

Murata Power Solutions



FEATURES

- UL62368-1 recognised
- Single isolated output
- 1kVDC isolation 'Hi Pot Test'
- Operation up to 115°C (with derating)
- Industry standard pinout
- Fully encapsulated with toroidal magnetics
- No external components required
- Pin compatible with CME, CRE1, CRL2, MEE1, MEE3, NKE & NML

PRODUCT OVERVIEW

The NME1 series of DC-DC converters is particularly suited to isolating and/or converting DC power rails. The galvanic isolation allows the device to be configured to provide an isolated negative rail in systems where only positive rails exist. The wide temperature range guarantees startup from –40°C up to 115°C. For lower ripple, refer to output ripple reduction section.

NME1 Series

Isolated 1W Single Output DC-DC Converters

SELECTION GUIDE													
Order Code	Nominal Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current	Input Current at Rated Load	Load	Regulation	٥	rippie & noise	Efficiency (Min)	Efficiency (Typ)	Isolation Capacitance	МТ	TF¹
	V	V	mA	mA	9	6	m۷	р-р	0	%	pF	MIL.	Tel.
	V	V	IIIA	IIIA	Тур.	Max.	Тур.	Max.		/0	μı	kŀ	Irs
NME1S0505SC	5	5	200	275	10	14	15	30	67	72	15	4404	68569

INPUT CHARACTERISTICS							
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
Voltage range	Continuous operation	4.5	5.0	5.5	V		
Input Reflected ripple current			5		mA p-p		

GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Switching frequency			120		kHz	

OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	
Rated Power	T _A =-40°C to 115°C, see derating graph			1.0	W	
Voltage Set Point Accuracy	See tolerance envelope					
Line regulation	High V _{IN} to low V _{IN}		1.1	1.2	%/%	

ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS							
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
loolation toot valtage	Flash tested for 1 second	1000			VDC		
Isolation test voltage	Qualification tested for 1 minute	1500			VDC		
Resistance	Viso= 1000VDC	10			GΩ		

TEMPERATURE CHARACTERISTICS							
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units		
Specification	See safety approval section for UL temperature specification	-40		115			
Storage		-50		125	°C		
Case Temperature above ambient				35			
Cooling	Free air convection						

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	
Input voltage V _{IN} , NME1S0505SC	7V
Lead temperature 1.5mm from case for 10 seconds	260°C
Wave Solder	Wave Solder profile not to exceed the profile recommended in IEC 61760-1 Section 6.1.3. Please refer to application notes for further information.







 $^{1. \} Calculated \ using \ MIL-HDBK-217 \ and \ Telcordia \ SR-332 \ calculation \ model \ with \ nominal \ input \ voltage \ at \ full \ load.$

 $All \ specifications \ typical \ at \ Ta=25\,^{\circ}C, nominal \ input \ voltage \ and \ rated \ output \ current \ unless \ otherwise \ specified.$



TECHNICAL NOTES

ISOLATION VOLTAGE

'Hi Pot Test', 'Flash Tested', 'Withstand Voltage', 'Proof Voltage', 'Dielectric Withstand Voltage' & 'Isolation Test Voltage' are all terms that relate to the same thing, a test voltage, applied for a specified time, across a component designed to provide electrical isolation, to verify the integrity of that isolation.

Murata Power Solutions NME1 series of DC-DC converters are all 100% production tested at 1kVDC for 1 second and qualification tested at 1.5kVDC for 1 minute.

A question commonly asked is, "What is the continuous voltage that can be applied across the part in normal operation?"

The NME1 series is recognised by Underwriters Laboratory for functional insulation, both input and output should normally be maintained within SELV limits i.e. less than 42.4V peak, or 60VDC. The isolation test voltage represents a measure of immunity to transient voltages and the part should never be used as an element of a safety isolation system. The part could be expected to function correctly with several hundred volts offset applied continuously across the isolation barrier; but then the circuitry on both sides of the barrier must be regarded as operating at an unsafe voltage and further isolation/insulation systems must form a barrier between these circuits and any user-accessible circuitry according to safety standard requirements.

REPEATED HIGH-VOLTAGE ISOLATION TESTING

It is well known that repeated high-voltage isolation testing of a barrier component can actually degrade isolation capability, to a lesser or greater degree depending on materials, construction and environment. The NME1 series has toroidal isolation transformers, with no additional insulation between primary and secondary windings of enamelled wire. While parts can be expected to withstand several times the stated test voltage, the isolation capability does depend on the wire insulation. Any material, including this enamel (typically polyurethane) is susceptible to eventual chemical degradation when subject to very high applied voltages thus implying that the number of tests should be strictly limited. We therefore strongly advise against repeated high voltage isolation testing, but if it is absolutely required, that the voltage be reduced by 20% from specified test voltage.

This consideration equally applies to agency recognised parts rated for better than functional isolation where the wire enamel insulation is always supplemented by a further insulation system of physical spacing or barriers.

SAFETY APPROVAL

UL62368-1

The NME1 series is recognised by Underwriters Laboratory (UL) to UL62368-1 for functional insulation with a case temperature limit of 120°C.

FUSING

The NME1 series converter is not internally fused so to meet the requirements of UL62368-1 an anti-surge input line fuse should always be used with ratings as defined below.

NME1S0505SC: 0.5A

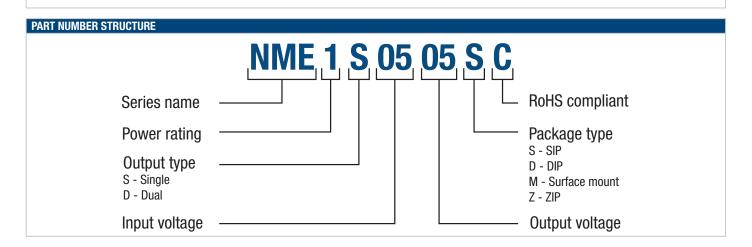
All fuses should be UL recognised and rated at 125V.

File number E151252 applies.

ROHS COMPLIANCE INFORMATION



This series is compatible with RoHS soldering systems with a peak wave solder temperature of 260°C for 10 seconds. Please refer to application notes for further information. The pin termination finish on this product series is Tin Plate, Hot Dipped over Matte Tin with Nickel Preplate. This series is backward compatible with Sn/Pb soldering systems. For further information, please visit https://www.murata.com/en-global/products/power/rohs





NME1 Series

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ENVIRONMENTAL	VALIDATION TESTING	
The following tests ha	ve been conducted on this product s	eries, please contact Murata if further information about the tests is required.
Test	Standard	Condition
Temperature cycling	JEDEC JESD22-A104	200 cycles in a dual zone chamber from -40 $(+5/-10)^{\circ}$ C to 120 $(+10/-5)^{\circ}$ C. 15 mins dwell at each (inclusive of ramps). 2 cycles per hour.
Humidity	JEDEC JESD22-A101	Run powered samples at 85° C $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C/ $85 \pm 5\%$ RH for 1000 (-24/+168) hours.
Storage life (high temperature)	JEDEC JESD22-A103, Condition A	125°C +10/-0°C for ≥1000 hours.
Solderability	EIA/IPC/JEDEC J-STD-002	SnPb (Test A) For leaded solderability the parts are conditioned in a steam ager for 8 hours ± 15 min. at a temperature of 93°C ± 3 °C. Dipped in solder at 245°C ± 5 °C for 5 (± 0 /-0.5) seconds. Pb-free (Test A1) For lead free solderability the parts are conditioned in a steam ager for 8 hours ± 15 min. at a temperature of 93°C ± 3 °C. Dipped in solder at 255°C ± 5 °C for 5 (± 0 /-0.5) seconds.
Solder heat	JEDEC JESD22-B106	The test sample is subjected to a molten solder bath at 270 \pm 5°C for 7 (+2/-0) seconds (96SC tin/silver/copper).
Hand solder heat	MIL-STD-202 Method 210, Test Condition A	The soldering iron is heated to $350^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ and applied to the terminations for a duration of 4 to 5 seconds.
Shock	BS EN 61373	Test is 30ms duration, 3 shocks in each sense of 3 mutually perpendicular axes (18 shocks total). Level at each axis: Vertical, Traverse and Longitudinal: 50m/s2. Device is secured via the pins.
Vibration	BS EN 61373 with respect to BS EN 60068-2-64	5 – 150Hz. Level at each axis – Vertical, Traverse and Longitudinal: 5.72m/s2 rms. 5 hours in each axis. Device is secured via the pins.
Solvent resistance	MIL-STD-883, Method 2015	Separate samples subjected to IPA.
Solvent cleaning	Resistance to cleaning agents	Solvent – Novec 71IPA & Topklean EL-20A. Pulsed ultrasonic immersion 45°C - 60°C.
ESD	JEDEC JESD22-A114	HBM at 8.0kV.
Lead integrity: pull	MIL-STD 883 Method 2004 Test Condition A	A pull of 0.227kg applied for 30 seconds. The force is then increased until the pins snap.
Lead integrity: fatigue	MIL-STD 883 Method 2004 Test condition B ₂	The leads are bent to an angle of 15°. Each lead is subjected to 3 cycles.
Lead integrity: adhesion	MIL-STD 883 Method 2025	Leads are bent through 90° until a fracture occurs.



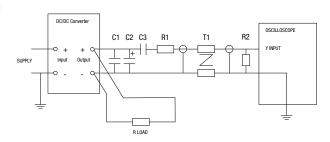
CHARACTERISATION TEST METHODS

Ripple & Noise Characterisation Method

Ripple and noise measurements are performed with the following test configuration.

C1	1μF X7R multilayer ceramic capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 3 times the output voltage of the DC-DC converter			
C2	$10\mu F$ tantalum capacitor, voltage rating to be a minimum of 1.5 times the output voltage of the DC-DC converter with an ESR of less than $100m\Omega$ at $100kHz$			
C3	100nF multilayer ceramic capacitor, general purpose			
R1	450Ω resistor, carbon film, ±1% tolerance			
R2	50Ω BNC termination			
T1	3T of the coax cable through a ferrite toroid			
RLOAD	Resistive load to the maximum power rating of the DC-DC converter. Connections should be made via twisted wires			
Measured values are multiplied by 10 to obtain the specified values.				

Differential Mode Noise Test Schematic



APPLICATION NOTES

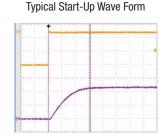
Minimum load

The minimum load to meet datasheet specification is 10% of the full rated load across the specified input voltage range. Lower than 10% minimum loading will result in an increase in output voltage, which may rise to typically double the specified output voltage if the output load falls to less than 5%.

Capacitive loading and start up

Typical start up times for this series, with a typical input voltage rise time of $2.2\mu s$ and output capacitance of $10\mu F$, are shown in the table below. The product series will start into a capacitance of $47\mu F$ with an increased start time, however, the maximum recommended output capacitance is $10\mu F$.







APPLICATION NOTES (Continued)

Output Ripple Reduction

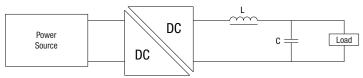
By using the values of inductance and capacitance stated, the output ripple at the rated load is lowered to 5mV p-p max.

Component selection

Capacitor: It is required that the ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) should be as low as possible, ceramic types are recommended.

The voltage rating should be at least twice the rated output voltage of the DC-DC converter.

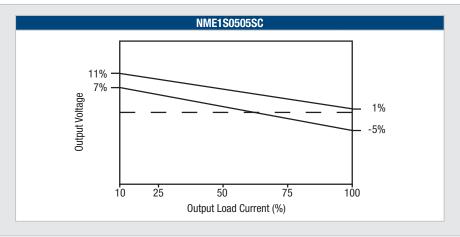
Inductor: The rated current of the inductor should not be less than that of the output of the DC-DC converter. At the rated current, the DC resistance of the inductor should be such that the voltage drop across the inductor is <2% of the rated voltage of the DC-DC converter. The SRF (Self Resonant Frequency) should be >20MHz.



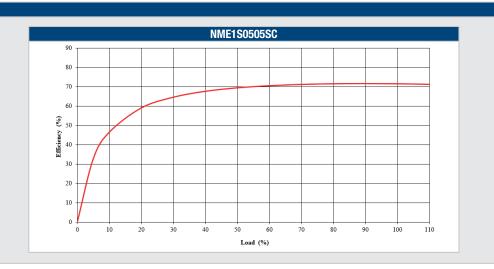
	ļ li	nductor		Capacitor
	L, μH	Through Hole	C, µF	SMD
NME1S0505SC	47	11R473C	4.7uF	GRM21BC71H475KE11L

TOLERANCE ENVELOPE

The voltage tolerance envelope shows typical load regulation characteristics for this product series. The tolerance envelope is the maximum output voltage variation due to changes in output loading.

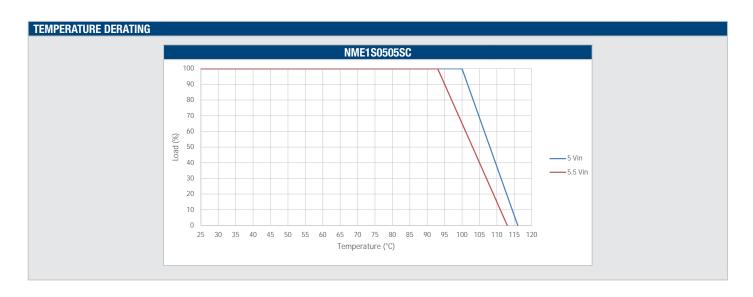


EFFICIENCY VS LOAD





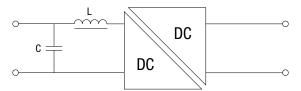




EMC FILTERING AND SPECTRA

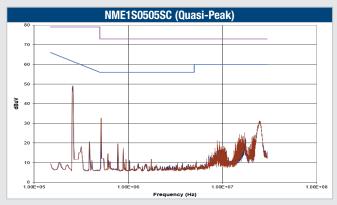
FILTERING

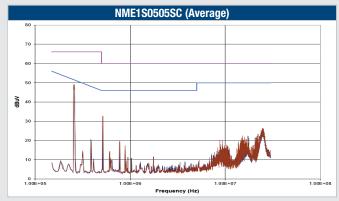
The following table shows the additional input capacitor and input inductor typically required to meet EN 55022 Curve B Quasi-Peak EMC limit, as shown in the following plots. The following plots show positive and negative quasi peak and CISPR22 Average Limit B (pink line) and Quasi Peak Limit B (green line) adherence limits.



C Ceramic capacitor

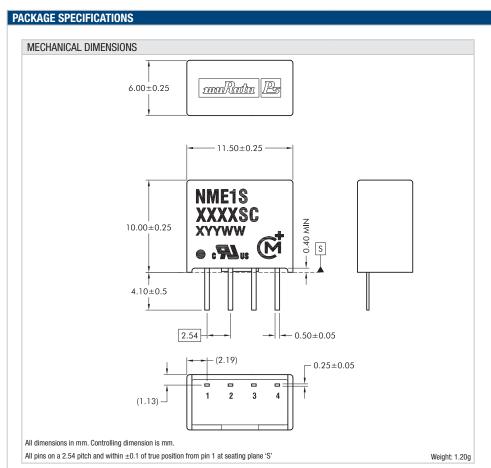
	Indu	ıctor		Capacitor
Part Number	L, µH	SMD	C, µF	SMD
NME01S505SC	4.7	234R7C	4.7	GRM21BC71H475KE11L

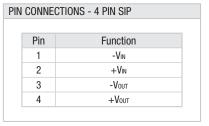


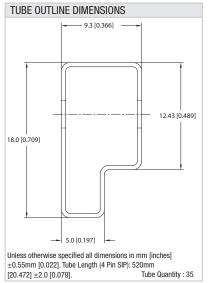


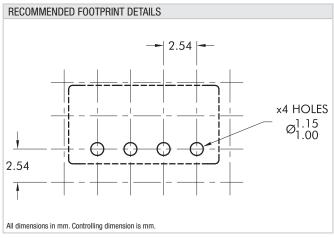














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- Aircraft equipment
- Aerospace equipment
- Undersea equipment
- Power plant control equipment
- Medical equipment
- Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.)
- Traffic signal equipment
- Disaster prevention / crime prevention equipment
- Data Processing equipment

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Refer to: https://www.murata.com/en-eu/products/power/requirements

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