gate (U20, U25, and U31), are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) for seamless interface with the base board.







3.2.4.2 6-axis IMU (accelerometer + gyroscope)

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a 6-axis motion sensor (U14), also known as the inertial measurement unit (IMU), which provides precise 3-axis acceleration and 3-axis gyroscopic angular rate data in each spatial direction. This allows for accurate measurement of the sensor's orientation, position, and movement.

Sensor interface and configuration: The sensor utilizes an I²C interface for communication with the host MCU, along with two interrupt signals connected to the *INT1* and *INT2* pins of the sensor. These interrupt signals can be used to trigger specific actions or events within the system.

I²C address configuration

- Default I²C address: 0 x 69
- Configurable I²C address: 0 x 68 (by removing R57 and populating R61)





Figure 44 Schematic of the 6-axis IMU (accelerometer + gyroscope)

To ensure compatible logic levels between the sensor and the host MCU, an I²C level translator (U34) and an I/O level translator (U12) for interrupt signals are employed. The interrupts are configured with active high logic and are pulled down with 10K resistors (R52, R33) by default, thereby ensuring reliable and accurate communication between the sensor and the host MCU.

The level-translated interrupt signal is routed through an OR logic gate (U20, U25, and U31), enabling efficient and reliable signal transmission. Additionally, the level-translated I²C interface and level-translated interrupt signal, processed through the OR logic gate, are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4), ensuring a seamless interface with the base board. This allows for seamless integration and easy development of the system.





Figure 45 Schematic of the 6-axis IMU interrupt signal level translator

3.2.4.3 3-axis magnetometer

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield is equipped with a 3-axis magnetometer sensor (U13), which delivers precise measurements of the direction and strength of the geomagnetic field.

Sensor interface and configuration: The sensor uses an I²C interface to communicate with the Host MCU, accompanied by an interrupt signal connected to the *INT* pin of the sensor. The default I²C address is 0 x 14.







Level translation and interface: To ensure compatible logic levels between the sensor and the host MCU, an I²C level translator (U34) and an I/O level translator (U11) for the interrupt signals. The interrupt is configured with active high logic and is pulled down by default with a 10K resistor (R48), ensuring reliable and accurate communication between the sensor and the host MCU.

The level-translated interrupt signal is routed through an OR logic gate (U20, U25, and U31), enabling efficient and reliable signal transmission. Both the level-translated I²C interface and the level-translated interrupt signal are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4), ensuring a seamless interface with the base board. This facilitates easy integration and development of the system.



Figure 47

Schematic of the 3-axis magnetometer interrupt signal level translator

3.2.4.4 Digital humidity sensor

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a digital humidity sensor SHT35 (U17), which comes equipped with a builtin temperature sensor. This sensor communicates with the host MCU via the I²C protocol.

I²C device address configuration: The *ADDR* pin of the humidity sensor is pulled down with a 10K resistor (R69). This configuration determines the 7-bit I²C device address of the sensor, which is dependent on the *ADDR* pin configuration.

- **Default configuration**: If the pull-down resistor is loaded, the I²C device address is 0 x 44
- Alternative configuration: If the pull-up resistor (R68) is loaded, the I²C device address is 0 x 45

Sensor interface and power supply: The SHT35 humidity sensor uses an I²C interface to communicate with the host MCU, accompanied by an interrupt signal, HS_INT_LS. Additionally, the sensor's power supply pin (*VDD*) is connected to a 3.3 V supply.







Level translation and interface: To ensure compatible logic levels between the sensor and the host MCU, an I²C level translator (U34) and an I/O level translator (U23) for interrupt signals are used. The level-translated I²C interface and the level-translated interrupt signal, which are routed through an OR logic gate (U20, U25, and U31), are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) for seamless interface with the base board.





Schematic of the humidity sensor interrupt level translator interface



3.2.5 Audio subsystem

3.2.5.1 XENSIV[™] MEMS digital microphones

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features two Infineon's digital PDM MEMS microphones, IM72D128V01XTMA1 (U5 and U4), which share a common PDM bus.

PDM microphone configuration: Each PDM microphone has a *SELECT* pin that determines the edge of the PDM clock on which the PDM data is available:

- If the SELECT pin is connected to GND, the PDM data is available on the falling edge of the PDM clock
- If the SELECT pin is connected to VDD, the PDM data is available on the rising edge of the PDM clock

Microphone interface configuration: The XENSIV[™] sensor shield is configured as follows:

- The left PDM microphone (U5) has its *SELECT* pin tied to GND, making the PDM data available on the falling edge of the PDM_CLK_IN
- The right PDM microphone (U4) has its *SELECT* pin tied to VDD_MIC, making the PDM data available on the rising edge of the PDM_CLK_IN

Power supply options

The microphones can be powered from either 3.3 V or 1.8 V through a header (J10) and a jumper, providing flexibility in design and implementation.



Figure 50 Schematic of XENSIV[™] MEMS digital microphone interface

Level translation and interface: The PDM interface signals are level-translated to the baseboard I/O levels using level translators U44 and U45. These translators are connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) for seamless interface with the base board.





Figure 51 Schematic of PDM interface level translators

3.2.6 Radar subsystem

3.2.6.1 XENSIV[™] 60 GHz radar sensor

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features Infineon's XENSIV[™] 60 GHz radar sensor (U1) BGT60LTR11AIP monolithic microwave-integrated circuit (MMIC), which is equipped with integrated transmitting and receiving antennas. This sensor incorporates the antennas in package (AIP) concept, eliminating the need for antenna design complexity at the user's end and enabling the use of standard FR4 materials for PCB designing. See the Radar sensor webpage for more details. The BGT60LTR11AIP radar sensor uses the *TDET* and *PDET* pins connected to LEDs (D1 and D2) to indicate motion detection and the direction of motion.





Figure 52 Schematic of the onboard radar sensor interface

The radar sensor uses external sample and hold capacitors for the analog IF signals coming out of the sensor.







Schematic of the onboard radar sample and hold capacitors

External low-pass filters are used for filtering IF signals on the onboard radar sensor.





A current measurement header (J7) is provided to measure the onboard radar sensor.





Figure 55 Schematic of the onboard radar sensor current measurement header

Figure 36 illustrates how an onboard crystal (Y1) feeds a 38.4 MHz clock input to the radar sensor.



Figure 56 Schematic of the crystal used for the radar sensor clock input

The radar sensor parameters can configured using resistor provisions provided on the sensor shield. The onboard radar is configured to autonomous mode by default.





Figure 57 Schematic of the onboard radar MIMC mode and quad state settings

To enable other modes of the onboard radar sensor, see Table 5.

Table 5MIMC and quad state configurations for the onboard radar sensor operating modes

Resistor setting	Operating mode
Mount R19 with 0 Ω resistor	Autonomous CW mode
Open R91 and R19 resistors	Autonomous pulsed mode
Mount R91 with 100 kΩ resistor	SPI mode with external 9.6 MHz clock enabled
Mount R91 with 0 Ω resistor	SPI mode

3.2.6.2 External radar sensor shield interface connector

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features two Hirose DF40HC(3.5)-20DS-0.4 V connectors (J15 and J5), offering highdensity, high-reliability interfaces for external radar sensors. To connect to these interfaces, an external radar interface board with a matching mating connector (DF40C-20DP-0.4 V) is required.

These connectors provide a comprehensive set of signals, including:

- **Power supply lines**: 3.3 V, 1.8 V, 1.5 V, and GND, ensuring reliable power delivery to the external radar sensor
- **Digital interfaces**: SPI interface enabling communication between the host MCU and the external radar sensor
- **Control GPIO**: Dedicated general-purpose input/output lines (GPIO) for controlling the external radar sensor
- **Analog IF signals**: High-frequency analog signals from the external radar sensor, enabling advanced radar processing and analysis from the ADC of host device in the base board
- **GPIOs with configurable functionalities**: Programmable GPIO lines that can be configured to support various functions, such as interrupt handling, clock signals, or other custom applications





Figure 58 Schematic of the external radar interface connectors

3.2.6.3 Multiplexing of onboard and external RADAR interfaces

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield multiplexes RADAR interface signals between the onboard RADAR and the external interface connector, enabling seamless switching between the two interfaces.

The RADAR_SEL_LS signal, a digital control signal, is responsible for selecting between the onboard RADAR interface (when RADAR_SEL_LS = 0) and the external interface (when RADAR_SEL_LS = 1).

The multiplexing is achieved using analog switches that select between the onboard and external RADAR signals based on the RADAR_SEL_LS signal. The specific multiplexing configurations are as follows:

- RADAR Reset signal
- RADAR Analog IF signal
- RADAR SPI interface
- RADAR GPIO signals





Figure 59 Schematic of RADAR reset signal multiplexing

Apart from the MAIN_RST and XRES of host MCU as reset source, an additional dedicated reset signal provided from the baseboard through Arduino headers.







Schematic of RADAR Analog IF signal multiplexing











Figure 62 Schematic of RADAR GPIO multiplexing

These multiplexed signals were level translated to the RADAR sensor I/O levels.







Schematic of the onboard RADAR digital interface signal level translators



Figure 64

Schematic of the external RADAR digital interface signal level translators

3.2.7 Security subsystem

3.2.7.1 OPTIGA[™] Trust M device

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features an OPTIGA[™] Trust M device (U6), a highly secure embedded security device that provides advanced security features for IoT applications. The OPTIGA[™] Trust M device is interfaced over I²C, enabling secure communication and data exchange between the device and the baseboard.

Power supply

The OPTIGA[™] Trust M device is powered by a 3.3 V power supply, ensuring reliable and efficient operation.





Figure 65Schematic of OPTIGA™ Trust M device interface

I²C interface and level translation: To ensure compatible logic levels between the OPTIGA[™] Trust M device and the host MCU signal levels, an I²C level translator (U34) is utilized. The level-translated I²C interface is connected to the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4) for seamless interface with the base board.

Reset signal and level translation: The reset signal from the baseboard is also level-translated to 3.3 V on the shield using an I/O level translator (U43), ensuring a clean and stable signal to the OPTIGA[™] Trust M device.





3.2.8 TFT display

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a 0.96-inch TFT IPS display with a resolution of 80 x 160, powered by the ST7735S controller. The display is equipped with an IPS (in-plane switching) panel, offering a wide viewing direction and supporting 4K/65K/262K colors.



Display interface and connectivity

The host MCU communicates with the display via the 4-wire SPI protocol. The display is connected through an 8-pin FPC connector (J17), with provisions available on the shield to connect chip-on-flex (COF) style display modules.



Figure 67 Schematic of TFT display interface

Power supply and level translation

The display uses a 3.3 V supply for both the TFT IPS LCD and backlight. The SPI interface and other control signals from the host MCU, transmitted through the Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4), are level-translated using I/O level translators (U24, U30, and U19).

Reset signal

The reset signal for the display, originating from the DIP switch (SW1), is level-translated and then connected to the display.







Schematic of TFT display I/O level translator interface


3 Hardware

3.2.9 I²C interface connector

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features a 4-pin connector (J16) that extends the 3.3 V I/O level translated I²C interface from the baseboard, providing an extension capability specifically designed for adding I²C-based add-on boards. This design allows for expanded functionality and flexibility.

Compatibility with QWIIC connection system

The interface connector is compatible with QWIIC connection system boards, a product of SparkFun. By using the 4-pin connector (J16), you can easily attach QWIIC boards to the shield, expanding its functionality and enabling it to connect and interact with multiple system boards that support the QWIIC system.



Figure 69Schematic of the I²C interface connector

3.2.10 Headers compatible with Arduino (J1, J2, J3, and J4)

The XENSIV[™] sensor shield features four headers compatible with Arduino: J1, J2, J3, and J4. These headers provide a convenient interface for connecting the baseboard to the sensor shield, enabling the power supply, I²C interface, SPI interface, Analog I/O interface, PDM interface, and control I/O of sensors and display.



3 Hardware



Figure 70 Schematic of the Arduino-compatible header interface

Pin assignments and signal mapping

For detailed information on the pin assignment of the Arduino-compatible headers and signal mapping to the baseboard, see the Board details section.

3.3 Bill of materials

See the Kit webpage for the bill of materials.

Glossary

Glossary

ADC Analog-to-digital converter

BOM Bill of materials

CO2 Carbon dioxide

DC Direct current

ECO External crystal oscillator

ESD Electrostatic discharge

GPIO General-purpose I/O

I2C Inter-integrated circuit

IC Integrated circuit

IDE Integrated development environment

IMU Inertial measurement unit

IoT Internet of things

LED Light emitting diode

MEMS Micro-electromechanical system

MIC Microphone

PAS Photoacoustic spectroscopy

PC

Personal computer





Glossary

PCM Pulse code modulation

PDET Phase detect

PDL Peripheral driver library

PDM Pulse density modulation

PSOC[™] Programmable system-on-chip

SDK Software development kit

SPI Serial peripheral interconnect

SRAM Static random-access memory

SWD Single wire debug

TDET Target detect

UART Universal asynchronous receiver or transmitter

USB

Universal serial bus

Revision history



Revision history

Document version	Date of release	Description of changes
**	2024-09-27	Initial release
*A	2024-12-05	Added the following sections:
		 Connecting XENSIV[™] sensor shield to CYW920829M2EVK-02 Bluetooth[®] LE MCU
		 Creating an out-of-box (OOB) application and programming using ModusToolbox[™]
		 Code examples supported for XENSIV[™] sensor shield on CYW920829M2EVK-02
		Sensor Hub Android application
		Software requirements
		Hardware requirements
		Installation
		Application UI description
		Known limitations

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